



 **Assessment of sectoral
support within the CAP**

Annexes 2-5



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Recommended citation:

EUROPEAN COMMISSION – Directorate-General for Agriculture and Rural Development – Unit A.3 (2025): Assessment of sectoral support within the CAP – Thematic report. Annex 2-5.

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Annex 2. Sectoral objectives

Acronym and SPR Article	Objectives of sectoral support for the support of POs as set in SPR Article 46
PROD; 46(a)	Planning and organising production, adapting production to demand, in particular in terms of quality and quantity, optimising production costs and profitability of investment, and stabilising producer prices.
CONC; 46(b)	Concentration of supply and placing on the market of products, including through direct marketing.
COMP; 46(c)	Enhancing competitiveness in the medium and long term, in particular through modernisation.
REDE; 46(d)	Research and develop sustainable production methods, notably to enhance pest resistance, animal disease resistance and climate change resistance and mitigation, and to step up innovative production practices and techniques that increase economic competitiveness and strengthen market developments.
PROMO; 46(e)	Promoting, developing and implementing.
CLIMA; 46(f)	Contributing to climate change mitigation and adaptation.
BOOST; 46(g)	To increase the commercial value and quality of products, including through the improvement of their quality and the development of products with a protected designation of origin, protected geographical indication or covered by national or Union quality schemes recognised by Member States.
MARKET; 46(h)	Promotion and marketing of the products.
CONS; 46(i)	Increasing consumption of the products of the fruit and vegetables sector, whether in a fresh or processed form; that objective relates to the specific objective set out in Article 6(1), point (i).
RISK; 46(j)	Crisis prevention and risk management, aimed at avoiding and dealing with disturbances in the markets of the relevant sector.
EMPL; 46(k)	Improving working conditions and ensuring compliance with employers' obligations, as well as occupational health and safety requirements, in accordance with Directives 89/391/EEC, 2009/104/EC and (EU) 2019/1152.

Source: SPR Article 46.



Acronym and SPR Article	Objectives of sectoral support for the support of the wine sector as set in SPR Article 57
COMPWINE; 57(a)	Improving the economic sustainability and competitiveness of Union wine producers.
SUSTWINE; 57(b)	Contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation, as well as to improving the sustainability of production systems and reducing the environmental impact of the Union wine sector, including by assisting wine growers in reducing the use of inputs and implementing more environmentally sustainable farming methods and practices.
IMPCONDWINE; 57(c)	Improving the conditions of employment, enforcing employ obligations and occupational health and safety in accordance with Directives 89/391/EEC, 2009/104/EC and (EU) 2019/1152.
PERFWINE; 57(d)	Improving the performance of Union wine holdings and their adaptation to market demands and increasing their long-term competitiveness with regard to the production and marketing of wine products, in particular, as regards energy savings, global energy efficiency and sustainable processes.
BALWINE; 57(e)	Contribute to restoring the balance of supply and demand in the Union wine market in order to avoid market crises.
SAFEWINE; 57(f)	Contributing to safeguarding Union wine producers' incomes where they incur losses as a consequence of natural disasters, adverse climatic events, animals, diseases or pest infestations.
MARKETWINE; 57(g)	Increasing the marketability and competitiveness of Union grapevine products, in particular through the development of innovative products, processes and technologies, and the addition of value at any stage of the supply chain.
ENVWINE; 57(h)	Sustaining the use of wine making by-products for industrial and energy purposes in order to ensure the quality of Union wine while protecting the environment.
QUALWINE; 57(i)	Contribute to increased consumer awareness of responsible wine consumption and Union quality schemes for wine.
THIRDWINE; 57(j)	Improving the competitiveness of Union wine products in third countries, including the opening and diversification of wine markets.
RESWINE; 57(k)	Contribute to increasing the resilience of producers against the risk of market fluctuations.

Source: SPR Article 57.



Annex 3. Types of interventions

3.1. Types of interventions for sectors supported through OPs

Acronym and SPR Article	Description of the type of intervention
INVRE; 47(1)(a)	<p>Investments in tangible and intangible assets, research and experimental and innovative production methods and other actions in areas such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ soil conservation, including the enhancement of soil carbon and soil structure and the reduction of contaminants; ➤ improvement of the use of and sound management of water, including water saving, water conservation and drainage; ➤ preventing damage caused by adverse climatic events and promoting the development and use of varieties, breeds and management practices adapted to changing climate conditions; ➤ increasing energy saving, energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy; ➤ ecological packaging, only in the field of research and experimental production; ➤ biosecurity, animal health and welfare; ➤ reducing emissions and waste, improving the use of by-products, including their reuse and valorisation, and the management of waste; ➤ improving resilience against pests and reducing risks and impacts of pesticide use, including implementing Integrated Pest Management techniques; ➤ improving resilience against animal disease and reducing the use of veterinary medicines, including antibiotics; ➤ creating and maintaining habitats favourable to biodiversity; ➤ improving product quality; ➤ improving genetic resources; ➤ improving the conditions of employment and enforcing employer obligations as well as occupational health and safety requirements in accordance with Directives 89/391/EEC, 2009/104/EC and (EU) 2019/1152.
ADVIL; 47(1)(b)	<p>Advisory services and technical assistance, in particular concerning sustainable pest and disease control techniques, sustainable use of plant protection and animal health products, climate change adaptation and mitigation, the conditions of employment, employer obligations and occupational health and safety.</p>
TRAINCO; 47(1)(c)	<p>Training including coaching and exchange of best practices, in particular concerning sustainable pest and disease control techniques, sustainable use of plant protection and animal health products, and climate change adaptation and mitigation, as well as the use of organised trading platforms and commodity exchanges on the spot and futures market.</p>
ORGAN; 47(1)(d)	<p>Organic or integrated production.</p>
TRANS; 47(1)(e)	<p>Actions to increase the sustainability and efficiency of transport and of storage of products.</p>
PROMO; 47(1)(f)	<p>Promotion, communication and marketing including actions and activities aimed in particular at raising consumer awareness about the Union quality schemes and the importance of healthy diets, and at diversification and consolidation of markets.</p>



Acronym and SPR Article	Description of the type of intervention
QUAL; 47(1)(g)	Implementation of Union and national quality schemes.
TRACE; 47(1)(h)	Implementation of traceability and certification systems, in particular the monitoring of the quality of products sold to final consumers.
CLIMA; 47(1)(i)	Actions to mitigate and to adapt to climate change.
SETUP; 47(2)(a)	Setting up, filling and refilling of mutual funds by producer organisations and by associations of producer organisations recognised under Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013, or under Article 67(7) of the SPR.
INVVO; 47(2)(b)	Investments in tangible and intangible assets making the management of the volumes placed on the market more efficient including for collective storage.
STORE; 47(2)(c)	Collective storage of products produced by the producer organisation or by its members, including where necessary collective processing to facilitate such storage.
ORCHA; 47(2)(d)	Replanting of orchards or olive groves where that is necessary following mandatory grubbing up for health or phytosanitary reasons on the instruction of the Member State competent authority or to adapt to climate change.
RESTOCK; 47(2)(e)	Restocking with livestock after compulsory slaughter for health reasons or because of losses resulting from natural disasters.
WITHD; 47(2)(f)	Market withdrawal for free-distribution or other destinations, including where necessary processing to facilitate such withdrawal.
GREEN; 47(2)(g)	Green harvesting consisting of the total harvesting on a given area of unripe non-marketable products which have not been damaged prior to the green harvesting, whether due to climatic reasons, disease or otherwise.
NOHAR; 47(2)(h)	Non-harvesting consisting of the termination of the current production cycle on the area concerned where the product is well developed and is of sound, fair and marketable quality, excluding destruction of products due to a climatic event or disease.
HARIN; 47(2)(i)	Harvest and production insurance that contributes to safeguarding producers' incomes where there are losses as a consequence of natural disasters, adverse climatic events, diseases or pest infestations while ensuring that beneficiaries take necessary risk prevention measures.
COACH; 47(2)(j)	Coaching to other producer organisations and associations of producer organisations recognised under Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 or under Article 67(7) of this Regulation, or to individual producers.
COMM; 47(2)(l)	Communication actions aiming at raising awareness and informing consumers.
3COUN; 47(2)(k)	Implementation and management of third-country sanitary and phytosanitary requirements in the territory of the Union to facilitate access to third-country markets.

Source: SPR Article 47



The following [table](#) provides an overview of measures and related types of actions which could be undertaken by Producer Organisations and Associations of Producer Organisations and their members under an Operational Programme in the fruit and vegetable sector for the 2014-2020 CAP programming period, as listed in Annex II of the message to delegates of the committee for the Common Organisation of the Agricultural Markets.

Measure	Type of action
Actions aimed at planning of production	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments in physical assets; > other forms of acquisition of fixed assets, including renting, hiring and leasing; > other actions.
Actions aimed at improving or maintaining product quality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments in physical assets; > other forms of acquisition of fixed assets, including renting, hiring and leasing; > other actions.
Actions aimed at improving marketing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments in physical assets; > other forms of acquisition of fixed assets, including renting, hiring and leasing; > promotion and communication activities (other than in relation to crisis prevention and management); > other actions.
Research and experimental production	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments in physical assets; > other forms of acquisition of fixed assets, including renting, hiring and leasing; > other actions.
Training actions and actions for the exchange of information on best practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > based on the main issue covered: > organic production; > integrated production or integrated pest management; > other environmental issues; > traceability; > product quality, including pesticide residues; > other issues.
Crisis prevention and management measures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments making the management of the volumes placed on the market more efficient; > training measures and exchange of best practices; > promotion and communication, whether for prevention or during a crisis period; > support for the administrative costs of setting up mutual funds; > replanting of orchards where that is necessary following mandatory grubbing up for health or phytosanitary reasons on the instruction of Member State competent authority; > market withdrawal; > green harvesting or non-harvesting of fruit and vegetables; > harvest insurance.



Measure	Type of action
Environmental actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments in physical assets; > other forms of acquisition of fixed assets, including renting, hiring and leasing; > organic production; > integrated production; > improved use or management of water, including water saving and draining; > actions to conserve soil (e.g. labour techniques to prevent or reduce soil erosion, green cover, conservation agriculture, mulching); > actions to create or maintain habitats favourable for biodiversity (e.g. wetlands) or to maintain the landscape, including the conservation of historical features (e.g. stone walls, terraces, small wood); > actions favouring energy saving or improving efficiency in energy use; shift to energy from renewable sources; > actions related to the reduction of waste production and improvement of waste management; > other actions.
Other actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > investments in physical assets; > other forms of acquisition of fixed assets, including renting, hiring and leasing; > other actions.

Source: Message to delegates of the committee for the Common Organisation of the Agricultural Markets ¹.

¹ European Commission, Directorate-General for Agriculture and Rural Development, Message to Delegates of the Committee for the Common Organisation of the Agricultural Markets - Horticultural products - 2020 evaluation on progress made towards the overall objectives of national strategies for 2013-2018 sustainable operational programmes in the fruit and vegetables market, 2019.



3.2. Types of interventions for wine sector

Acronym and SPR Article	Description of the type intervention
RESTRVINEY; 58(1)(a)	Restructuring and conversion of vineyards.
INVWINE; 58(1)(b)	Investments in tangible and intangible assets in wine-growing farming systems, excluding operations relevant to the type of intervention provided for in point (a), processing facilities and winery infrastructure, as well as marketing structures and tools.
GREENWINE; 58(1)(c)	Green harvesting, which means the total destruction or removal of grape bunches while still in their immature stage, thereby reducing the yield of the relevant area to zero and excluding non-harvesting comprising of leaving commercial grapes on the plants at the end of the normal production cycle.
HARINWINE; 58(1)(d)	Harvest insurance against income losses resulting from adverse climatic events assimilated to natural disasters, adverse climatic events, animal depredation, plant diseases or pest infestations.
INOVWINE; 58(1)(e)	Tangible and intangible investments in innovation consisting of development of innovative products, including products from, and by-products of, wine making, innovative processes and technologies for the production of wine products and the digitalisation of those processes and technologies, as well as other investments adding value at any stage of the supply chain, including for knowledge exchange and contribution to adaptation to the climate change.
ADVWINE; 58(1)(f)	Advisory services, in particular concerning the conditions of employment, employer obligations and occupational health and safety.
DISTIL; 58(1)(g)	Distillation of by-products of wine making carried out in accordance with the restrictions laid down in Part II, Section D, of Annex VIII to Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013.
INFOR; 58(1)(h)	Information actions concerning Union wines carried out in Member States encouraging responsible consumption of wine or promoting Union quality schemes covering designations of origin and geographical indications.
ACTREPUT; 58(1)(i)	Actions undertaken by interbranch organisations recognised by Member States in the wine sector in accordance to Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 aiming at enhancing the reputation of Union vineyards by promoting wine tourism in production regions.
ACTMKTKNOW; 58(1)(j)	Actions undertaken by interbranch organisations recognised by Member States in the wine sector in accordance with Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 aiming at improving market knowledge.
PROMOWINE; 58(1)(k)	Promotion carried out in third countries.
DEASS; 58(1)(l)	Temporary and degressive assistance to cover administrative costs of setting up mutual funds.
INVWINESUST; 58(1)m	Investments in tangible and intangible assets aiming to enhance the sustainability of wine production.

Source: SPR Article 58.



3.3. Types of interventions in the apiculture sector

Acronym & SPR Article	Description of the type of intervention
ADVIBEES; 55(1)(a)	Advisory services, technical assistance, training, information and exchange of best practices, including through networking, for beekeepers and beekeepers' organisations.
INVAPI; 55(1)(b)	Investments in tangible and intangible assets, as well as other actions.
ACTLAB; 55(1)(c)	Actions to support laboratories for the analysis of apiculture products, bee losses or productivity drops and substances potentially toxic to bees.
PRESBEEHIV; 55(1)(d)	Actions to preserve or increase the existing number of beehives in the Union, including bee breeding.
COOPAPI; 55(1)(e)	Cooperation with specialised bodies for the implementation of research programs in the field of beekeeping and apiculture products.
PROMOBEEES; 55(1)(f)	Promotion, communication and marketing including market monitoring actions and activities aimed in particular at raising consumer awareness about the quality of the apiculture products.
ACTQUAL; 55(1)(g)	Actions to enhance product quality.

Source: SPR Article 55.



Annex 4. Overview of existing literature

Find below an overview of (evaluation) reports and related documents that could be consulted for the development of evaluations on sectoral support. The overview contains examples of what has been done in the field of evaluating aspects of sectoral support (e.g. evaluations of the fruit and vegetables sector, the wine sector, Operational Programmes) in previous CAP periods, as well as various guidelines/instructions provided by the Commission on how to evaluate certain sectoral aspects in the previous CAP programming period. The overview contains the title of the report, to which sector/topic it pertains, and a short description of its relevance to sectoral support within CAP evaluations.

Title of document	Relevant sector	Relevance
An evaluation of the CAP impact: a discrete policy mix analysis	All sectors	<p>A JRC report from 2021 that explored a rich data set on disaggregated CAP payments and regional characteristics to evaluate the CAP as a mix of policies at the EU level. This report focuses on the impact of the CAP on economic aspects, namely economic growth, employment, and productivity of the agricultural sector.</p> <p>A section of this study concludes that the highest impact on GVA from any of the CAP interventions came from sectoral support.</p>
Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council on the implementation of apiculture programmes	Apiculture	<p>A Commission report from 2023 to satisfy the requirement for the Commission to present a report to the European Parliament and the Council every three years on the implementation of the measures concerning apiculture as set out in Article 55, 56 and 57 of Regulation (EU) 1308/2021.</p> <p>The report covers the implementation of the national apiculture programmes for 2020-2022 and does not cover all aspects of beekeeping, but focuses on Member States' national programmes on apiculture, which have an objective to improve the general conditions for producing and marketing apiculture products. The report contains information on the production, prices and trade of apiculture products in the EU, the implementation of the national apiculture programmes, as well as on the inclusion of the apiculture sector in the CSPs after 2022.</p>
Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council on the implementation of apiculture programmes	Apiculture	<p>A Commission report from 2019 to satisfy the need for the Commission to present a report to the European Parliament and the Council every three years on the implementation of the measures concerning apiculture as set out in Article 55, 56 and 57 of Regulation (EU) 1308/2021.</p> <p>The report covers the implementation of the national apiculture programmes for 2017-2019 and does not cover all aspects of beekeeping but focuses on Member States' national programmes on apiculture, which have an objective to improve the general conditions for producing and marketing apiculture products. The report contains information on the production, prices, and trade of apiculture products in the EU, the implementation of the national apiculture programmes, as well as on apiculture in the CAP beyond 2020.</p>
Evaluation of measures for the apiculture sector	Apiculture	<p>A Commission report from 2013 describing the evaluation of measures improving the general conditions for the production and marketing of apiculture products.</p> <p>The report contains the methodological approach used, as well as the analytical framework and evaluation tools used. The remainder of the report presents the answers for the six evaluation themes (i.e. effects on production, marketing and trade, effects on the structures of production, effects on downstream sectors, effects on rural areas and the environment, efficiency, management and administration, and overall coherence with CAP objectives and other measures), as well as specific recommendations and conclusions per theme.</p>



Title of document	Relevant sector	Relevance
<p>Synthesis of evaluation reports from Member States regarding their national strategies for sustainable 2013-2018 operational programmes in the fruit and vegetables sector</p>	<p>Fruit and vegetables</p>	<p>An Ecorys study from 2022 provides a synthesis of Member States evaluation reports regarding their national strategies for sustainable 2013-2018 operational programmes in the fruit and vegetables sector.</p> <p>This report concerns the synthesis of evaluation reports of national strategies for sustainable OPs in the fruit and vegetable sector for the 2013-2018 period. The analysis focuses on identifying the contribution and efficiency of OPs in achieving national strategy objectives and their coherence with the CAP and other policies implemented at the national and regional levels. The study includes 19 Member States (AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, HU, IE, IT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE).</p> <p>The report contains foremost an analysis of the contribution and efficiency of the OPs in achieving the operational and PO objectives. In particular, the OPs were considered effective and efficient in improving the attractiveness of PO membership, promoting concentration of supply, promoting placing on the market, boosting the commercial value of PO products and ensuring that production of POs is adjusted to demand.</p>
<p>Message to Delegates of the Committee for the Common Organisation of the Agricultural Markets – Horticultural products – 2020 evaluation on progress made towards the overall objectives of national strategies for 2013-2018 sustainable operational programmes in the fruit and vegetables market.</p>	<p>Fruit and vegetables</p>	<p>A Commission guidance from 2020 provided to Member States to support them in the preparation and carrying out of the 2020 evaluation exercise regarding their national strategies for sustainable 2013-2018 OPs in the fruit and vegetables market, which is provided for by Article 58(3) of Commission Delegated Regulation (UE) 2017/8911.</p> <p>This guidance document presents essential elements of the design, organisation and implementation of the 2020 evaluation exercise (e.g. intervention logic, evaluation questions, evaluation issues, performance indicators, contribution analysis, judgement criteria, terms of reference of the evaluation exercise, tasks to be performed for carrying out the evaluation exercise and structure of the final evaluation report). The guidelines were intended to facilitate the carrying out of the 2020 evaluation exercise and to contribute to a common understanding of that exercise.</p>
<p>Fruit and vegetable sector reports</p>	<p>Fruit and vegetables</p>	<p>A webpage (last updated in 2023) containing the 2021 annual reports on fruit and vegetable OPs, as well as the 2020 annual reports on fruit and vegetable OPs.</p> <p>The Commission monitors OPs in the fruit and vegetables sector by analysing EU expenditure within OPs and evaluating POs' activities based on a common set of indicators and evaluation, which can be found on the webpage.</p>
<p>Evaluation of a national strategy for sustainable operational programmes in the fruit and vegetables sector</p>	<p>Fruit and vegetables</p>	<p>An evaluation report from the Flemish government (BE) from 2012, providing the evaluation of their national strategy for sustainable OPs in the fruit and vegetable sector.</p>



Title of document	Relevant sector	Relevance
CAP measures applied to the hops sector	Hops	<p>A Commission report from 2009 on the evaluation of the CAP measures related to hops. This study paid particular attention to the effects of the CAP reform (decoupled aid as established by Council Regulation 1782/3003) on the hop sector. The objective of the study is twofold: first, to provide a general descriptive overview of the current state of play in the EU hop sector and the main trends that can be observed worldwide and second, to answer the evaluation questions proposed and grouped in six main themes.</p> <p>The report contains a description of the methodological approach used as well as the conclusions and answers to the evaluation questions (i.e. effects on production, marketing and trade, effects on the structures of production, effects on downstream sectors, effects on rural areas and the environment, efficiency, management and administration, and overall coherence with CAP objectives and other measures).</p>
CAP measures applied to the olive oil sector	Olive and olive oil	<p>DG AGRI used to have the obligation to evaluate every six years the measures entailing budgetary expenditure. Measures relating to the olive sector were evaluated in 2009. In terms of geographical coverage, the evaluation examines the case of the main olive producers: Spain, Greece, Italy, Portugal, France, Cyprus and Slovenia, knowing that these countries are also the main producing countries of olive oil and table olives.</p>
Evaluation of the CAP measures applied to the wine sector	Wine	<p>A Commission report from 2018 on the study that carried out an assessment of the effects of the various instruments of the Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 applicable to the wine sector, i.e. national support programmes, scheme of authorisations for vine plantings, marketing and labelling rules, rules on PDO/PGI wines, certification, monitoring and control systems, oenological practises and restrictions, vineyard registers and marketing rules to regulate supply.</p> <p>The report contains an explanation of the multiple facets that are part of the wine sector, the relevant policy framework, implementation choices from Member States, a theoretical analysis and intervention logic of the measures, expected effects of the CAP measures, the methods and tools used for the evaluation (i.e. data collection tools, counterfactual analysis, analytical tools) and the results and recommendations from the analysis, also pertaining to the effects on national support programmes.</p>
Staff Working Document - Evaluation of the CAP measures applicable to the wine sector	Wine	<p>The Commission Staff Working document pertaining to the study 'Evaluation of the CAP measures applied to the wine sector'.</p>
Guidelines for the implementation of certain provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/1149 and Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1150 of 15 April 2016 on the National Support Programmes in the Wine Sector	Wine	<p>A Commission guidance from 2016 providing support to Member States in regard to the legal framework governing the national support programmes in the wine sector (wine NSP) has been thoroughly examined in order to provide guidance as to how to correctly apply the relevant provisions of the BA (Section 4 of Chapter II of Title I of Part II of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013), Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/1149 (DR) and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1150 (IR).</p>



Title of document	Relevant sector	Relevance
The impact of producer organisations on farm performance: A case study of large farms in Slovakia	POs	<p>A JRC report from 2018 contributes to the literature by estimating farm-level impacts of PO membership, as well as the efficiency of support granted to POs under the EU Rural Development Programme (RDP). The study employed the propensity score matching and difference in differences (PSM-DID) approach, using 939 observations of large commercial farms in Slovakia between 2006 and 2015.</p> <p>This study is particularly relevant as it analyses the performance of POs in a new Member States (i.e. Slovakia). The report provides a brief review of the literature on the impact of POs on farm performance, discusses the role of the government and the conceptual challenges of setting up efficient state support for POs, describes PO support in Slovakia, presents the estimation approach and data used in the report, respectively, describes the estimated results, and draws the main conclusions and policy implications.</p>
Handbook: Establishing an Operational Programme, supporting Producer Organisations	POs	<p>The CAP recognises the need to strengthen farmers' bargaining power through collective action, which can improve market efficiency. This can be accomplished by encouraging greater farmer cooperation and facilitating economies of scale to increase productivity and competitiveness. POs and APOs are recognised entities that promote farmer cooperation. Previously, OPs were only available in the fruit and vegetables, hop and olive (table and oil) sectors, but they can now be available to other agricultural sectors under the 2023-2027 CAP. The EU co-finances OPs, which are used to support actions and investments (known as interventions) that improve farmers' position in the supply chain by increasing competitiveness and sustainability.</p>
European level report: evaluation of the contribution of Operational Programmes to the implementation of EU water policy	OPs	<p>A Commission report from 2017 focusing on the assessment of OPs in terms of their contribution to water management aiming to support implementation of the Water Framework Directive (WFD) and Floods Directive (FD) in the period 2014-2020. The assessment also aims to check the planning of interventions that may prevent reaching the objectives of the WFD if not implemented in line with its provisions. It takes a quantitative approach in terms of spending allocations and a qualitative approach in terms of reviewing the objectives and reasoning behind investment planning.</p>
Establishing an operational programme: supporting the producer organisations to contribute to strengthening farmer's position in the agri-food supply chain and improving the economic, social and environmental sustainability of farm	OPs	<p>This pilot project analyses the potential advantages of farmers being members of POs. It examines how POs may strengthen producers' position in the agri-food supply chain and thereby improve the overall socioeconomic and environmental sustainability of farms. Moreover, the project examines how POs can boost the overall sustainability of their members by establishing sectoral interventions through OPs. The report examines good practices for POs in conceiving and building OPs in the fruit and vegetables sector. It includes 16 case studies on POs operating in the livestock and protein crops sectors to show how establishing sectoral interventions through OPs may help POs increase members' sustainability. The results of the analysis of the opportunities offered by OP are summarised in a handbook that is translated into all official EU languages to ensure broad dissemination.</p>



Annex 5. Overview of relevant regulations

Title of Regulation	Relevant sector	Publication year	Relevance
COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2023/2157 of 17 October 2023 amending and correcting Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1475 as regards the description of the budget code structure and the type and format of information to be provided for monitoring and evaluation of the CAP Strategic Plans	Fruit and vegetables, hops, olive oil and table olives, other sectors	October 2023	This regulation amends and corrects Regulation 2022/1475 as regards the description of the budget code structure and the type and format of information to be provided for monitoring and evaluation of the CAP Strategic Plans.
COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2022/2092 of 25 August 2022 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/232 and Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/891 with regard to notifications by Member States of recognised producer organisations, associations of producer organisations and interbranch organisations	Fruit & vegetables, hops, olive oil and table olives, other sectors	October 2022	This regulation amends Regulation 2016/232 and provides more data to be collected in regard to certain sectoral support when it comes to POs, APOs, TPOs, and TAPOs.
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1475 of 6 September 2022 laying down detailed rules for implementation of Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the evaluation of the CAP Strategic Plans and the provision of information for monitoring and evaluation	All sectors	September 2022	The regulation lays down detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation 2021/2115 regarding the evaluation of CSP and the provisions of information for monitoring and evaluation.
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/126 of 7 December 2021 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 of the European Parliament and of the Council with additional requirements for certain types of intervention specified by Member States in their CAP Strategic Plans for the period 2023 to 2027 under that Regulation as well as rules on the ratio for the good agricultural and environmental condition (GAEC) standard 1	Other sectors	December 2021	The regulation adds to the SPR in regard to requirements for certain types of interventions in relation to GAEC 1.
Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 December 2021 establishing rules on support for strategic plans to be drawn up by Member States under the common agricultural policy (CAP Strategic Plans) and financed by the European Agricultural Guarantee Fund (EAGF) and by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) and repealing Regulations (EU) N° 1305/2013 and (EU) N° 1307/2013	All sectors	December 2021	The regulation lays down rules on: (a) general and specific objectives to be pursued through EU support financed by the EAGF and by the EAFRD under the CAP, as well as the related indicators; (b) types of interventions and common requirements for Member States to pursue those objectives as well as the related financial arrangements; (c) CAP Strategic Plans, which are to be drawn up by Member States and which set targets, specify conditions for interventions and allocate financial resources, according to the specific objectives and identified needs; (d) coordination and governance as well as monitoring, reporting and evaluation.



Title of Regulation	Relevant sector	Publication year	Relevance
<p>Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) N° 922/72, (EEC) N° 234/79, (EC) N° 1037/2001 and (EC) N° 1234/2007</p>	All sectors	December 2013	This regulation establishes a common organisation of the markets for agricultural products, which means all the products listed in Annex I to the Treaties with the exception of the fishery and aquaculture products as defined in EU legislative acts on the common organisation of the markets in fishery and aquaculture products.
<p>Regulation (EU) N° 1306/2013 on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agricultural policy and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) N° 352/78, (EC) N° 165/94, (EC) N° 2799/98, (EC) N° 814/2000, (EC) N° 1290/2005 and (EC) N° 485/2008</p>	All sectors	December 2013	This regulation lays down the rules on: (a) the financing of expenditure under the CAP, including expenditure on rural development; (b) the farm advisory system; (c) the management and control systems to be put in place by the Member States; (d) the cross-compliance system; (e) clearance of accounts.
<p>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/891 of 13 March 2017 supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors and supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to penalties to be applied in those sectors and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) N° 543/2011</p>	Fruit & vegetables	March 2017	This regulation supplements Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 as regards the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors as referred to in Article 1(2)(i) and (j) of that Regulation, with the exception of marketing standards, and supplements Regulation (EU) N° 1306/2013 as regards penalties to be applied in those sectors. However, Title II of this Regulation shall only apply to products of the fruit and vegetables sector as referred to in Article 1(2)(i) of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 and to such products intended for processing.
<p>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/892 of 13 March 2017 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors</p>	Fruit & vegetables	March 2017	This regulation lays down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 as regards the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors, with the exception of marketing standards. Chapters I to V shall only apply to products of the fruit and vegetables sector as referred to in Article 1(2)(i) of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 and to such products intended solely for processing.
<p>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/256 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1150 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the national support programmes in the wine sector</p>	Wine	February 2017	Amendment to Regulation (EU) 2016/1150 in regard to the support for the wine sector's national support programmes.



Title of Regulation	Relevant sector	Publication year	Relevance
<p><u>Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/1149 supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the national support programmes in the wine sector and amending Commission Regulation (EC) N° 555/2008</u></p>	Wine	April 2016	<p>This regulation supplements Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 as regards the national support programmes in the wine sector and amends Commission Regulation (EC) N° 555/2008. This Regulation lays down provisions supplementing Section 4 of Chapter II of Title I of Part II of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 on the support programmes in the wine sector. This Regulation shall not affect the application of: (a) specific provisions governing relations between Member States in combating fraud in the wine sector in so far as they are such as to facilitate the application of this regulation; and (b) rules relating to: (i) criminal proceedings or mutual assistance among Member States at judicial level in criminal matters; (ii) the administrative penalties procedure. For the purposes of this regulation, 'operation' means the action or the group of actions that are included in a project or contract submitted by an applicant and selected by the national authorities under a given support programme, corresponding to any of the activities under the measures referred to in Article 43 of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013.</p>
<p><u>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1150 of 15 April 2016 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the national support programmes in the wine sector</u></p>	Wine	April 2016	<p>This regulation lays down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the national support programmes in the wine sector.</p>
<p><u>COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2016/232 of 15 December 2015 supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to certain aspects of producer cooperation</u></p>	POs	December 2015	<p>This regulation supplements Regulation (EU) 1308/2013 on certain aspects in relation to POs. Specifically, it provides definitions for TPOs and TAPOs in Article 2.</p>
<p><u>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/1368 of 6 August 2015 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to aid in the apiculture sector</u></p>	Apiculture	August 2015	<p>This regulation provides detailed rules for the application of the national apiculture programmes/laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to aid in the apiculture sector. This regulation lays down the implementing rules governing EU aid for the national programmes for the apiculture sector as referred to in Article 55 of Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 ('apiculture programmes').</p>



Title of Regulation	Relevant sector	Publication year	Relevance
<u>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/1366 of 11 May 2015 supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to aid in the apiculture sector</u>	Apiculture	May 2015	This regulation supplements Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to aid in the apiculture sector. Mainly concerned with defining the term 'beehive' and the number of beehives.
<u>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) N° 615/2014 laying down detailed rules for the application of Regulation (EU) N° 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council in respect of work programmes to support the olive oil and table olives sectors</u>	Olive oil	June 2014	This regulation lays down implementing rules for Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 as regards the implementation of work programmes in the olive oil and table olives sector, amendments to these, the disbursement of aid, including advance payments, the procedures to be followed and the amount of the security to be lodged when submitting a request for approval of a work programme and when an advance on aid is paid.
<u>Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) N° 611/2014 supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the support programmes for the olive-oil and table-olives sector</u>	Olive oil	March 2014	This regulation lays down rules supplementing Regulation (EU) N° 1308/2013 as regards the measures eligible for Union funding, the minimum allocation by the Member States of Union funding to specific areas and the criteria and procedures for approving work programmes in the olive oil and table olives sector.



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