

Lithuania

September 2024

1. General information



Total number of farms:	150 320 ⁽¹⁾
Total utilised agricultural area (UAA) (ha):	2 974 990 ⁽²⁾
Total forest area (ha):	2 266 600 ⁽³⁾
Total agricultural area and forest area in Natura 2000 sites (ha):	813 600 ⁽²⁾
Total number of livestock units:	718 295 ⁽⁴⁾
Total rural population – for LEADER:	909 258 ⁽⁵⁾
Total rural population – for services and infrastructure:	909 258 ⁽⁵⁾
Total number of beehives notified to the EU Commission ⁽⁶⁾ :	202 926 ⁽⁴⁾

Data source: Lithuania - 2023-2027 CAP Strategic Plan (CSP).
Note: (1) 2016 data; (2) 2019 data; (3) 2018 data; (4) 2020 data; (5) 2021 data; (6) Average of the latest three years available at the time of establishing the CSP.

3. National CAP Network

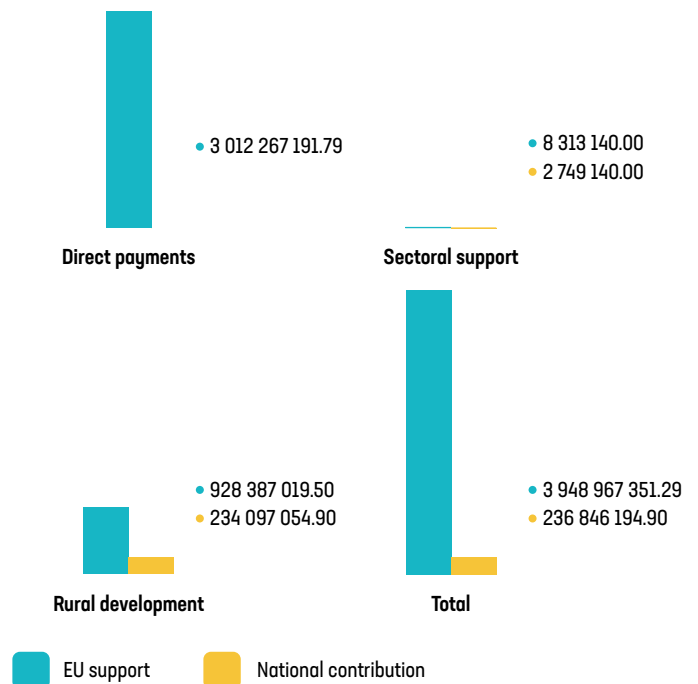
- › The Lithuanian CAP Network is part of the Managing Authority (MA), and the secretariat of the Network is provided by the responsible department of the MA.
- › Membership of the network is open, based on cooperation, voluntary, representative representation and social responsibility. The criteria and procedures for the membership of the network are defined by the MA.
- › The Network Advisory Board makes strategic suggestions for the networking of the CAP in Lithuania. The Network Advisory Board is composed of entities related to agriculture and rural development and it does not include representatives of the MA and the paying agency.

Official website: www.kaimotinklas.lt/

Data source: Section 4.4 of the first approved version of the CSP.

2. CSP financial information (in EURO)

The following chart shows the indicative planned EU support (comprising the EAFRD and EAGF allocations) and the national contribution.



Data source: Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2 and 6.2.3 of the first approved version of the CSP.

- › EUR 4.94 million from the technical assistance budget of the CSP are allocated to the Network for the period 2023-2027.

4. Rural areas definition

- › 'Rural area' for the implementation of the CSP in Lithuania includes towns, cities or other residential areas with a population not exceeding 6 000 inhabitants - unless otherwise specified in the description of an intervention and/or implementing rules.

Data source: Section 4.7.2 of the first approved version of the CSP.



5. CSP strategy per CAP specific objective

The following table shows the interventions activated in the CSP under each of the specific objectives.

		S01	S02	S03	S04	S05	S06	S07	S08	S09	Cross-cutting	
		Specific objectives										
		Interventions	Viable farm income and resilience	Market orientation and competitiveness	Farmers' position in the value chain	Climate change and sustainable energy	Natural resources water, soil, air	Biodiversity, ecosystems habitats, landscapes	Young farmers and business development	Employment, social inclusion, local development, bio-economy and forestry	Food and health, and animal welfare	Knowledge, innovation and digitalisation in agriculture
Direct payments	Art. 21 - BISS	●										
	Art. 29 - CRISS	●										
	Art. 30 - CIS-YF	●						●				
	Art. 31 - Eco-scheme	●			●	●	●			●		
	Art. 32 - CIS	●	●			●						
Sectoral	Art. 47 - Fruit and vegetables	●	●	●	●					●	●	
	Art. 47 - Hops											
	Art. 47 - Olive oil & table olives											
	Art. 47 - Other											
	Art. 55 - Apiculture		●	●				●		●	●	
	Art. 58 - Wine		●									
Rural development	Art. 70 - ENVCLIM				●	●	●			●		
	Art. 71 - ANC	●										
	Art. 72 - ASD	●			●	●	●					
	Art. 73-74 - INVEST	●	●		●	●	●		●	●		
	Art. 75 - INSTAL							●				
	Art. 76 - RISK	●										
	Art. 77 - COOP		●	●					●	●	●	
	Art. 78 - KNOW										●	

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.



6. CAP Specific objectives and indicators

This section illustrates the planned targets for each specific objective. The indicators presented below are a selection of the most commonly selected result indicators under each specific objective by the Member States. Some Member States have selected additional result indicators to the ones presented below. More information can be found on the specific CSPs.

SO	Result indicator	Target value
SO1 – Viable farm income and resilience	R.4 – Linking income support to standards and good practices: % of Utilised Agricultural Area (UAA) covered by income support and subject to conditionality	95.69%
	R.5 – Risk management: % of farms with supported CAP risk management tools	0.59%
	R.6 – Redistribution to smaller farms: % of additional direct payments per hectare for eligible farms below average farm size (compared to average)	116.09%
	R.7 – Enhancing support for farms in areas with specific needs: % of additional support per hectare in areas with higher needs (compared to average)	104.12%
SO2 – Market orientation & competitiveness	R.3 – Digitalising agriculture: % of farms supported for digital agricultural technology under the CAP	0.33%
	R.9 – Farm modernisation: % of farms receiving support for investments in restructuring and modernisation, including improving resource efficiency	1.27%
SO3 – Farmer value chain	R.10 – Better supply chain organisation: % of farms participating in producer groups, producer organisations, local markets, short supply chain circuits and quality schemes supported by the CAP	0.15%
	R.11 – Fruit and Vegetables – Concentration of supply: % of value of marketed production by producer organisations or producers' groups with operational programmes in certain sectors	25.04%
SO4 – Climate change and sustainable energy	R.12 – Adaptation to climate change: % of UAA under supported commitments to improve climate adaptation	13.59%
	R.14 – Carbon storage in soils and biomass: % of UAA under supported commitments to reduce emissions or to maintain or enhance carbon storage	28.21%
	R.16 – Investments related to climate: % of farms benefitting from CAP investment support contributing to climate change mitigation and adaptation, and to the production of renewable energy or biomaterials	0.14%
	R.27 – Environmental or climate-related performance through investment in rural areas: Number of operations contributing to environmental sustainability and to climate mitigation and adaptation goals in rural areas	1 000
SO5 – Natural resources water, soil, air	R.19 – Improving and protecting soils: % of UAA under supported commitments beneficial for soil management to improve soil quality and biota	37.42%
	R.21 – Protection of water quality: % of UAA under supported commitments for the quality of water bodies	24.85%
	R.22 – Sustainable nutrient management: % of UAA under supported commitments related to improved nutrient management	18.51%
	R.24 – Sustainable and reduced use of pesticides: % of UAA under supported specific commitments which lead to a sustainable use of pesticides in order to reduce risks and impacts of pesticides such as pesticides leakage	20.99%
	R.26 – Investment related to natural resources: % of farms benefitting from CAP productive and non-productive investment support related to care for natural resources	0.02%



SO	Result indicator	Target value
S06 – Biodiversity, ecosystems habitats, landscapes	R.29 – Development of organic agriculture % of UAA supported by the CAP for organic farming with a split between maintenance and conversion	12.84%
	R.31 – Preserving habitats and species: % of UAA under supported commitments supporting biodiversity conservation or restoration including high-nature-value farming practices	18.27%
	R.34 – Preserving landscape features: % of UAA under supported commitments for managing landscape features, including hedgerows and trees	2.90%
S07 – YF & business	R.36 – Generational renewal: Number of young farmers benefitting from setting up with support from the CAP, including a gender breakdown	4 662
	R.37 – Growth and jobs in rural areas: New jobs supported in CAP projects	4 680
S08 – Local development, bio-economy & forestry	R.38 – LEADER coverage: % of rural population covered by local development strategies	100%
	R.39 – Developing the rural economy: Number of rural businesses including bio-economy businesses, developed with CAP support	25
	R.40 – Smart transition of the rural economy Number of supported smart-village strategies	25
S09 – Food, health, animal welfare	R.43 – Limiting antimicrobial use: % of livestock units (LU) concerned by supported actions to limit the use of antimicrobials (prevention/reduction)	16.24%
	R.44 – Improving animal welfare: % of LU covered by supported actions to improve animal welfare	49.33%
Cross-cutting – Knowledge, innovation and digitalisation in agriculture	R.1 – Enhancing performance through knowledge and innovation: Number of persons benefitting from advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participating in European Innovation Partnership (EIP) operational groups	45 223
	R.2 – Linking advice and knowledge systems: Number of advisors receiving support to be integrated within the Agricultural Knowledge and Innovation Systems (AKIS)	17 574
	R.3 – Digitalising agriculture: % of farmers benefitting from support for digital farming technology through CAP	0.33%
	R.28 – Environmental or climate-related performance through knowledge and innovation: Number of persons benefitting from advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participating in EIP operational groups supported by the CAP related to environmental or climate-related performance	13 537

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.



7. Indicative planned expenditure for Lithuania's eco-schemes

The following table shows how the indicative financial allocation (EAGF contribution in EUR) is allocated between eco-schemes.


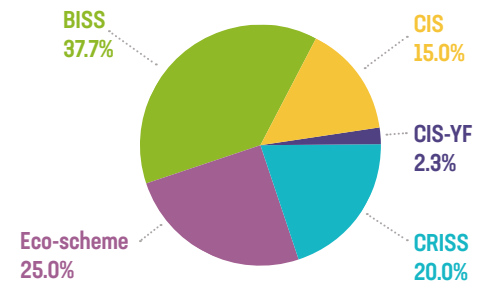
Eco-schemes	Financial allocation per eco-scheme (EUR)	% of eco-scheme compared to MS total eco-scheme
Arable land - Crop rotation	78 012 960	10.4%
Arable land activities - Catch crops	138 959 942	18.5%
Activities on arable land - Use of certified seeds	31 739 233	4.2%
Maintenance of landscape features	66 214 000	8.8%
Strips of short-lived melliferous plants	5 760 000	0.8%
Perennial grass strips	5 440 000	0.7%
Arable land - No-till sustainable farming technologies	158 124 189	21.0%
Organic farming (fruit, berries, vegetables, herbs and spices)	32 548 320	4.3%
Nature friendly management of gardens and orchards	2 349 570	0.3%
Sustainable fruit, berries and vegetables scheme	14 040 431	1.9%
Replacement of arable peatland with grassland	7 439 400	1.0%
Conversion of eroded land to grassland	1 309 000	0.2%
Integrated grassland and wetland maintenance scheme	39 966 972	5.3%
Extensive wetland management	18 385 950	2.4%
Conversion to organic farming	77 685 000	10.3%
Animal welfare	75 091 835	10.0%
	753 066 801	100.0%


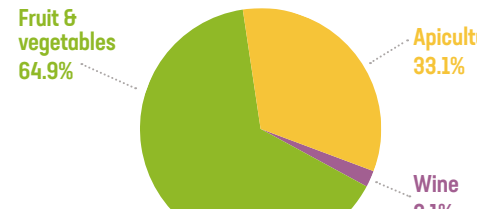
Data source: Section 6.2.1 of the first approved version of the CSP.


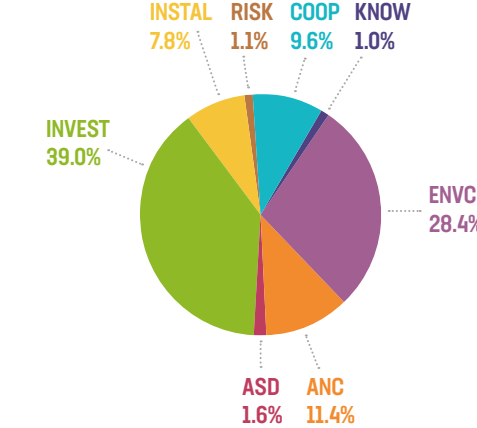


8. Indicative financial allocation per pillar and intervention

The following table shows how the indicative EU and total public financial allocation is allocated between pillar, sector and type of intervention. The data presented below has been accumulated by the CAP Implementation Contact Point from Section 6 of the initially approved CAP Strategic Plan of Lithuania. The data represents the planning of Lithuania for the entire duration of the CAP Strategic Plan.

 Direct payments	EU contribution	National contribution	Distribution of the planned budget per type of direct payment
Basic income support for sustainability (BISS)	1 135 097 252	n/a	
Coupled income support (CIS)	451 840 074	n/a	
Complementary income support for young farmers (CIS-YF)	69 809 625	n/a	
Complementary redistributive income support for sustainability (CRISS)	602 453 439	n/a	
Schemes for the climate and the environment (Eco-scheme)	753 066 801	n/a	
Total 2023-2027:	3 012 267 192	n/a	

 Sectoral support	EU contribution	National contribution	Distribution of the planned budget per sector
Fruit and vegetables	5 392 000	n/a	
Wine	172 000	n/a	
Apiculture	2 749 140	2 749 140	
Total 2023-2027:	8 313 140	2 749 140	

 Rural development	EU contribution	National contribution	Distribution of the planned budget (EU contr.) per type of rural development intervention
Environmental, climate and other management commitments (ENVCLIM)	263 996 657	50 285 078	
Areas with Natural or other area-specific Constraints (ANC)	105 883 200	24 836 800	
Area-specific disadvantages resulting from certain mandatory requirements (ASD)	14 730 600	2 805 830	
Investments (INVEST)	362 499 114	108 800 426	
Installation of young farmers and rural business start-up (INSTAL)	72 770 000	22 230 000	
Risk management tools (RISK)	10 302 700	3 147 300	
Cooperation (COOP)	89 012 749	19 183 621	
Knowledge exchange and information (KNOW)	9 192 000	2 808 000	
Total 2023-2029:	928 387 020	234 097 055	

Data source: Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2 and 6.2.3 of the first approved version of the CSP.



9. Additional information

Date of CSP approval	21/11/2022
Coordination of Agricultural Knowledge & Innovation Systems (AKIS)	Lithuanian Ministry of Agriculture
Managing authority	Lithuanian Ministry of Agriculture
Paying agency	National Paying Agency under the Ministry of Agriculture
Competent authority	Lithuanian Ministry of Agriculture
CAP Strategic Plan Regulation 2023-2027	Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 December 2021 establishing rules on support for strategic plans to be drawn up by Member States under the common agricultural policy (CAP Strategic Plans) [PDF en]

Source of information: All data and the figures presented in this summary come from Lithuania's 2023-27 CAP Strategic Plan approved on 21/11/2022.

Disclaimer: This document, prepared by the CAP Implementation Contact Point of the EU CAP network, aims to provide an accessible summary of selected CSP content. The information provided should not be considered a comprehensive account of the original CSP content.

CSP summary version: Version 1

Last update of the CSP summary fiche: September 2024

Corresponding CSP: Lithuania, code 2023LT06AFSP001, version 1.1, approved 21/11/2022

More information about Lithuania's CSP 2023-27 can be found [here](#)

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