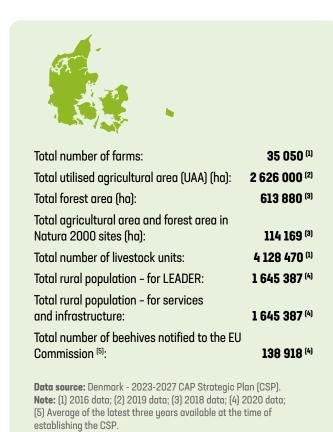




September 2024

1. General information



3. National CAP Network

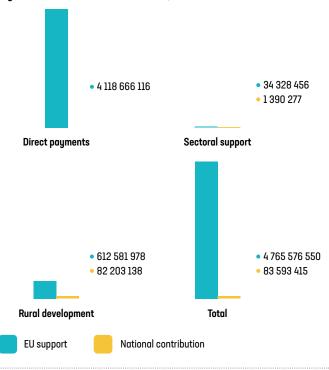
- The Danish CAP Network replaced the previous rural network, building on experience and established networks and networking activities. The CAP Network continues to support already existing platforms and fora and identify whether there is a need for further creation of new networks since the CAP Network also includes Pillar 1.
- > The managing authority is primarily responsible for the management of the CAP Strategic Plan, but also responsible for the CAP Network and performs the coordinating function of the network. The operation of the network's activities is shared between the LAG secretariat (Housing and Planning Agency) which represents the networking activities in relation to the Local Action Groups (LAGs) and the managing authority.

Official website: https://lbst.dk/tilskud/eu-programmer-og-planer/landbrugsreformen-2023/cap-netvaerk

Data source: Section 4.4 of the first approved version of the CSP.

2. CSP financial information (in EURO)

The following chart shows the indicative planned EU support (comprising the EAFRD and EAGF allocations) and the national contribution.



Data source: Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2 and 6.2.3 of the first approved version of the CSP.

> Based on the experience of the last reform period, approximately 4% of technical assistance budget of the CSP is allocated to the operation of the Danish CAP Network.

4. Rural areas definition

For the purpose of planning the CAP interventions in rural areas, the term 'rural areas' in the Danish CAP Strategic Plan broadly refers to all areas outside the largest urban areas, understood as agglomerations with more than 45 000 inhabitants.

Data source: Section 4.7.2 of the first approved version of the CSP.





5. CSP strategy per CAP specific objective

The following table shows the interventions activated in the CSP under each of the specific objectives.

| | sa | S01 | S02 | S03 | S04 | S05 | S06 | S07 | S08 | S 09 | Cross- cutting |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Specific objectives | Viable farm income and resilience | Market orientation and competitiveness | Farmers' position in the value chain | Climate change and sustainable energy | Natural resources water, soil, air | Biodiversity, ecosystems habitats, landscapes | Young farmers and business development | Employment, social inclusion, local development, bio-economy and forestry | Food and health, and animal welfare | Knowledge, innovation and digitalisation in agriculture |
| | Interventions | > 2 | ≥ ŏ | ŒΣ | ပေ က | Z v | <u>а</u> <u>ē</u> | ہَ≺ | ᅙᇙᇤ | ъ в | 조 급 |
| જ | Art. 21 - BISS | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct payments | Art. 29 - CRISS | | | | | | | | | | |
| t pag | Art. 30 - CIS-YF | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct | Art. 31 - Eco-scheme | • | | | • | • | • | | | • | |
| | Art. 32 - CIS | • | | | | | | | | | |
| | Art. 47 - Fruit and vegetables | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | • | |
| | Art. 47 - Hops | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sectoral | Art. 47 - Olive oil & table olives | | | | | | | | | | |
| Se | Art. 47 - Other | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Art. 55 - Apiculture | • | • | | • | | • | • | | • | |
| | Art. 58 - Wine | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Art. 70 - ENVCLIM | | | | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Art. 71 - ANC | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Rural development | Art. 72 - ASD | • | | | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Art. 73-74 - INVEST | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | |
| | Art. 75 - INSTAL | • | | | | | | • | | | |
| Æ | Art. 76 - RISK | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Art. 77 - COOP | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| | Art. 78 - KNOW | | | | | | | | | | |

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.





6. CAP Specific objectives and indicators

This section illustrates the planned targets for each specific objective. The indicators presented below are a selection of the most commonly selected result indicators under each specific objective by the Member States. Some Member States have selected additional result indicators to the ones presented below. More information can be found on the specific CSPs.

| SO | Result indicator | Target value |
|--|---|-----------------|
| | R.4 - Linking income support to standards and good practices: % of Utilised Agricultural Area (UAA) covered by income support and subject to conditionality | 97.33% |
| rm ilience | R.5 - Risk management: % of farms with supported CAP risk management tools | 0.01% |
| SO1 - Viable farm income and resilience | R.6 - Redistribution to smaller farms: % of additional direct payments per hectare for eligible farms below average farm size (compared to average) | 107.17% |
| SOI - V | R.7 - Enhancing support for farms in areas with specific needs : % of additional support per hectare in areas with higher needs (compared to average) | 109.72% |
| larket ition & titive- | R.3 - Digitalising agriculture: % of farms supported for digital agricultural technology under the CAP | 1.00% |
| SO2 - Mar orientatio competit ness | R.9 - Farm modernisation: % of farms receiving support for investments in restructuring and modernisation, including improving resource efficiency | 1.00% |
| Farmer Shain | R.10 - Better supply chain organisation: % of farms participating in producer groups, producer organisations, local markets, short supply chain circuits and quality schemes supported by the CAP | 0.86% |
| SO3 - Farmer value chain | R.11 - Fruit and Vegetables - Concentration of supply: % of value of marketed production by producer organisations or producers' groups with operational programmes in certain sectors | 64.54% |
| pu | R.12 - Adaptation to climate change: % of UAA under supported commitments to improve climate adaptation | 27.30% |
| SO4 - Climate change and sustainable energy | R.14 - Carbon storage in soils and biomass: % of UAA under supported commitments to reduce emissions or to maintain or enhance carbon storage | 47.90% |
| SO4 - Climate char sustainable energy | R.16 - Investments related to climate: % of farms benefitting from CAP investment support contributing to climate change mitigation and adaptation, and to the production of renewable energy or biomaterials | 6.85% |
| SO4 - (sustair | R.27 - Environmental or climate-related performance through investment in rural areas: Number of operations contributing to environmental sustainability and to climate mitigation and adaptation goals in rural areas | 14 |
| | R.19 - Improving and protecting soils: % of UAA under supported commitments beneficial for soil management to improve soil quality and biota | 31.42% |
| s water, | R.21 - Protection of water quality: % of UAA under supported commitments for the quality of water bodies | 36.57% |
| SO5 - Natural resources water soil, air | R.22 - Sustainable nutrient management : % of UAA under supported commitments related to improved nutrient management | 36.57% |
| Natural r | R.24 - Sustainable and reduced use of pesticides : % of UAA under supported specific commitments which lead to a sustainable use of pesticides in order to reduce risks and impacts of pesticides such as pesticides leakage | 17.27% |
| S05 - I soil, ai | R.26 - Investment related to natural resources: % of farms benefitting from CAP productive and non-productive investment support related to care for natural resources | 8.98% |

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.





| S0 | Result indicator | Target value |
|---|--|-----------------|
| and- | R.29 - Development of organic agriculture: % of UAA supported by the CAP for organic farming with a split between maintenance and conversion | 15.36% |
| SO6 - Biodiversity, ecosystems habitats, land- scapes | R.31 - Preserving habitats and species: % of UAA under supported commitments supporting biodiversity conservation or restoration including high-nature-value farming practices | 21.72% |
| SO6 - Biodiversity, ecosystems habita scapes | R.33 - Improving Natura 2000 management: % of total Natura 2000 area under supported commitments | 76.54% |
| SO6 - Bi ecosyst scapes | R.34 - Preserving landscape features: % of UAA under supported commitments for managing landscape features, including hedgerows and trees | 1.90% |
| YF & | R.36 - Generational renewal: Number of young farmers benefitting from setting up with support from the CAP, including a gender breakdown | 1882 |
| SO7 - YF 6 business | R.37 - Growth and jobs in rural areas: New jobs supported in CAP projects | 2 523 |
| velop- nomy | R.38 - LEADER coverage: % of rural population covered by local development strategies | 73.71% |
| SO8 - Local develop- ment, bio-economy & forestry | R.39 - Developing the rural economy: Number of rural businesses including bio-economy businesses, developed with CAP support | 14 |
| SO8 - Locc ment, bio-e & forestry | R.41 - Connecting rural Europe: % of rural population benefitting from improved access to services and infrastructure through CAP support | 73.71% |
| ood, animal | R.21 - Protecting water quality: % of UAA under supported commitments for the quality of water bodies | 36.57% |
| S09 - Food, health, animal welfare | R.24 - Sustainable and reduced use of pesticides: % of UAA under supported specific commitments which lead to a sustainable use of pesticides in order to reduce risks and impacts of pesticides such as pesticides leakage | 17.27% |
| Cross- cutting | n/a | |

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.

7. Indicative planned expenditure for Denmark's eco-schemes

The following table shows how the indicative financial allocation (EAGF contribution in EUR) is allocated between eco-schemes.

| Eco-schemes | Financial allocation per eco-scheme (EUR) | % of eco-scheme compared to MS total eco-scheme | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Eco-scheme for new regulatory model | 106 176 331 | 13% | |
| Eco-scheme for organic area support | 254 220 267 | 31% | |
| Eco-scheme for environmental- and climate-friendly grass | 199 326 600 | 24% | |
| Eco-scheme for extensification | 89 932 199 | 11% | |
| Eco-scheme for varied plant production | 77 850 000 | 10% | |
| Eco-scheme for biodiversity and sustainability | 91 947 500 | 11% | |
| | 819 452 897 | 100% | |

Data source: Section 6.2.1 of the first approved version of the CSP.

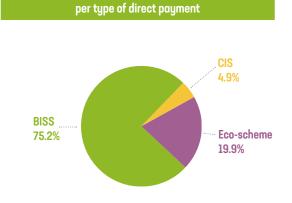




8. Indicative financial allocation per pillar and intervention

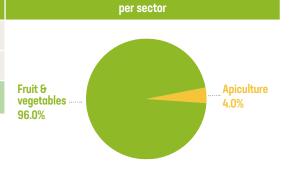
The following table shows how the indicative EU and total public financial allocation is allocated between pilar, sector and type of intervention. The data presented below has been accumulated by the CAP Implementation Contact Point from Section 6 of the initially approved CAP Strategic Plan of Denmark. The data represents the planning of Denmark for the entire duration of the CAP Strategic Plan.

| © Direct payments | EU contribution | National contribution |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Basic income support for sustainability (BISS) | 3 096 129 507 | n/a |
| Coupled income support (CIS) | 203 083 711 | n/a |
| Complementary income support for young farmers (CIS-YF) | n/a | n/a |
| Complementary redistributive income support for sustainability (CRISS) | n/a | n/a |
| Schemes for the climate and the environment (Eco-scheme) | 819 452 897 | n/a |
| Total 2023-2027: | 4 118 666 116 | n/a |



Distribution of the planned budget

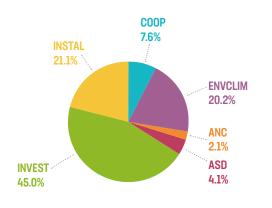
| Sectoral support | EU contribution | National contribution |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Fruit and vegetables | 32 938 172 | n/a |
| Apiculture | 1 390 284 | 1 390 277 |
| Total 2023-2027: | 34 328 456 | 1 390 277 |



Distribution of the planned budget

| Rural development | EU contribution | National contribution |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Environmental, climate and other management commitments (ENVCLIM) | 123 683 452 | 28 494 228 |
| Areas with Natural or other area-specific Constraints (ANC) | 13 085 000 | n/a |
| Area-specific disadvantages resulting from certain mandatory requirements (ASD) | 24 832 000 | n/a |
| Investments (INVEST) | 275 359 126 | 42 143 330 |
| Installation of young farmers and rural business start-up (INSTAL) | 129 360 000 | n/a |
| Risk management tools (RISK) | n/a | n/a |
| Cooperation (COOP) | 46 262 400 | 11 565 580 |
| Knowledge exchange and information (KNOW) | n/a | n/a |
| Total 2023-2029: | 612 581 978 | 82 203 138 |

Distribution of the planned budget (EU contr.) per type of rural development intervention



Data source: Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2 and 6.2.3 of the first approved version of the CSP.





9. Additional information

| Date of CSP approval | 31/08/2022 | |
|--|--|--|
| Coordination of Agricultural Knowledge & Innovation Systems (AKIS) | Danish Agency for Agriculture | |
| Managing authority | Danish Agency for Agriculture, CAP | |
| Paying agency | Danish Agency for Agriculture, Payment and Quality | |
| Competent authority | Ministry for Food, Agriculture and Fisheries | |
| CAP Strategic Plan Regulation 2023-2027 | Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 December 2021 establishing rules on support for strategic plans to be drawn up by Member States under the common agricultural policy (CAP Strategic Plans) [PDF ••] | |

Source of information: All data and the figures presented in this summary come from Denmark's 2023-27 CAP Strategic Plan approved on 31/08/2022.

Disclaimer: This document, prepared by the CAP Implementation Contact Point of the EU CAP network, aims to provide an accessible summary of selected CSP content. The information provided should not be considered a comprehensive account of the original CSP content.

CSP summary version: Version 1

Last update of the CSP summary fiche: September 2024

Corresponding CSP: Denmark, code 2023DK06AFSP001, version 1.2, approved 31/08/2022

More information about Denmark's CSP 2023-27 can be found here

CAP Implementation Contact Point

Rue de la Loi, 38 Boîte n.4 - 1040 Brussels, Belgium implementation@eucapnetwork.eu eu-cap-network.ec.europa.eu

