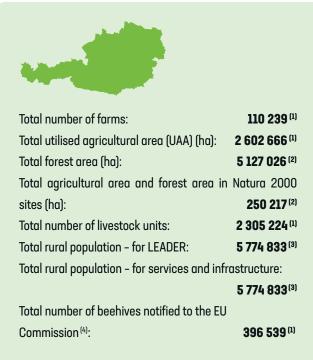




1. General information



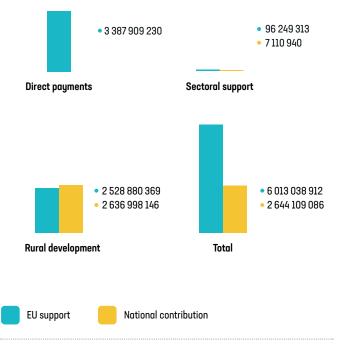
Data source: Austrian 2023-2027 CAP Strategic Plan (CSP).
Note: (1) 2020 data; (2) 2018 data; (3) 2021 data;
(4) Average of the latest three years available at the time of establishing the CSP (number of).

3. National CAP Network

- > The Austrian CAP network support unit is outsourced and contracted by the Austrian Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, regions and water management.
- Four organisations run the network support unit: the Austrian Chamber of Agriculture, the Umweltdachverband (umbrella organisation for environmental NGOs), ÖAR ltd (regional and rural development consultants) and Winnovation Ltd (innovation consultants).
- There is no formal membership in the Austrian CAP network. Everybody who is interested in the CAP and rural development can participate and take advantage of the different CAP network formats.

2. CSP financial information (in EURO)

The following chart shows the indicative planned EU support (comprising the EAFRD and EAGF allocations) and the national contribution.



Data source: Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2 and 6.2.3 of the first approved version of the CSP.

4. Rural areas definition

- > Projects whose eligibility is limited to rural areas can only be implemented in municipalities with less than 30 000 inhabitants or in rural areas of municipalities with more than 30 000 inhabitants.
- The categorisation of rural areas of municipalities corresponds to the methodology used in the programming periods 2007-2013 and 2014-2020 and is carried out on the basis of the analysis of the population density of municipal parts.
- > Only parts of municipalities with a population density of less than 150 inhabitants/km² are taken into account in accordance with the relevant OECD criteria. However, this method is only used in the outer zones of the cities to prevent inner-city enclaves.

Data source: Section 4.7.2 of the first approved version of the CSP.



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5. CSP strategy per CAP specific objective

CAP TWORK

The following table shows the interventions activated in the CSP under each of the specific objectives.

		S01	S02	S03	S04	S05	S06	S07	S08	S09	Cross- cutting
	Specific objectives	Viable farm income and resilience	Market orientation and competitiveness	Farmers' position in the value chain	Climate change and sus- tainable energy	Natural resources water, soil, air	Biodiversity, ecosystems habitats, landscapes	Young farmers and business development	Employment, social inclu- sion, local development, bio-economy and forestry	Food and health, and animal welfare	Knowledge, innovation and digitalisation in agriculture
	Art. 21 - BISS	•									
nents	Art. 29 - CRISS	•									
Direct payments	Art. 30 - CIS-YF	•						•			
	Art. 31 - Eco-scheme				•	•				•	
	Art. 32 - CIS	•									
	Art. 47 – Fruit and vegetables	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
	Art. 47 - Hops										
Sectoral	Art. 47 - Olive oil & table olives										
Sec	Art. 47 - Other										
	Art. 55 - Apiculture		•				•			•	
	Art. 58 - Wine		•							•	
	Art. 70 - ENVCLIM				•	•	•			•	
	Art. 71 - ANC	•					•				
Rural development	Art. 72 - ASD	•				•	•				
	Art. 73-74 - INVEST	•	•		•	•	•		•	•	
al de	Art. 75 - INSTAL							•	•		
Rur	Art. 76 - RISK										
	Art. 77 - COOP		•	•			•		•		•
	Art. 78 - KNOW						•				•

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.

6. CAP Specific objectives and indicators

U CAP NETWORK

This section illustrates the planned targets for each specific objective. The indicators presented below are a selection of the most commonly selected result indicators under each specific objective by the Member States. Some Member States have selected additional result indicators to the ones presented below. More information can be found in the specific CSPs.

SO	Result indicator				
	R.4 - Linking income support to standards and good practices: % of Utilised Agricultural Area (UAA) covered by income support and subject to conditionality	97.25 %			
ırm silience	R.5 - Risk management: % of farms with supported CAP risk management tools	0.57 %			
SO1 - Viable farm income and resilience	R.6 – Redistribution to smaller farms: % of additional direct payments per hectare for eligible farms below ave- rage farm size (compared to average)	106.96 %			
SOI - incom	R.7 - Enhancing support for farms in areas with specific needs: % of additional support per hectare in areas with higher needs (compared to average)	110.82 %			
larket tion & itive-	R.3 – Digitalising agriculture: % of farms supported for digital agricultural technology under the CAP	7.75 %			
SO2 - Marke orientation E competitive- ness	R.9 – Farm modernisation: % of farms receiving support for investments in restructuring and modernisation, including improving resource efficiency	26.86 %			
SO3 - Farmer value chain	R.10 - Better supply chain organisation: % of farms participating in producer groups, producer organisations, local markets, short supply chain circuits and quality schemes supported by the CAP	69.33 %			
SO3 - value a	R.11 – Fruit and Vegetables – Concentration of supply: % of value of marketed production by producer organisa- tions or producers' groups with operational programmes in certain sectors	20.61 %			
pup	R.12 - Adaptation to climate change: % of UAA under supported commitments to improve climate adaptation	20.25 %			
change ergy	R.14 – Carbon storage in soils and biomass: % of UAA under supported commitments to reduce emissions or to maintain or enhance carbon storage	59.51 %			
SO4 - Climate change and sustainable energy	R.16 – Investments related to climate: % of farms benefitting from CAP investment support contributing to climate change mitigation and adaptation, and to the production of renewable energy or biomaterials	11.54 %			
S04 - sustai	R.27 - Environmental or climate-related performance through investment in rural areas: number of operations contributing to environmental sustainability and to climate mitigation and adaptation goals in rural areas	6 342			
ۍ	R.19 – Improving and protecting soils: % of UAA under supported commitments beneficial for soil management to improve soil quality and biota	65.50 %			
es water,	R.21 - Protection of water quality: % of UAA under supported commitments for the quality of water bodies	56.65 %			
SO5 - Natural resources wat soil, air	R.22 - Sustainable nutrient management: % of UAA under supported commitments related to improved nutrient management	58.09 %			
- Natural air	R.24 - Sustainable and reduced use of pesticides: % of UAA under supported specific commitments which lead to a sustainable use of pesticides in order to reduce risks and impacts of pesticides such as pesticides leakage	44.78 %			
SO5 - soil, a	R.26 – Investment related to natural resources: % of farms benefitting from CAP productive and non-productive investment support related to care for natural resources	2.18 %			



SO	Result indicator			
sado:	R.29 – Development of organic agriculture: % of UAA supported by the CAP for organic farming with a split between maintenance and conversion	23.66 %		
SOG - Biodiversity, ecosys- tems habitats, landscapes	R.31 - Preserving habitats and species: % of UAA under supported commitments supporting biodiversity conservation or restoration including high-nature-value farming practices	20.65 %		
. Biodive habitats	R.33 - Improving Natura 2000 management: % of total Natura 2000 area under supported commitments	11.30 %		
SO6 - tems	R.34 – Preserving landscape features: % of UAA under supported commitments for managing landscape fea- tures, including hedgerows and trees	7.97 %		
SO7 - YF & business	R.36 - Generational renewal: number of young farmers benefitting from setting up with support from the CAP, including a gender breakdown	10 400		
	R.37 - Growth and jobs in rural areas: new jobs supported in CAP projects	11 130		
elop- my &	R.38 - LEADER coverage: % of rural population covered by local development strategies	83.12 %		
SO8 - Local develop- ment bio-economy & forestry	R.39 - Developing the rural economy: number of rural businesses including bio-economy businesses, developed with CAP support	1864		
SO8 - I ment b forestr	R.41 – Connecting rural Europe: % of rural population benefitting from improved access to services and in- frastructure through CAP support	2.22 %		
S09 - Food, health, animal welfare	R.43 - Limiting antimicrobial use: % of livestock units (LU) concerned by supported actions to limit the use of antimicrobials (prevention/reduction)	17.27 %		
S09 - F health, welfare	R.44 - Improving animal welfare: % of LU covered by supported actions to improve animal welfare	40.47 %		
e, ion in	R.1 – Enhancing performance through knowledge and innovation: number of persons benefitting from advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participating in European Innovation Partnership (EIP) operational groups	1 355 703		
nowledg gitalisat	R.2 - Linking advice and knowledge systems: number of advisors receiving support to be integrated within the Agricultural Knowledge and Innovation Systems (AKIS)	1 253		
tting - K n and di re	R.3 – Digitalising agriculture: % of farmers benefitting from support for digital farming technology through CAP	7.75 %		
Cross-cutting - Knowledge, innovation and digitalisation in agriculture	R.28 - Environmental or climate-related performance through knowledge and innovation: number of persons benefitting from advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participating in EIP operational groups supported by the CAP related to environmental or climate-related performance	98 819		

Data source: Section 2 of the first approved version of the CSP.

7. Indicative planned expenditure for Austria's eco-schemes

The following table shows how the indicative financial allocation (EAGF contribution in EUR) is allocated between eco-schemes.

Eco-schemes	Financial allocation per eco-scheme (EUR)	% of eco-scheme compared to MS total eco-scheme	
Greening of arable land – intercropping	187 500 000	38%	
Greening of arable land - evergreen system	91 000 000	18%	
Protection against erosion wine, fruit and hops	50 000 000	10%	
Animal welfare – pasture	171 500 000	34%	
	500 000 000	100%	

Data source: Section 6.2.1 of the first approved version of the CSP.

8. Indicative financial allocation per pillar and intervention

CAP TWORK

The following table shows how the indicative EU and total public financial allocation is allocated between pillar, sector and type of intervention. The data presented below has been accumulated by the CAP Implementation Contact Point from Section 6 of the initially approved CAP Strategic Plan of Austria. The data represents the planning of Austria for the entire duration of the CAP Strategic Plan.

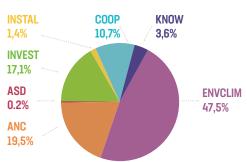
$\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ Direct payments	EU contribution	National contribution	Distribution of the planned budget per type of direct payment
Basic income support for sustainability (BISS)	2 387 972 210	n/a	
Coupled income support (CIS)	90 000 000	n/a	CISS
Complementary income support for young farmers (CIS-YF)	71 146 095	n/a	2,7% CISS-YF
Complementary redistributive income support for sustainability (CRISS)	338 790 925	n/a	BISS 70,5% CRISS
Schemes for the climate and the environment (Eco-Scheme)	500 000 000	n/a	10,0% Eco-scheme
Total 2023-2027:	3 387 909 230	n/a	14,8%

ر Sectoral support	EU contribution	National contribution	Distribution of the planned budget per sector
Fruit and vegetables	36 518 373	n/a	
Wine	52 620 000	n/a	Apiculture 7,4%
Apiculture	7 110 940	7 110 940	Wine
Total 2023-2027:	96 249 313	7 110 940	Fruit C vegetables

Rural development	EU contribution	National contribution	
Environmental, climate and other mana- gement commitments (ENVCLIM)	1 200 372 154	1 161 551 660	
Areas with Natural or other area-speci- fic Constraints (ANC)	494 340 264	495 659 736	
Area-specific disadvantages resulting from certain mandatory requirements (ASD)	4 114 836	3 961 351	
Investments (INVEST)	432 865 762	556 087 753	
Installation of young farmers and rural business start-up (INSTAL)	34 455 443	44 044 558	
Risk management tools (RISK)	n/a	n/a	
Cooperation (COOP)	271 728 737	260 646 263	
Knowledge exchange and information (KNOW)	91 003 175	115 046 825	
Total 2023-2029:	2 528 880 369	2 636 998 146	I

Distribution of the planned budget (EU contr.) per type of rural development intervention

37,9%



Data source: Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2 and 6.2.3 of the first approved version of the CSP.



9. Additional information

Date of CSP approval	13/09/2022				
Coordination of Agricultural Knowledge & Innovation Systems (AKIS)	Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Regions and Water Management, Division II $f 1$				
Managing authority	Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Regions and Water Management, Division II 2				
Paying agency	Agrarmarkt Austria				
Competent authority	Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Regions and Water Management				
CAP Strategic Plan Regulation 2023-2027	Regulation (EU) 2021/2115 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 December 2021 establishing rules on support for strategic plans to be drawn up by Member States under the common agricultural policy (CAP Strategic Plans) [PDF en]				

Source of information: All data and the figures presented in this summary come from the Austrian 2023-27 CAP Strategic Plan approved on 13/09/2022.

Disclaimer: This document, prepared by the CAP Implementation Contact Point of the EU CAP network, aims to provide an accessible summary of selected CSP content. The information provided should not be considered a comprehensive account of the original CSP content.

CSP summary version: Version 1

Last update of the CSP summary fiche: June 2024

Corresponding CSP: Austria, code 2023AT06AFSP001, version 1.2, approved 13/09/2022.

More information about the CSP 2023-27 of Austria can be found here

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