



Assessment of the progress in implementing the evaluation plans of RDPs 2014-2022

Chapter 2 of the AIRs submitted in 2023

Summary report, December 2023



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List of acronyms

AIR	Annual Implementation Report
CAP	Common Agricultural Policy
CLLD	Community Led Local Development
CSP	CAP Strategic Plan
EAFRD	European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development
EIP	European Innovation Partnership
ERDF	European Regional Development Fund
EU	European Union
FBI	Farmland Birds Index
LAG	Local Action Group
LEADER	Liaison Entre Actions de Développement de l'Économie Rurale
LDS	Local Development Strategy
NRN	National Rural Network
RDP	Rural Development Programme
SEA	Strategic Environmental Assessment
SWOT	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats

European Union (EU) [Country codes](#) sorted by official protocol order.

Belgium	(BE)	Greece	(EL)	Lithuania	(LT)	Portugal	(PT)
Bulgaria	(BG)	Spain	(ES)	Luxembourg	(LU)	Romania	(RO)
Czechia	(CZ)	France	(FR)	Hungary	(HU)	Slovenia	(SI)
Denmark	(DK)	Croatia	(HR)	Malta	(MT)	Slovakia	(SK)
Germany	(DE)	Italy	(IT)	Netherlands	(NL)	Finland	(FI)
Estonia	(EE)	Cyprus	(CY)	Austria	(AT)	Sweden	(SE)
Ireland	(IE)	Latvia	(LV)	Poland	(PL)	United Kingdom	(UK)



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1. Introduction and methodology

As from June 2016, Managing Authorities have been submitting an Annual Implementation Report (AIR) on the implementation of their Rural Development Programmes (RDPs) to the European Commission. The AIRs submitted in June 2023 (hereafter 'AIRs in 2023') cover the calendar year 2022. Chapter 2 of the AIR provides information about the progress on the implementation of the RDP evaluation plan.

The summary report is based on the analysis of chapter 2 of the AIRs in 2023. The design of the methodology and tools, as well as the overall analysis, were conducted by the European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP. The screening and extraction of information was carried out by an EU-wide team of 25 geographic experts in RDP evaluation.

Section 2 of this summary report lays out the information on the progress made by Managing Authorities in implementing the RDPs' evaluation plans. The structure follows the seven sub-sections of chapter 2¹ of the AIRs, namely:

- > description of any modifications made to the evaluation plan in the RDP during the year, with their justification;

- > description of the evaluation activities undertaken during the year;
- > description of activities undertaken in relation to the provision and management of data;
- > list of completed evaluations, including references to where they have been published online;
- > summary of completed evaluations, focussing on evaluation findings;
- > description of communication activities undertaken in relation to publicising evaluation findings;
- > description of the follow-up given to evaluation results.

Section 3 of this report presents a summary assessment as well as recommendation for better reporting.

Finally, the annex displays a list of selected completed evaluations reported by the RDPs, including the hyperlinks where the evaluations have been published online, if available.

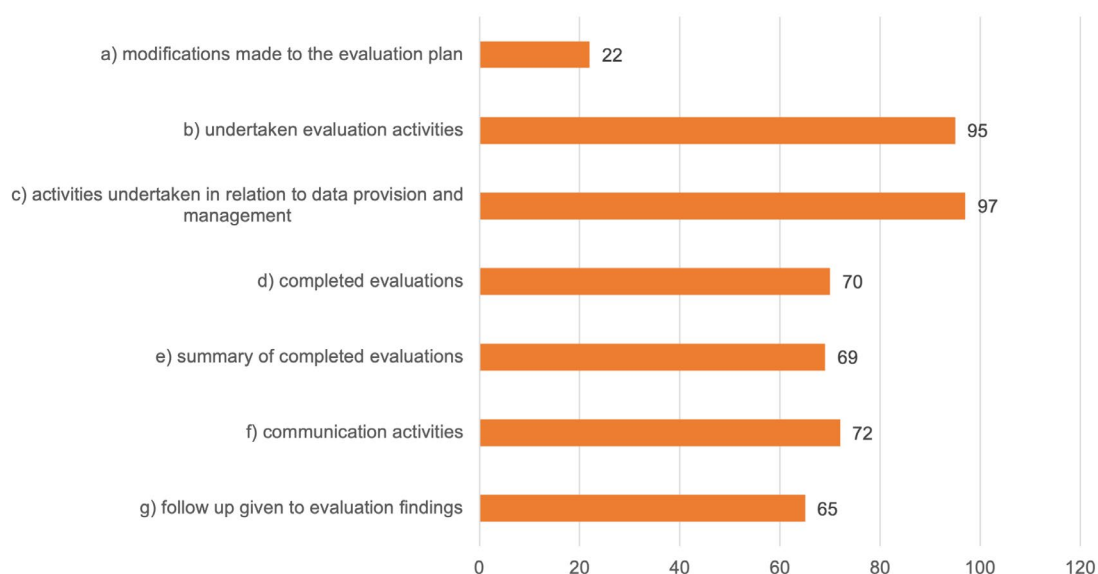
2. Overview on the progress in implementing the evaluation plans

2.1 Completeness of chapter 2 of the AIRs submitted in 2023

The level of completeness of the information on the progress in implementing the evaluation plans remains very high considering that chapter 2 sub-sections were filled with relevant content in 108 out of the analysed 115 AIRs².

Within chapter 2, the sub-sections b) to g) were filled with relevant content by an average of 86 AIRs (see [Figure 1](#)). Most frequently the sub-sections on data management, evaluation activities and completed evaluations were filled, which is similar to the picture presented in the previous year.

Figure 1. Number of AIRs reporting activities relevant to sub-sections of chapter 2



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

¹ see [Commission Implementing Regulation EU 808/2014](#), Annex VII

² The remaining 7 AIRs stated that they had nothing to report in those sub-sections of chapter 2 or that they were not applicable.

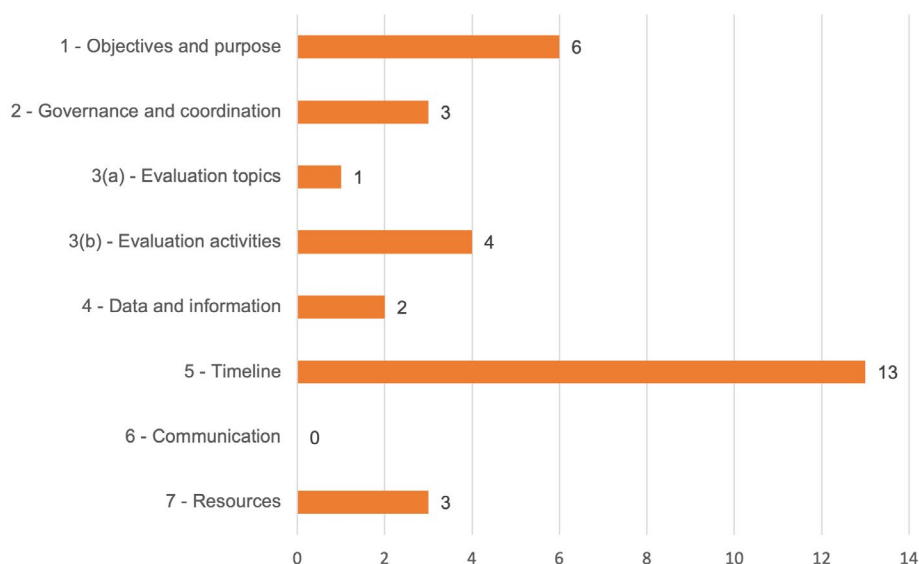


2.2 Sub-section a): Description of any modifications made to the evaluation plan in the RDP during the year, with their justifications

Modifications of the RDP evaluation plans were less than half compared to the previous reporting year. Overall, 32 modifications were mentioned in 22 AIRs (compared to 53 reported in 27 AIRs in 2022). The modifications concern mostly the updates of the planned evaluation timeline, followed by updates on the section concerning the objectives and purpose of the evaluation plan, and then the planned evaluation activities.

The modifications in the seven sections of the evaluation plan are shown in the figure below.

Figure 2. Modifications in the RDP evaluation plans



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

More in detail, the reported modifications of the RDP evaluation plans concerned:

- > **Timeline (13 modifications):** Modifications of the timeline were necessary due to the postponement of the ex post evaluation following the extension of the implementation period³. Moreover, also the COVID-19 pandemic changed the timeline of evaluations⁴.
- > **Objectives and purpose (6):** Half of the modifications in the section objectives and purpose were associated with the consolidation of RDPs in France, under a unified regional scope. This consolidation aimed to streamline and rationalize evaluation processes by pooling methods and studies⁵. The remaining modifications concerned the elaboration of a comprehensive concept of the evaluation plan, changes in the programme's strategy in accordance with Article 11.1 of Regulation (EU) 1305/2013, and legislative updates⁶.
- > **Evaluation activities (4):** Three quarters of these modifications were associated with establishing a joint evaluation of several RDPs allowing for common definitions, guidelines, and methods while achieving economies of scale and accommodating territorial specificities⁷. The remaining quarter of modifications on

evaluation activities pertained to the extension of the implementation period and adjustments to the evaluation time-frame⁸.

- > **Governance and coordination (3):** The changes encompassed include adjustments to the organisational chart⁹ and coordination of evaluation activities¹⁰.
- > **Resources (3)** were changed to accommodate the additional funding coming from the EU Recovery Instrument, addressing staffing deficiencies or to reassess allocations for rural development (RD)¹¹.
- > **Data and information (2):** Adjustments in the detailed evaluation concept linked to the extension of the funding period and efforts were made to make data more reliable through the use of data software¹².
- > **Evaluation topics (1)** were modified to update the values of certain targets foreseen in the RDP, thus altering the programme's expected performance¹³.

No modifications were reported concerning the communication section of the evaluation plan.

³ Reported in CY, DE - Hessen, DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen, DE - Thüringen, EE, FI - Åland.

⁴ Reported in ES - País Vasco, FR - Guyane, FR - Haute-Normandie, FR - Basse-Normandie, IT - Lombardia, IT - Toscana, IT - Sardegna.

⁵ Reported in FR - Aquitaine, FR - Limousin, FR - Poitou-Charentes.

⁶ Reported in DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen, ES - La Rioja, IT - Sardegna.

⁷ Reported in FR - Aquitaine, FR - Limousin, FR - Poitou-Charentes.

⁸ Reported in DE - Thüringen.

⁹ Reported in ES - Asturias.

¹⁰ Reported in ES - Extremadura.

¹¹ Reported in DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen, ES - La Rioja, UK - Wales.

¹² Reported in DE - Schleswig-Holstein, FR-Corse.

¹³ Reported in ES - La Rioja.

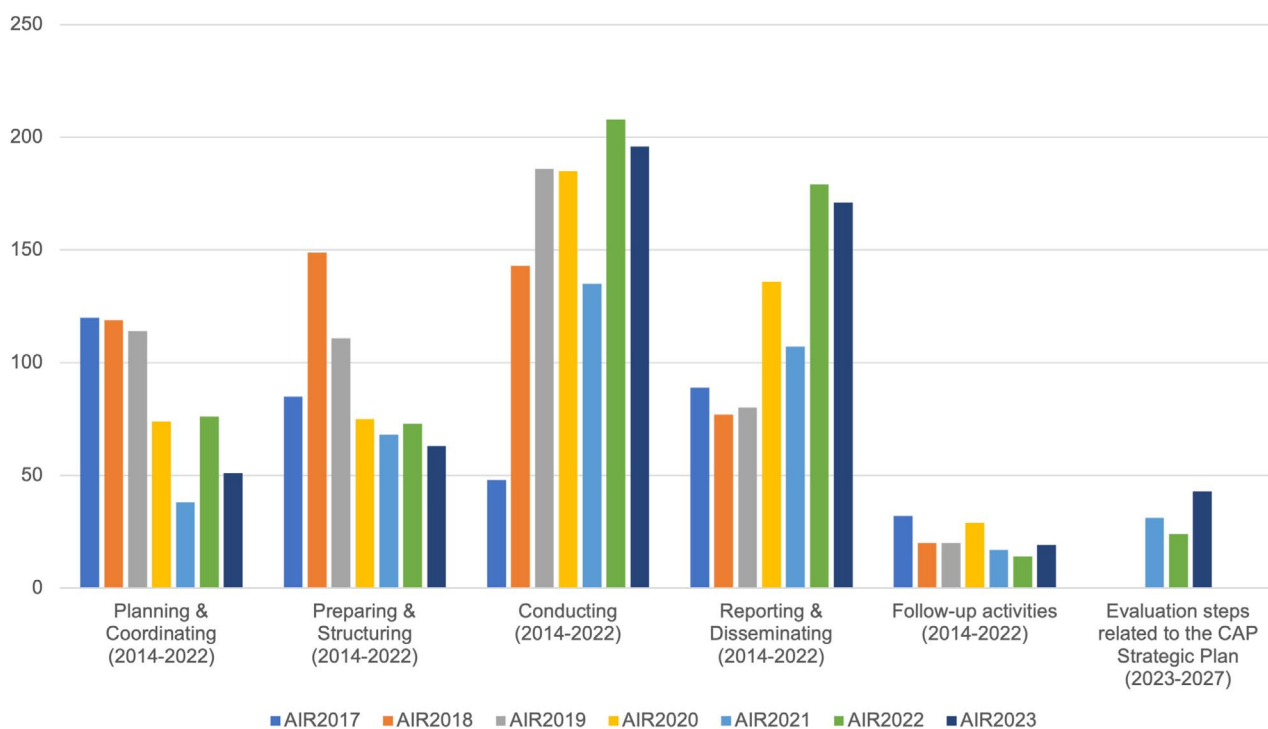


2.3 Sub-section b): Description of the evaluation activities undertaken during the year

The majority of evaluation activities (over two thirds) reported in 2023 were centred around the phases of conducting, reporting and disseminating evaluations, with a specific focus on topics such as 'RD Priority 4', LEADER and AKIS. The number of evaluation activities has overall slightly decreased (-5%) compared to the previous reporting year, with the most substantial decline evident in the planning and coordination of evaluations for the 2014-2022 period (-33%). However, a notable upswing took place in activities that were related to the CAP Strategic Plan 2023-2027 (+79%).

The following figure illustrates the evolution of evaluation activities throughout the reporting years. In the early years, there was a clear predominance of planning and preparation activities. In contrast, the current reporting period is characterized by a surge in conducting, reporting and dissemination activities, while follow-up activities have remained stable across all reporting years.

Figure 3. Distribution of evaluation activities across the main phases of the evaluation cycle reported between 2017 and 2023



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

Around 9% of evaluation activities reported in 2023 refer to the phase of **planning and coordination** (51 activities) and concern mainly the structuring of upcoming evaluations¹⁴. This marks a 33% decline compared to the numbers reported in 2022.

Over 12% of evaluation activities have been dedicated to the phase of **preparing and structuring** (63 activities). The activities involve essential groundwork for upcoming evaluations, ensuring necessary resources for evaluation as well as a clear definition of methodologies¹⁵. This reflects a 14% decrease compared to the activities reported in the previous year.

An additional 36% of the evaluation activities are associated to the **conducting** phase (196 activities). These activities primarily involve the execution of evaluations, including tasks such as data collection, stakeholder interviews, the assessment of programme efficiency¹⁶. A slight decrease of 6% has been observed in comparison to the figures reported in 2022.

Around 32% of the activities pertain to **reporting and disseminating** evaluations (171 activities). These include publishing evaluation results and ensuring that stakeholders and interested parties can

¹⁴ Reported in BE - Wallonia, CZ, DE - Rheinland-Pfalz, DE - Sachsen, DE - Sachsen-Anhalt, DE - Thuringen, ES - Aragon, ES - Baleares, ES - Castilla la Mancha, ES - Extremadura, ES - Murcia, ES - Navarra, ES - Pais Vasco, ES - National Programme, GR, IT - Liguria, IT - Sardegna, IT - Umbria, IT - Valle d'Aosta, IT - Veneto, LT, LU, RO, UK - Scotland, UK - Wales.

¹⁵ Reported in BE - Flanders, BG, CZ, DE - Baden-Wurttemberg, DE - Bayern, DE - Brandenburg-Berlin, DE - Hessen, DE - Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen, DE - Rheinland-Pfalz, DE - Sachsen-Anhalt, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, ES - Baleares, ES - Castilla la Mancha, ES - Castilla y Leon, ES - Catalunya, ES - La Rioja, ES - Murcia, ES - Navarra, FR - Corse, IT - Friuli-Venezia Giulia, IT - Lazio, IT - Liguria, IT - Lombardia, IT - Marche, IT - Molise, IT - Puglia, IT - Sicilia, IT - Toscana, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK - Scotland, UK - Wales.

¹⁶ Reported in AT, BE - Flanders, BE - Wallonia, BG, CZ, DE - Baden-Wurttemberg, DE - Bayern, DE - Brandenburg-Berlin, DE - Hessen, DE - Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen, DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen, DE - Rheinland-Pfalz, DE - Sachsen, DE - Sachsen-Anhalt, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, DE - Thuringen, DK, EE, ES - Andalusia, ES - Asturias, ES - Baleares, ES - Canarias, ES - Castilla la Mancha, ES - Castilla y Leon, ES - Catalunya, ES - Murcia, ES - Navarra, ES - Pais Vasco, ES - National Programme, FR - Alsace, FR - Aquitaine, FR - Bretagne, FR - Champagne-Ardenne, FR - Guyane, FR - Limousin, FR - Lorraine, FR - Poitou-Charentes, FR - NRR, GR, HR, IE, IT - Abruzzo, IT - Basilicata, IT - Calabria, IT - Lazio, IT - Lombardia, IT - Piemonte, IT - Puglia, IT - Sicilia, IT - Toscana, IT - Trento, IT - National, IT - NRR, LU, MT, PL, PT - Madeira, RO, SI, UK - England, UK - Scotland, UK - Wales.



readily access the findings¹⁷. Compared to the previous year, these activities have seen a modest decrease of 4%.

In addition, 3% of **follow-up activities** (19 activities) have been reported in this section, while a more comprehensive picture is given by the Member State in the dedicated sub-section g). The AIRs discuss follow-up work in terms of refining evaluation strategies, implementing recommendations and the pursuit of continuous improvements in evaluation methodologies¹⁸.

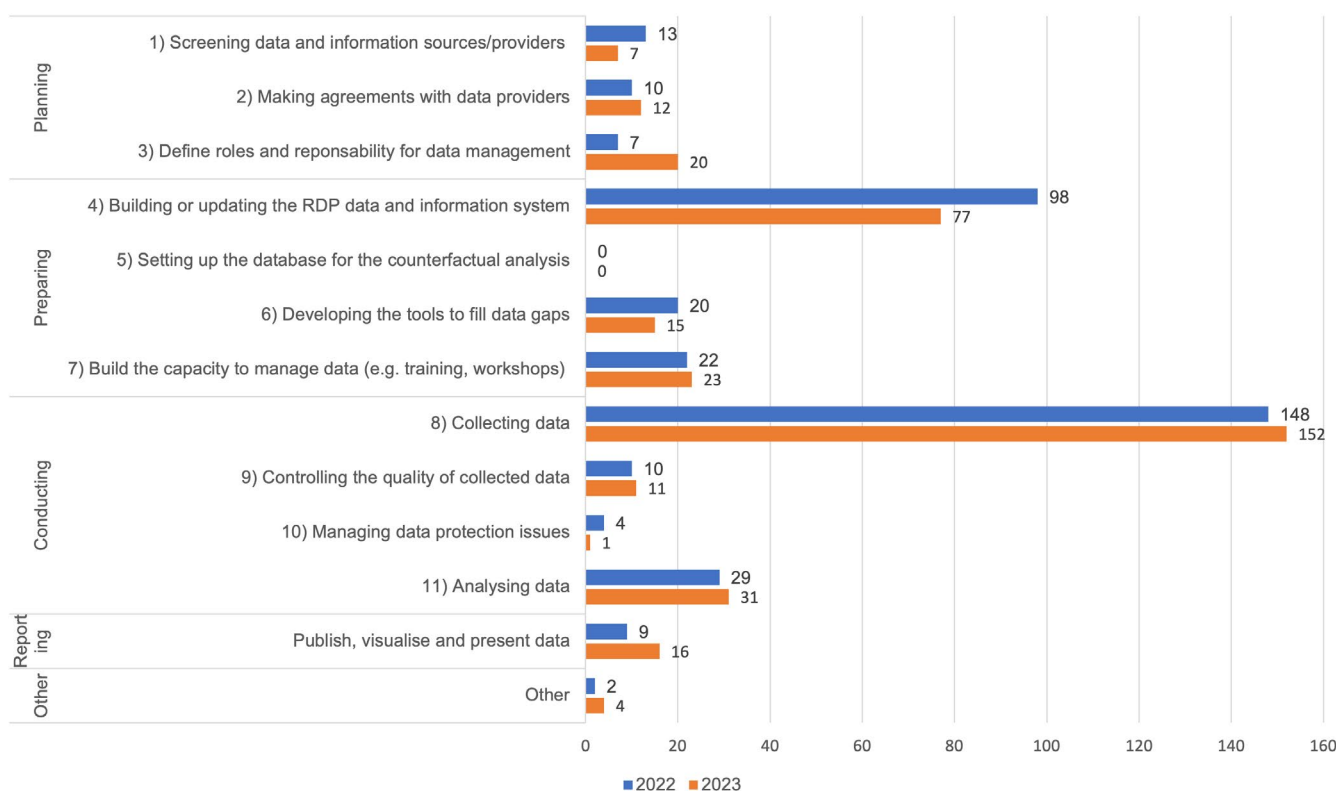
Lastly, about 8% of the reported activities are geared towards the **CAP Strategic Plan (2023-2027)** (43 activities). This entails aligning with the broader objectives of the strategic plan and ensuring evaluations are in line with its goals¹⁹. An important surge of 79% was observed relative to the numbers from the previous year.

2.4 Sub-section c): Description of activities undertaken in relation to the provision and management of data

In total, 369 data provision and management activities were documented across 97 AIRs, which closely mirror the numbers reported in the previous year. The spread of these activities across data management phases remained largely consistent. However, a notable decline was observed in the number of activities centred around preparing data management. Most AIRs highlighted incremental enhancements in their data recording and management systems, particularly in terms of activities focused on data collection and reporting.

The distribution of data provision and management activities in 2022 and 2023 are shown in the figure below.

Figure 4. Distribution of activities across different data management phases (reported in AIRs in 2023 compared to 2022)



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

¹⁷ Reported in BE - Flanders, CY, CZ, DE - Brandenburg-Berlin, DE - Hessen, DE - Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen, DE - Rheinland-Pfalz, DE - Saarland, DE - Sachsen-Anhalt, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, DE - Thuringen, DE - NRN, EE, ES - Aragon, ES - Asturias, ES - Baleares, ES - Canarias, ES - Cantabria, ES - Castilla la Mancha, ES - Castilla y Leon, ES - Extremadura, ES - La Rioja, ES - Madrid, ES - Murcia, ES - Pais Vasco, ES - Valencia, FR - Alsace, FR - Bretagne, FR - Champagne-Ardenne, FR - Languedoc-Roussillon, FR - Lorraine, FR - Mayotte, FR - Midi-Pyrenees, FR - Nord-Pas-de-Calais, FR - Pays de la Loire, FR - Picardie, FR - NRN, HU, IE, IT - Abruzzo, IT - Basilicata, IT - Calabria, IT - Campania, IT - Emilia-Romagna, IT - Friuli-Venezia Giulia, IT - Lazio, IT - Liguria, IT - Lombardia, IT - Piemonte, IT - Sardegna, IT - Sicilia, IT - Toscana, IT - Umbria, IT - Veneto, IT - National, IT - NRN, LT, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT - Continente, PT - Madeira, RO, SE, SI, UK - England, UK - Scotland and UK - Wales.

¹⁸ Reported in AT, DK, ES - Canarias, ES - Castilla y Leon, ES - Extremadura, ES - Murcia, ES - Valencia, FR - Bretagne, FR - Corse, IT - Trento, RO, SE, UK - Wales

¹⁹ Reported in AT, BE - Flanders, BG, CY, CZ, DE - Sachsen, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, ES - Cataluna, ES - Murcia, FR - NRN, GR, HR, HU, IT - Abruzzo, IT - Calabria, IT - Friuli-Venezia Giulia, IT - Piemonte, LT, LV, PL, RO, SI.



The subsequent section illustrates the activities that were reported in the realms of planning, preparing and conducting data management.

Planning data management (39 activities reported by 27 AIRs)

Planning activities account for 11% of all data management activities and increased by 30% compared to the previous year. **Screening data and information sources/providers** (7 activities in 6 AIRs) concerned activities such as identifying data gaps and possible solutions to provide sufficient data in the case of measure-related evaluations²⁰. **Making agreements with data providers to ensure data provision** (12 activities in 9 AIRs) has increased with the setting of regular meetings gathering different bodies engaged in the provision of data²¹. In 2022, cooperation agreements were signed with paying agencies²², state-owned agencies for the agriculture and the rural areas²³ or external bodies such as national institutes for statistics and associations²⁴. IT support for data collection and management was also contracted²⁵. **Activities defining roles and responsibility for data coordination and management** (20 activities in 18 AIRs) have increased significantly. Four Member States reported activities associated with the establishment of a single body for the centralisation of data and the provision of indicators at national level²⁶.

Preparing data management (115 activities reported by 54 AIRs)

This group of activities accounts for 31% of the total reported data management activities and decreased by 18% compared to the previous year. Most AIRs reported **building or updating the RDP data and information system in technical terms** (77 activities in

43 AIRs). This included setting up of new platform or integrating new IT functionalities²⁷, updating/developing data processes/structures for the calculation of new indicators²⁸, integrating satellite data²⁹ or environmental information (species, habitat types, location of protected areas)³⁰. **Developing tools to fill data gaps** (15 activities in 13 AIRs) was also reported, such as the integration of new fields in the existing information system³¹ or the launching of ad-hoc research programmes³², e.g. to cover environmental³³ and insurance-related aspects³⁴. Specific surveys were also conducted for the collection of primary data³⁵. AIRs also reported **building the capacity to manage data** (23 activities in 15 AIRs) through ad hoc training sessions³⁶, recruitment of specialised profiles³⁷ or working groups bringing together the Managing Authority, the paying agency, as well as other stakeholders involved in data management activities³⁸. Specific efforts were also engaged through research projects on methodologies for improved monitoring³⁹.

Conducting data management (195 activities reported by 52 AIRs)

This large group of activities accounts for 53% of the total reported data management activities and has increased by 2% compared to the previous year. Similarly to last year, **data collection activities** (152 activities in 72 AIRs) is the most important category e.g. collecting administrative data on payments and applications⁴⁰, data from agricultural census⁴¹, qualitative data from stakeholders⁴², FADN survey data⁴³, additional data on land use and environment⁴⁴. Other types of data collection concerned aerial data⁴⁵, data on LEADER collected through the LAGs⁴⁶, on innovation⁴⁷ and investments⁴⁸. **Quality control of collected data** (11 activities in 10 AIRs) was performed by cross-checking declarations⁴⁹ and assessment of the accuracy/reliability⁵⁰ performed either by the

²⁰ Reported in DE - Hessen, DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, DE - NRN, UK - Wales.

²¹ Reported in IE, LT, RO.

²² Reported in EE, RO.

²³ Reported in DE - Thüringen, EE, LT.

²⁴ Reported in RO, IE.

²⁵ Reported in DE - Baden-Württemberg, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, ES, IE.

²⁶ Reported in FR, RO, IT, LT.

²⁷ Reported in ES - Asturias, FR - Alsace, FR - Guyana, IE, IT - Liguria, RO, UK - Wales.

²⁸ Reported in BE - Wallonia, CZ, DE - Sachsen, EE, ES - Asturias, FR - Corse, HU, IT, MT, UK

²⁹ Reported in IE.

³⁰ Reported in DE - Sachsen, EE, IT - Lazio, IT - Marche, IT - Molise.

³¹ Reported in ES - Murcia, FR - Alsace.

³² Reported in FI - Mainland, FR - Reunion.

³³ Reported in FI - Mainland, FR - Bretagne, SI.

³⁴ Reported in FR.

³⁵ Reported in IT - Trento, LV, UK - Wales.

³⁶ Reported in FR - Alsace, FR - Champagne-Ardenne, FR - Guyane, FR - Lorraine.

³⁷ Reported in IE.

³⁸ Reported in FR - Alsace, FR - Aquitaine, FR - Champagne-Ardenne, FR - Corse, FR - Guadeloupe, FR - PACA, FR - Poitou Charente, LU.

³⁹ Reported in SI.

⁴⁰ Reported in BE - Wallonia, BG, CZ, DE - Hessen, DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, ES - Andalusia, FR, EL, IT - Abruzzo, IT - Emilia-Romagna, IT - Sardegna, LV, LT, PT - Madeira.

⁴¹ Reported in ES - Castilla y Leon, UK - England.

⁴² Reported in DE - Hessen, DE - Sachsen, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, ES - Castilla y Leon, ES - Murcia, ES - Navarra, IT - Friuli-Venezia Giulia, IT - Lazio, IT - Molise, RO.

⁴³ Reported in ES - Castilla y Leon, IT - Lazio, LV, SI.

⁴⁴ Reported in BE - Flanders, DE - Brandenburg, DE - Sachsen, EE, ES - Castilla y Leon, FI - Aaland, HR, HU, SI.

⁴⁵ Reported in CY.

⁴⁶ Reported in DE - Sachsen, ES - Castilla y Leon, FR - Reunion, IT - Calabria, LU, MT, NL.

⁴⁷ Reported in IT - Emilia-Romagna, IT - Liguria.

⁴⁸ Reported in DE - Sachsen, DE - Schleswig-Holstein, IT - Calabria.

⁴⁹ Reported in ES, FR - Reunion.

⁵⁰ Reported in FR - Guyane.



IT systems, through specific requests to detect potential errors/inconsistencies⁵¹, or external data administrators⁵². Enhanced quality and solidity of the information provided was also achieved by improving the calculation of specific indicator⁵³. **Management of data protection issues** (1) was reported in terms of setting up agreements with all contractors⁵⁴. **Analysing data** (31) was reported in 25 AIRs. This concerned for instance activities to use newer High Nature Value (HNV) data to update previous analysis and to carry out additional GIS analyses⁵⁵, extraction, processing and analysis of data from the SIRET and OSIRIS database, as of 31 December 2022, and from the programming of the OSIRIS database⁵⁶.

Reporting (16 activities reported by 9 AIRs) and other (4 activities reported by 4 AIRs)

This small group of activities accounts for 5% of the total reported data management activities and has increased by 82% compared to the previous year. **Reporting** activities (16) concerned the update of CAP indicators⁵⁷ and dashboards providing information on the implementation and/or achievements of rural development measures with maps⁵⁸, the production of reports for monitoring the expenditures under specific RDP measures (e.g. LEADER, investments)⁵⁹ or the integration of results from evaluations for the preparation of the new CAP Strategic Plan (CSP)⁶⁰. **Other activities** (4) related to the recalculation of indicators affected by modification of the RDP⁶¹.

2.5 Sub-section d): List of completed evaluations, including references to where they have been published online

The number of evaluations completed in 2022 and documented in the AIRs in 2023, encompassing data from 23 Member States and the UK, amounted to 160. This marks a reduction of 23% compared to the preceding reporting year, which recorded 209 evaluations. Consequently, the cumulative number of evaluations concluded during the 2014-2022 period stands at 1,320.

The most substantial share of evaluations, at 29%, pertains to CAP Objective 2, which focuses on the sustainable management of natural resources and initiatives for climate action. This is narrowly succeeded by evaluations addressing multiple RD priorities, accounting for 21%. In addition, these evaluations investigated a diverse range of topics within rural development, including those associated with CAP Objective 3 - territorial balance, representing 16%, and CAP Objective 1 - viable food production, at 12%.

Breaking down the main types of evaluations reported in 2023, 41% were evaluations of achievements, followed by process evaluations and research studies, both of which accounted for 18%. The latter, for instance, included environmental monitoring studies. The share of impact evaluations has declined to 17% of the total, down from the 27% reported in 2022. It is notable that 84% of the evaluation reports have been made accessible to a broader audience.

Annex 2 in chapter 4 of this report presents a list of completed evaluations across topics, including hyperlinks, where available.

In the following section, more details are provided about the main topics and types of evaluations. Some examples of completed evaluations are presented in [Annex 1](#) of chapter 4.

Main topics

The evaluations mainly cover the implementation period 2014-2022 with only a few related to 2023-2027.

The reported evaluations address all relevant RDP topics, but to a differing extent:

- The biggest share of the completed evaluations (29%) concern CAP Objective 2 - ensuring sustainable management of natural resources and climate action). Evaluations of RD Priority 4 (ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry) are reported by 16 Member States⁶² and a smaller number of evaluations on RD Priority 5 (resource efficiency, low carbon and climate resilient economy) is reported by six Member States⁶³;
- 21% of completed evaluations address multiple RD priorities (in eight Member States⁶⁴). These are mostly Annual Evaluation Reports or updates of Interim Evaluation Reports of the RDP 2014-2020;
- Around 16% of the completed evaluations address CAP Objective 3 - achieving a balanced territorial development in seven Member States⁶⁵. This includes evaluation of RD Priority 6 (social inclusion, poverty reduction, economic development) and CLLD/LEADER;
- About 12% of the completed evaluations concern CAP Objective 1 - fostering the competitiveness of agriculture consisting of RD Priority 2 (farm viability and competitiveness) and RD Priority 3 (food chain organisation, animal welfare, risk management). The evaluations are reported by 12 Member States⁶⁶;

⁵¹ Reported in ES - Asturias, FR - Guadeloupe.

⁵² Reported in DE - Schleswig-Holstein.

⁵³ Reported in ES - Castilla la Mancha.

⁵⁴ Reported in AT.

⁵⁵ Reported in DE - Thuringen,

⁵⁶ Reported in FR - Picardie.

⁵⁷ Reported in FI - Mainland.

⁵⁸ Reported in IT - Piemonte, FR.

⁵⁹ Reported in IT - Toscana.

⁶⁰ Reported in BE - Flanders.

⁶¹ Reported in ES - Canaria.

⁶² Reported in AT, BE, CY, DE, EE, EL, ES, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PL, SE, SI, UK.

⁶³ Reported in EE, ES, IT, PL, SE, UK.

⁶⁴ Reported in BE, CZ, DE, ES, FR, IT, LT, NL.

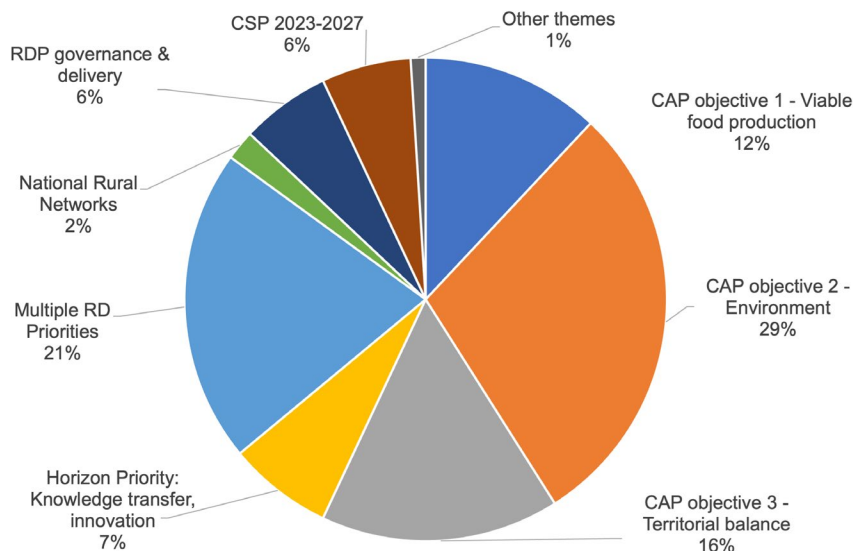
⁶⁵ Reported in DE, ES, IT, LV, MT, SE, UK.

⁶⁶ Reported in DE, EE, ES, FR, IE, IT, LT, LV, PL, SE, SI, UK.



- > 7% of the completed evaluations address the Horizontal Priority – knowledge transfer and innovation. These are reported by five Member States⁶⁷;
- > Smaller shares of completed evaluations concern RDP governance and delivery (6%) and NRNs (2%);
- > Evaluations related to the preparation of the 2023-2027 implementation period account for about 6%.

Figure 5. Completed evaluations across main topics (N=160) reported in AIRs in 2023



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

Main types of evaluation

In order to categorise the type of evaluation, the definitions outlined in the following text box were used.

Types of evaluations (definitions)

- > **Impact evaluation** capturing effects against a baseline situation **with a counterfactual approach** (comparing a supported and non-supported target group e.g. before-and-after and with-and-without approaches)
- > **Impact evaluation** capturing effects against a baseline situation with **no counterfactual approach** (e.g. 'Theory of change' based approach, before-and-after approach)
- > **Evaluation of achievements** (e.g. financial implementation, implementation of planned tasks, achievement of target values, achieved results for the beneficiaries but not capturing effects against a baseline situation)
- > **Process evaluation** of the implementation system (governance, delivery system, communication, NRN)
- > **Research study** other than evaluation (e.g. monitoring studies)
- > **ex ante evaluation** of the CAP Strategic Plan (2023-2027)

Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

Evaluations of achievements and impacts account together for 58% of all reported evaluations in the AIRs in 2023, which is the same share as last year. This encompasses impact evaluations both without a counterfactual (11%) and with a counterfactual approach (6%). The counterfactual evaluations were documented by six different Member States⁶⁸, predominantly focussing on two areas: RD Priority 2: Farm viability and competitiveness, and

RD Priority 4: Ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry (see examples in [Annex 1](#)).

Process evaluations, which examine the RDP implementation system, constitute 18% of the completed evaluations. These evaluations were reported by 7 MS⁶⁹ in 2023.

⁶⁷ Reported in DE, IT, SE, SI, UK.

⁶⁸ Reported in EE, IE, LT, LU, PL, UK.

⁶⁹ Reported in BE, DE, EE, ES, FR, IT, SE.

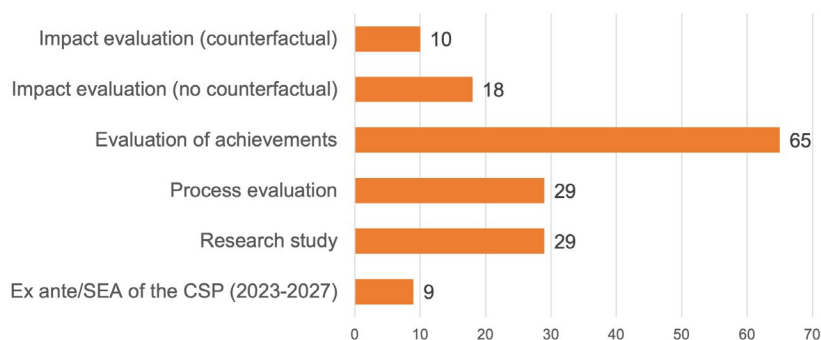


Research studies other than evaluations in a strict sense make up approximately 18% of the reports, as noted in nine Member States⁷⁰. These studies typically do not examine the RDP contribution to CAP Objectives but deal with contextual trends and indicators. This category includes studies to monitor populations of selected qualifying bird species, Natura 2000 areas or those that track the progression of agri-environmental indicators.

Around 6% of the reported evaluations relate to the 2023-2027 implementation period and are therefore kept in a separate category. These typically include *ex ante* evaluations and Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) of the CAP Strategic Plan.

In total, 122 out of 160 evaluations (or 76%) assess the effects, achievements and processes of RDPs.

Figure 6. Type of evaluations reported (in absolute numbers, N=160)



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

2.6 Sub-section e): Summary of completed evaluations, focusing on evaluation findings

The number of reported evaluation findings (433) has seen a slight increase (9%) compared to the previous year (397). These findings were reported by a total of 69 AIRs from 21 Member States and the UK. In terms of thematic orientation, the findings are primarily associated with RD Priority 4, which focuses on ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry (20%), RD Priority 2, which centres on farm viability and competitiveness (14%), and LEADER/CLLD (13%). The evidence supporting these findings predominantly relies on the assessment of results (41%) and RDP processes and implementation (30%). Findings based on the assessment of contextual trends (9%) and of monitoring information (10%) are also frequent, while those based on the assessment of impacts account for 9%.

Evidence basis of findings

To categorise the evidence basis of findings, the definitions outlined in the following text box were used.

Evidence basis of evaluation findings - definitions

Findings are based on the assessment of:

- > Contextual trends: external factors that are not directly related to a specific policy instrument, but are influenced by a wider range of factors.
- > Impacts (net): changes beyond immediate effects against a baseline situation with a counterfactual approach (comparing a supported and non-supported target group e.g. before-and-after and with-and-without approaches).
- > Impacts (gross): changes that go beyond immediate effects, measured against a baseline situation without a counterfactual approach, e.g. before-and-after comparison.
- > Results (net): achieved direct and immediate effects among direct beneficiaries in comparison to a control group.
- > Results (gross): achieved direct and immediate effects for direct beneficiaries.
- > Monitoring information (input, output): assesses the performance of activities directly realised through the programme and measured in physical or monetary units.
- > Processes and implementation: analyses activities concerning the management and implementation of RDPs, including the establishment of eligibility criteria, allocation of funding, support levels, etc.

Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

⁷⁰ Reported in CY, DE, EL, ES, IT, LV, SE, SI.



It was observed that most findings are based on the assessment of gross results representing a share of 39% of the total reported evaluation findings. A minimal percentage of reported findings, about 2%, is associated with net results [e.g. netting out the complementary result indicators].

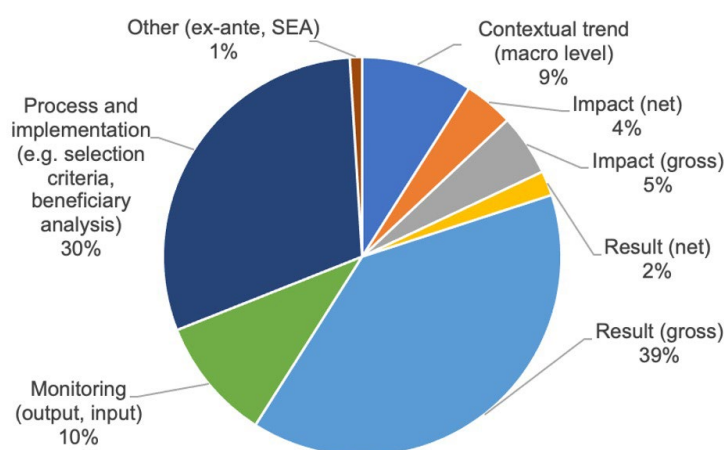
There was a notable decrease in findings focused on impacts, accounting for 9% of the total, which was a substantial decline from the previous year's 16%. This includes 4% of findings coming from a net impact assessment. The decline can be explained by

the progress of the evaluation cycle, which will have its next major milestone (ex post evaluation) in 2026.

Around 9% of the findings were derived from an examination of macro-level contextual trends, where no actual impact of RDPs can be evaluated.

Findings from the analysis of RDP processes and implementation accounted for 30% of the total. Finally, 10% of the evaluation findings are based on the analysis of inputs and outputs (monitoring).

Figure 7. Evidence basis of evaluation findings reported in the AIRs in 2023 (N=433 evaluation findings, in %)



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

Direction of effects

Almost half (45%) of reported evaluation findings showed a positive direction of effects, manifesting in aspects such as the improved performance of the Farm Birdland Index (FBI) or enhancement of farm competitiveness. **Most Member States (18) reported positive effects**, including in Italy where 55% of the reported findings are positive.

Within the different evaluation topics, the highest share of positive findings was found for NRNs (65%), which is based on a small number of reported findings on this topic (14). For example, the involvement of additional interest groups helped NRNs spread best practice examples, increase the know-how and competences by providing capacity building and knowhow transfer initiatives, improve the use of regional potentials, and inform the public and potential beneficiaries interested in rural development. Moreover, NRNs have been instrumental in strengthening the participation of stakeholders in the implementation of rural development⁷¹.

The analysis revealed a high share of findings indicating a positive direction of effects, particularly within CAP Objective 2 (environment), accounting for 54%. Notably, this topic also experienced the highest proportion of findings reporting negative effects with 12% of the total. Regarding CAP Objective 3 (territorial balance), 45% of the findings demonstrate a positive direction. Similarly, CAP Objective 1 (competitiveness) and the Horizontal

Priority recorded positive trends in their findings, standing at 40% and 38% respectively. **Mixed effects are reported in 10% of the findings** e.g. in the case of RD Priority 4 in Navarra (Spain), it was reported that the diversity of land use has decreased slightly in the farms benefiting from the RDP, but the number of livestock units of endangered breeds shows an upward trend⁷². For RD Priority 5 in Ireland, it was found that the participants in the Beef Data and Genomics Programme (BDGP) tend to have a larger overall emissions profile in absolute terms, but the unit emissions efficiency is generally superior and has improved at a faster pace than other farms since the scheme was introduced. This reflects the relatively large scale and viability of farms that participate in the BDGP, but also reflects that those are the farms making the largest genetic gains, which in turn can yield the largest benefit for mitigation potential for the future of the beef sector⁷³.

Negative effects were reported in 6% of cases and zero effects were noted in 4%. The reported negative effects often relate to environmental objectives (RD Priority 4 and RD Priority 5) e.g. it was found that when crop rotations are based on the cultivation of cereals and rapeseed, there can be a significant decrease in profitability if the use of glyphosate is discontinued. This is primarily because it necessitates the use of more expensive herbicides for field crops, in addition to increased soil tillage costs⁷⁴.

⁷¹ Reported in DE - NRN.

⁷² Reported in ES - Navarra.

⁷³ Reported in IE.

⁷⁴ Reported in EE.

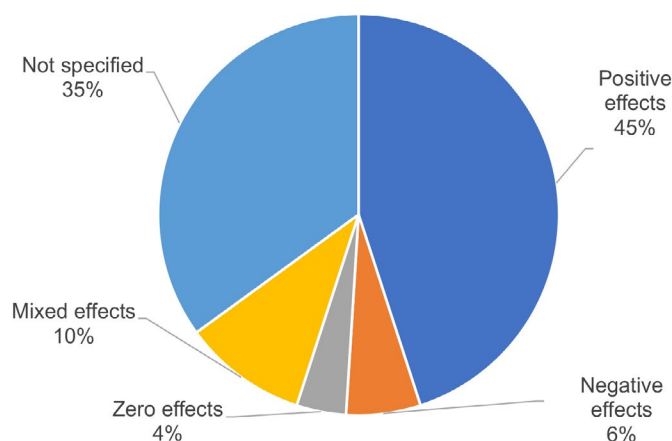


The instances where zero effects were reported mainly concern the performance of RDP interventions e.g. the indicator tracking the state of biodiversity within the Natura 2000 Network, categorized by habitat type, remains unchanged ⁷⁵.

For the remaining 35% of the findings presented in sub-section 2(e), it was **not possible to specify their direction of effects**, whether

positive, negative or mixed. Despite this, these findings are still beneficial in understanding the primary evaluation results, offering insights on contextual trends, implementation difficulties and suggestions for future policy design, among others. However, it is worth noting that the link between the policy intervention and the development of the result and impact indicators is not direct in these cases.

Figure 8. Direction of effects of reported evaluation findings (N=433 findings)



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

Direction of effects of findings related to CAP Objectives

In the following tables (1 to 4), the share of evaluation findings related to the three CAP Objectives, including the six RD priorities and the Horizontal Priority (fostering knowledge transfer and innovation in agriculture, forestry and rural areas), are broken down according to their direction of effects. This share equals 88% of the reported findings (379 of 433). The remaining findings that concern multiple RD priorities, governance and delivery mechanisms, NRNs or the CAP Strategic Plans were not included in this part of the analysis.

CAP Objective 1 - Fostering the competitiveness of agriculture

In this thematic area, a group of 33 RDPs from 11 Member States ⁷⁶ report 94 findings. 40% of effects show a positive direction, while also mixed (9%), negative (7%) and zero (4%) effects are presented. This is complemented by 40% of evaluation findings which do not have a specified direction of effects.

Table 1. Evaluation findings related to CAP Objective 1

Number of evaluation findings per main topic and direction of effects	Positive effects	Negative effects	Zero effects	Mixed effects	Not specified	Total
RD Priority 2 (P2): Farm viability and competitiveness	23	3	4	4	28	62
RD Priority 3 (P3): Food chain organisation, animal welfare, risk management	11	1	0	2	8	22
CAP sector-related impacts: competitiveness in agriculture	4	2	0	2	2	10
Total	38	6	4	8	38	94
%	40%	7%	4%	9%	40%	100%

Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

⁷⁵ Reported in ES - Navarra.

⁷⁶ CZ, DE, EE, ES, FR, IE, IT, LT, LV, PL, UK.



In the following section, selected examples of findings are presented:

- Campania (IT), P2, positive effects: According to a survey of the Campania RDP, 67.2% of Measure 4.1 beneficiaries confirmed the improvement in the economic performance of the company and an increase in economic size. The surveyed beneficiaries estimated an average increase in productivity of 50%, and higher in companies with a smaller initial economic size. Additionally, 55.6% of the Measure 6.4 beneficiaries confirmed the improvement of economic performance with the introduction/strengthening of economic diversification activities on the farm.
- IT National, P3, positive effects: Data concerning the implementation of Sub-measure 17.1 (support for subsidised agricultural insurance) in Italy shows that beneficiary companies are larger in operational and economic size, are more capitalised, efficient and inclined to invest than non-beneficiary companies. The net effect determined by the public contribution provided through Sub-measure 17.1 is between EUR 14 500 per horticultural holding and EUR 25 000 per viticultural holding. Overall, the farms that continuously adhere to Sub-measure 17.1 show positive trends in company turnover, despite operating in areas heavily damaged by adverse weather events. In comparison, the farms that do not make use of subsidised insurance have a stagnant or even declining turnover.

- Ireland, P2, positive effects: Ireland's Beef Data and Genomics Programme (BDGP) was part of the country's 2014-2020 RDP. The spending review of the programme showed that participants tend to generally farm larger areas, hold higher numbers of stock, produce more output and earn higher incomes on average when compared with non-BDGP participants or the overall population of beef farmers. The trends in genetic gain have been steadily increasing for BDGP herds over the period of the scheme and have built on the initial gains reported in the previous review. Non-BDGP participants also continue to benefit from a positive spill-over effect, although at a slower rate than BDGP farms, due to the availability of superior genetics for breeding overall. In terms of the key performance indicators, the calving intervals have shortened, the number of calves per cow per year has increased, the percentage of heifers calving before 26 months old has increased and the age of first calving has decreased. These are all in line with the objectives of the programme and reflect a continuation of progress as reported in the previous review.

CAP Objective 2 - Ensuring the sustainable management of natural resources and climate actions

Of the 132 evaluation findings from 35 RDPs in 17 Member States⁷⁷ reporting on this objective, 54% have positive direction of effects, negative (12%), mixed (11%) and zero (5%) effects. 18% of findings do not have a specified direction of effects.

Table 2. Evaluation findings related to CAP Objective 2

Number of evaluation findings per main topic and direction of effects	Positive effects	Negative effects	Zero effects	Mixed effects	Not specified	Total
RD Priority 4 (P4): Ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry	48	13	3	12	10	86
RD Priority 5 (P5): Resource efficiency, low carbon and climate resilient economy	17	3	4	2	9	35
CAP environmental impacts: Sustainable management of natural resources	6	0	0	1	4	11
Total	71	16	7	15	23	132
%	54%	12%	5%	11%	18%	100%

Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

In the following section, selected examples of findings are presented:

- Cyprus, P4, mixed effects: The 'Report Programme of the Bird Index of Agricultural Areas' in Cyprus shows mixed results in terms of the evolution of species populations. In fact, two species (Coracias garrulus and Emberiza melanocephala) declined by up to 5% per year; ten species (Alectoris chukar, Coturnix coturnix, Streptopelia turtur, Clamator glandarius, Athene noctua, Galerida cristata, Oenanthe cyprica, Iduna pallida, Sylvia conspicillata and Linaria cannabina) remained steady; eight species (Falco tinnunculus, Francolinus francolinus, Hirundo rustica, Cisticola juncidis, Pica pica, Corvus corone cornix, Passer hispaniolensis and Carduelis carduelis) increased by up to 5% per year; and

five species (Columba palumbus, Sylvia melanocephala, Parus major, Chloris chloris and Emberiza calandra) increased by more than 5% per year.

- Nordrhein-Westfalen (DE), CAP Objective 2 (environmental), positive effects: Under the Nordrhein-Westfalen RDP, forest conversion measures were carried out on 8 866 hectare (ha), soil protection liming took place on 18 588 ha and nature conservation measures were supported on 469 ha. The forest conversion measures and soil protection liming are suitable for supporting the improvement of water quality and quantity. The implemented measures aim at the development of stable deciduous and mixed stands as well as the structural improvement of the soil litter,

⁷⁷ AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, FR, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PL, SE, SI, UK.



the soil and the nutrient balance of the forest soils to increase the resilience and stability of the forests, which has a positive effect on the water balance and water quality. It must be noted, however, that the problem of nitrogen saturation and acidification of forest soils cannot be solved by silvicultural methods alone. These can only make a small contribution. The main influencing factor is emissions from agriculture. The nature conservation measures are special species protection measures. Due to the small size of the area, there are no direct impacts on water.

- Lithuania, CAP Objective 2 (environment), positive effects: The evaluation of the effectiveness of Measure (agri-environment and climate) of the Lithuanian RDP for 2014-2020 recommended solutions that could increase the area of agricultural land supported and the environmental effect of the measure and its activities. The evaluators recommended to: make the mowing deadlines more favourable to farmers; to revise compensatory payments considering the increase of the prices of technical, energy and labour resources; to reduce the minimum areas eligible for support; to apply precise tillage and other technologies; to expand the list of eligible livestock for the activities of Measure 10 that require livestock; to expand the possibilities of remote submission of information to the national paying agency system; to strengthen information activities through training, consultations and dissemination of research results.
- Sweden, P4, positive effects: A Swedish report following-up on the restored pastures and hay meadows supported under the 2014-2020 RDP shows that an estimated 72% of the land restored in 2000-2013 was still managed in 2020 and that 62% had high natural and cultural environmental value. It also shows that the

largest area of the land that was restored in 2000-2013 was in the Götaland's forested areas. The author concludes that the support has contributed to a lasting effect. It is therefore recommended that there should be continued support for restoring pastures and hay meadows. One way to get more farmers to continue tending restored pastures and hay meadows is to direct the support towards the lands where the chance for this to happen is greatest. This can be done in support that is paid out based on selection criteria. The criteria help guide the support so that it is used for land that is judged to have a greater chance of being managed for a longer period of time, based on the conditions at the time of the application.

- England (UK), P5, negative effects: A study evaluating the resilience of AES to climate change concluded that over 90% of the 420 respondents to an online survey had been impacted by extreme weather, for a third this was 'severe' on at least one occasion in the last 5 years. Also, over 70% reported experiencing extreme heat, 65% extreme wet, 68% unseasonal weather and timings (e.g. very early spring) and 57% drought. These were the top four factors. The adverse impact of dry and hot weather appears more widespread, compared to wet weather, which was more localised with a range of impacts, some of which can be severe.

CAP Objective 3 - Achieving a balanced territorial development

In this thematic area, 35 RDPs in nine Member States⁷⁸ report 113 findings, of which 45% show positive direction of effects also mixed (8%), negative (4%) and zero (3%) effects. 40% of findings do not have specified effects. Half of the findings relate to CLLD/LEADER.

Table 3. Evaluation findings related to CAP Objective 3

Number of evaluation findings per main topic and direction of effects	Positive effects	Negative effects	Zero effects	Mixed effects	Not specified	Total
RD Priority 6 (P6): Social inclusion, poverty reduction, economic development	16	3	2	5	23	49
Specific focus on CLLD/LEADER	31	2	1	3	20	57
CAP socio-economic impacts: Territorial balance	4	0	0	1	2	7
Total	51	5	3	9	45	113
%	45%	4%	3%	8%	40%	100%

Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

In the following section, selected examples of findings are presented:

- Hessen (DE), P6, mixed effects: According to a study on the contribution of the Hessian 2014-2022 RDP to equality between men and women, two thirds of the planned public funds were earmarked for measures that are classified as gender-neutral, with the remaining one third used for measures in fields of action relevant to gender equality. Of this third, only a small part is

earmarked for funding measures that also take gender equality into account in the design of the measures. With the support of the working group 'Women in Rural Areas' positive steps were taken towards a better anchoring of gender mainstreaming in the implementation of the RDP. Thus, a positive contribution to gender equality was made with Technical Assistance funds. Additionally, within the framework of promoting diversification,

⁷⁸ DE, EE, ES, FR, IT, MT, LT, SE, UK.



basic services and LEADER, there have been positive contributions (including employment effects). The participation of women in the steering committees of village development and the decision-making bodies of the LEADER regions is insufficient. The gender equality aspect was also insufficiently anchored in the selection criteria of the LEADER regions. The steps already taken towards a gender-sensitive implementation of European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) funding should be continued and further developed in the next funding period.

- Estonia, P6, positive effects: All projects completed in 2021 under Measures 4.2, 6.4, 16.4, 19.2 and 19.3, the supported investments resulted in the creation of 327.5 full-time jobs. For projects completed in the years 2016–2021, which contribute to the goal of the target area 6A (Measure 4.2 projects in part and the projects of Measure 6.4 as a whole), a total of 510 new jobs have been created (182.1% of the 280 jobs set as a target for 2025). In the case of projects contributing to the goal of target area 6B, a total of 1 452.8 new jobs, which accounted for 85.5% of the 1 700 jobs set as the target level by 2025.
- Malta, CLLD/LEADER, positive effects: LEADER in Malta has had a positive impact in terms of enhancing social capital. Based on

results obtained from the closure reports, an average of 48% of the projects have contributed in some way to the social aspect of LEADER with the majority contributing to the increase in knowledge and awareness (67%). One important aspect of the projects with a social capital element is that they strengthen community ties. In fact, the analysis of the closure reports shows that 46% of the completed projects have contributed to strengthen community ties. In addition, there has also been strong cooperation and collaboration from local entities which were not directly involved.

Horizontal Priority: Fostering knowledge transfer and innovation in agriculture, forestry and rural areas

In this thematic area, 20 RDPs in seven Member States⁷⁹ reported 40 evaluation findings, of which positive effects amount to 38% of the findings, and concern EIP-AGRI, the cross-cutting objective of innovation and other RD Priority 1 themes. Other findings show mixed (7%) or zero (5%) effects. No findings are considered to have negative effects. 50% of findings do not have specified effects.

Table 4. Evaluation findings related to the Horizontal Priority.

Number of evaluation findings per theme and direction	Positive effects	Negative effects	Zero effects	Mixed effects	Not specified	Total
RD Priority 1: Knowledge transfer and innovation	2	0	2	0	11	15
Specific focus on EIP-AGRI	7	0	0	2	6	15
RDP Cross Cutting Objective: Innovation	6	0	0	1	3	10
Total	15	0	2	3	20	40
%	38%	0%	5%	7%	50%	100%

Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

In the following section, selected examples of findings are presented:

- Czechia, P1, positive effects: Intensity of contribution of RDP to support the development of a knowledge base, co-operation, innovation, lifelong learning, and relations to research and development has increased thanks to the faster realization of co-operation.
- Wales (UK), EIP-AGRI, positive effects: The vast majority of Operational Group members report that their project has been a success and resulted in a change in practice because of the project. This included improvement of farming techniques, improvement of animal health and using testing to inform decisions. 54% reported generating new income or reducing costs because of the project. 41% responded with 'not yet' as their projects were not completed yet.

⁷⁹ CZ, DE, FR, IT, LT, SE, UK.



2.7 Sub-section f): Description of communication activities undertaken in relation to publicising evaluation findings

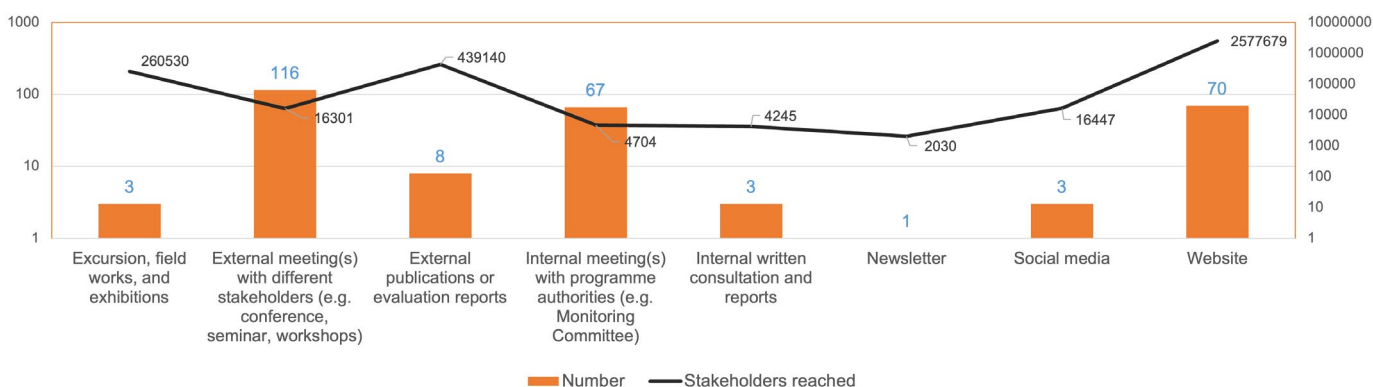
A considerable number of communication activities (271) publicising evaluation findings were reported in 2023, which is 77 activities fewer than in 2022. Altogether, around 3.3 million stakeholders were reached, which is nearly half of the number reported in 2022 (6 million)⁸⁰.

A large majority of stakeholders were reached through websites (2.5 million or 77%), followed by external publications or evaluation reports (438 000 or 13%). A smaller share of stakeholders was reached through a combination of various communication channels, such as excursions, field work, exhibitions, social media, external

meetings with different stakeholders, internal meetings with programme authorities, internal written consultation, reports and newsletters.

About more than half of the reported communication activities targeted the general public (34%) or researchers and thematic experts (23%). Another important target group is the RDP Monitoring Committee (20%) followed by the RDP Managing Authority, national/regional authorities, evaluators, farmers, RDP beneficiaries, LAGs and National Rural Networks, and associations.

Figure 9. Number of communication activities by type and stakeholders reached



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

Communication activities with programme authorities mostly concerned internal meetings and presentations. For instance, in Spain, the presentation by the Managing Authority of the evaluation results to the Monitoring Committee involved representatives of socio-economic and environmental actors. In Lithuania, the ministry of agriculture presented the *ex ante* evaluation of the CSP and the *ex ante* assessment of financial instruments to members of the Monitoring Committee, other social partners, experts and civil servants.

Activities targeting the general public included, for example, the 'XIII Soil Day Presentation' by the Estonian University of Life Sciences on 'The fertilization need of Estonian agricultural soils and its changes'. The 'Open Farm Day' media campaign, introduced people to rural life and food production in EE, reaching approximately 260 000 members of the wider public and families with children.

Several communication activities reported in 2023 concerned online publications and consultations. In France, the online publication by the managing authority showcased the results of the evaluation conducted in 2022 on EAFRD in the context of the AIR of June 2022, primarily targeting the RDP partners given the technical nature of the project. In Italy, the consultation of the written procedure by the Managing Authority, which concluded favourably on the 26th of June 2023, was aimed at the economic, social and institutional partnership.

In Sweden, the Swedish Board of Agriculture disseminated information on their programmes and finances through a communication channel, successfully reaching the general public as intended. Meanwhile, external meeting with different stakeholders were reported, for example, in Austria with the participation to workshop, such as the 'Good Practice Workshop' organised by the Evaluation Helpdesk, discussing how to assess direct payment interventions in the new CAP.

2.8 Sub-section g): Description of the follow-up given to evaluation results

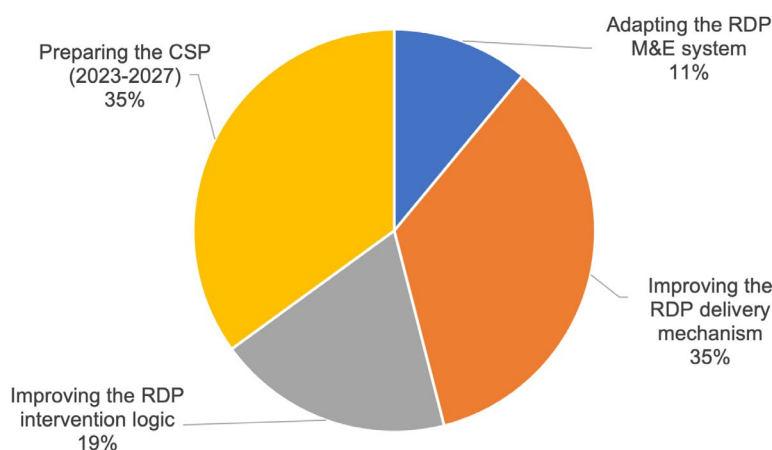
Fewer follow-up activities on evaluation results have been reported compared to 2022. In 35% of the cases, the topics concerned improvements in the RDP delivery mechanism (2014-2022), and in another 35%, the preparation of the CAP Strategic Plan for the implementation period 2023-2027.

In the AIRs submitted in 2023, 355 follow-ups on evaluation results were reported in 65 AIRs. As illustrated in Figure 10, a large share was related to the preparation of the CAP Strategic Plan (35%) and the improvement of RDP delivery mechanism (35%). Additionally, 19% were dedicated to improving the RDP intervention logic and 11% to adapting the RDP monitoring and evaluation system.

⁸⁰ It needs to be noted that the largest share of the stakeholders is reached through websites, which is typically very difficult to estimate and subject to huge variations, as no unique counting method for the reporting had been defined. Consequently, the variations in the reported numbers are large across the reporting years and the numbers should therefore be interpreted with caution.



Figure 10. Reported follow-up activities given to evaluation results (N=355)



Source: European Evaluation Helpdesk for the CAP (2023)

3. Overall assessment

3.1 Summary assessment on progress in implementing the evaluation plans and conclusions

Overall, the activities detailed in chapter 2 reported in 2023, reflecting the previous year, indicate a slight decrease in activities pertaining to evaluations, data management and completion of evaluations. In addition, there has been an increase in the actual results regarding reported evaluation findings, suggesting that Member States are now capitalising on the groundwork laid in the previous years.

Nonetheless, based on these evaluation results, further improvements are needed in Member States reporting on follow-up actions.

To what extent have Member States progressed in the implementation of their evaluation and data management activities?

The number of evaluation activities has slightly decreased (-5%) compared to the previous reporting year, with the most substantial decline evident in the planning and coordination of evaluations for the 2014-2022 period (-33%) but also in the preparation and structuring activities (-14%). This was expected and indicates that Member States have now clearly shifted into the later phases of the evaluation cycle, marked by harvesting the results of the groundwork laid in the previous years.

To some extent, this is offset by a 79% increase in reported activities pertaining to the CAP Strategic Plan for 2023-2027.

Overall, more than two-thirds of the evaluation activities reported in 2023 focus on the phases of conducting, reporting, and disseminating evaluations. These activities particularly emphasise topics such as RD Priority 4, LEADER and AKIS.

The data provision and management activities (369) remain at similar levels compared to the numbers reported in the previous year, as well as their spread across data management phases. However, a notable decline was observed in the number of activities centred around preparing data management. Although, most AIRs

highlighted incremental improvements in their data recording and management systems, particularly in terms of activities focused on data collection and reporting.

To what extent were Member States able to report evaluation findings stemming from the assessment of RDP results and impacts?

The increased number of evaluation findings (433 findings in 2023 compared to 397 the year before) were predominantly based on the assessment of RDP results (41%), and on the assessment of RDP processes and implementation, amounting to 30% of the total. Findings based on the analysis of contextual trends and monitoring information are also common, making up 9% and 10% respectively, while 9% of the findings are clearly based on the assessment of impacts. The relative decrease of evaluation findings grounded on impacts is explained with the evaluation cycle having its next major milestone (*ex post* evaluation) only in 2026.

These findings were documented in a total of 69 AIRs from 21 Member States and the UK. Thematically, they are primarily associated with RD Priority 4, which emphasises ecosystems related to agriculture and forestry, constituting 20% of the focus. This is followed by RD Priority 2, which centres on farm viability and competitiveness, accounting for 14%, and LEADER/CLLD strategies, making up 13%.

To what extent have Member States disseminated and used evaluation findings and for what purpose?

The number of communication activities for publicising evaluation findings and of stakeholders reached is at a lower level than reported in 2022. These figures, however, should be interpreted with caution, as no unified accounting methods have been defined for the stakeholders reached. According to the reports, approximately 3.3 million stakeholders were reached. A large majority of these were engaged through websites, accounting for 2.5 million or 77%



of interactions, followed by external publications or evaluation reports, which reached 438 thousand or 13%. A smaller portion of stakeholders was reached through a range of various communication channels, including excursions, fieldwork, exhibitions, social media, external meetings with various stakeholders, internal meetings with programme authorities, internal written consultations and newsletters.

Over half of the reported communication activities targeted either the general public (34%) or researchers and thematic experts (23%). Another significant target group was the RDP Monitoring Committee,

accounting for 20%, followed by various entities including the RDP Managing Authority, national/regional authorities, evaluators, farmers, RDP beneficiaries, LAGs, NRNs and associations.

Whilst we noted an increase in the number of evaluation findings earlier, it appears that, overall, fewer follow-up activities on evaluation results have been reported compared to 2022. In 35% of cases, the topics concerned improvements in the RDP delivery mechanism for the 2014-2022 period, and in another 35%, preparations were being made for the CAP Strategic Plan for the 2023-2027 implementation period.

3.2 Recommendations on better reporting

Topic/subsection	Recommendations
General	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report only the information corresponding to the previous calendar year. Avoid cumulative reporting of activities that were already reported.
Sub-section a): Description of any modifications made to the evaluation plan in the RDP during the year, with their justification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specifically consider necessary modifications in view of preparing the ex post evaluation.
Sub-section b): Description of the evaluation activities undertaken during the year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specifically consider activities in view of the ex post evaluation and in view of preparing for the next programming period.
Sub-section c): Description of activities undertaken in relation to the provision and management of data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specifically consider activities in view of the ex post evaluation and in view of preparing for the next programming period. Consider long-term activities in order to improve data availability (e.g. involvement in relevant research activities and initiatives).
Sub-section d): List of completed evaluations, including references to where they have been published online	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report on completed evaluations rather than various information products (like brochures or publications linked to implementation). Make sure to include, for each completed evaluation, a brief and informative abstract (rather than referring to where such an abstract can be found). Ensure that the included hyperlink leads directly to the completed evaluation (rather than to a general government website).
Sub-section f): Description of communication activities undertaken in relation to publicising evaluation findings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cover all communication activities in relation to the different target groups, such as RDP Monitoring Committees, LAGs, national/regional authorities, researchers and thematic experts, evaluators, NRNs, rural networks and associations, as well as the wider public.
Sub-section g): Description of the follow-up given to evaluation results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make sure to possibly cover all follow-up actions undertaken stemming from evaluation findings reported in this and previous reports, if not addressed previously. In this section, focus on follow-up actions and intended actions points rather than on recommendations. Show how you are making use of evaluation results to improve the implementation of the current policy and/or to improve the design of the future policy.



4. Annexes

4.1 Annex 1: Examples of completed evaluations reported in AIRs submitted in 2023

Examples of completed evaluations are shown with a view to illustrate interesting evaluation methods in relation to RD priorities.

RD Priority 1 - Results and Impact of EIP Funding Interim Report

(Type: Operational evaluation of achievements/results; DE - Brandenburg-Berlin)

The ongoing evaluation of the RDP focused on the results and impact of the EIP support, in preparation for the ex post evaluation. The guiding question was whether the supported innovation processes delivered their specific results and led to higher performance and sustainability in the programme area, or if such an effect could be anticipated at least in the medium term.

Using the example of the first five EIP projects that had been completed, this initial interim report examined potential effects to draw preliminary conclusions and recommendations for the further design of the measure. Additional completed projects were to be evaluated successively.

Regarding the evaluation method, a bottom-up approach was chosen. Initially, it was examined at the project level whether the implicit or explicit specific objectives of the project had been achieved, and what the intended or unintended results were. The basis for this step was a document analysis of the project descriptions, practical sheets and, in particular, the final project reports.

Subsequently, the maturity level of the results was assessed in line with the technology maturity concept. The goal was to estimate which steps needed to be undertaken following the project's completion to achieve broad practical application with a corresponding effect. The classification into a technology readiness level was conducted by the evaluator, and where there was uncertainty, validation was sought from an Operational Group partner in the research sector.

The evaluation found amongst others that the five projects that have been successfully completed so far can be seen as having the potential to impact on productivity and/or sustainability in agriculture or the fulfilment of societal demands on agriculture. This means that the innovation processes initiated could lead to relatively large changes if they were to be widely applied in practice.

RD Priority 2 - The impact of the measures of the Lithuanian Rural Development Programme for 2014-2020 on increasing the viability of farms and the competitiveness of all types of agricultural activities and promoting innovative farm technologies

(Type: Impact evaluation WITH counterfactual approach; LT)

The aim of this evaluation was to assess the measures that directly and indirectly contributed to the implementation of RD Priority 2 of the Lithuanian RDP for 2014-2020 in order to increase the viability and competitiveness of the agricultural and forestry sectors, promote innovative farm technologies, and provide recommendations on the effective and efficient use of EU support.

The micro-level analysis shows that the objectives of RD Priority 2 are being successfully implemented at the micro-level, with high economic performance of the beneficiary farms and high achievement of the planned product and target indicators. However, the viability situation of small farms and most of the livestock sub-sectors and labour productivity developments have correspondingly deteriorated or been worse when compared to other farm size groups and supported sectors. Support to improve farm competitiveness reached only 17% of all small farms, 19% of medium-sized farms and 46% of large farms.

The deteriorating situation of small farms and the livestock sector is at least partially attributed to the low level of cooperation between farms and the insufficient development of innovations. The scale of changes in cooperation initiated by investments is limited (Measure 16.1 and Measure 16.3), so the investments did not create a significant impetus for the development of cooperation in the context of the entire agricultural sector. But the competitiveness and viability situation in the agricultural sector as a whole has improved.

The analysis shows that although Lithuania is lagging significantly behind the EU in terms of labour productivity in the agricultural sector (CMEF indicator C14 'Labour productivity in agriculture'), the investments (Measure 4.1) have contributed to reducing this gap. Investments contributed to the development of agricultural production factors and growth in agricultural business incomes, which mitigated the decline in the number of holdings and increasing rural employment. Investments in the forestry sector have also contributed to labour productivity in forestry in the forestry sector.

RD Priority 3 - Management interventions promoted by Measure 14 of the RDP for the improving animal welfare: assessment of results achieved and identification of potential adaptations and innovations in support actions

(Type: Operational evaluation of achievements/results; IT - Campania)

The evaluation analysed the implementation and effectiveness of interventions supported through Measure 14 of the RDP 2014-2020, focusing on improving animal welfare in livestock farms. It assessed the measure's effectiveness in achieving its objectives based on preliminary insights, the implementation process and ex post evaluation. Additionally, the report sought to delineate prospective improvements or adjustments to the intervention strategy and associated implementation tools, either adopted during the RDP's 2021-2022 extension phase or intended for application in the regional formulation of agricultural policy for the 2023-2027 implementation period.

The methodological steps consisted of: Firstly, an analysis of the interventions and beneficiaries of Measure 14 through the processing of secondary data. This was followed by the presentation of the operations implemented under Measure 14, complemented by the identification of sources and methods for evaluating their impacts, a process informed by expert contributions and assessments. Subsequently, sample surveys were conducted at



farms participating in the measure, which included one business case study, and a counterfactual analysis was carried out. The final step involved a comprehensive interpretation of the results derived from the analyses, followed by the formulation of proposals for improvements, guided by the expertise and judgements of specialists.

The results of the farm surveys do not show significant changes in the management of livestock and the organisation of the farm following adherence to the measure. More changes occur with the adherence to 'Action A', concerning minimum outdoor space, which, however, affected the smallest share of buffalo and dairy cattle farms. The evaluation of most of the entrepreneurs on the effectiveness of the commitments in fostering animal welfare conditions is overall positive, especially for 'Action A' (minimum space) and 'Action C' (enhanced health prevention).

The experts consulted recognise the educational role played by the measure in increasing the awareness among the beneficiary farmers of animal welfare and in introducing new management approaches. This effect, however, still affects a limited number of farms, especially in some areas (reduced regional impact). There is also a lack of a clear, shared and operational definition of the concept of animal welfare and the potential causal links between proposed actions, animal welfare and livestock productivity, as well as the non-use in the measure of methods/tools to assess the effectiveness of commitments against animal welfare objectives.

RD Priority 4 – Contribution of forest funding measures to water quality and quantity

(Type: Impact evaluation NO counterfactual approach; DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen)

The aim of the evaluation was to examine the effects of forest support measures on water quality and quantity. The reporting period covers the period 2015 to 2020. Reference was made to 'evaluation question 9' (improvement of water management). Specifically, forest conversion (Measure 8.51), soil protection liming (Measure 8.52) and nature conservation in the forest (Measure 8.54) were evaluated.

The methodology was mainly based on the assessment of funding data and a literature analysis. First, the literature study was conducted followed by the compilation and assessment of data pertaining to forestry measures funding. This data, provided by the state of North-Rhine Westphalia for evaluation, includes information on forest size, areas where measures were implemented, and the level of grants awarded. For some cases, the production data for the Measure 8.51 'Forest Conversion' includes information on initial and targeted stock levels as well as the proportion of coniferous trees. However, given that these datasets are not comprehensive, calculations using this data have been omitted. The evaluation encompassed, firstly, a detailed analysis by production area to ascertain the significant fractions of production concerning water quality and quantity. Secondly, an analysis of the geographical distribution of the supported projects was undertaken to determine the extent to which aid is being allocated to areas in need of intervention.

The findings about water quality and quantity show the following: During the reporting period, forest conversion measures were carried out on 8 866 ha; Soil protection liming took place on 18 588 ha; Nature conservation measures were supported on 469 ha.

The forest conversion measures and soil protection liming are suitable for supporting the improvement of water quality and quantity. The implemented measures aim at the development of stable deciduous and mixed stands as well as the structural improvement of the soil litter, the soil and the nutrient balance of the forest soils to increase the resilience and stability of the forests, which has a positive effect on the water balance and water quality. It must be noted, however, that the problem of nitrogen saturation and acidification of forest soils cannot be solved by silvicultural methods alone, which can only make a small contribution. The main influencing factor is emissions from agriculture. The nature conservation measures are special species protection measures. Due to the small size of the area, there are no direct impacts on water.

RD Priority 5 – Study on the volume of renewable energy produced in agriculture and the food industry with the help of RDP 2014-2020 subsidies

(Type: Operational evaluation of achievements / results; EE)

The study had the goal to map the activities carried out through supported projects contributing to focus area 5C of the RDP 2014-2020 (facilitating the supply and use of renewable energy sources, by-products, wastes, residues and other non-food raw materials for the promotion of the bioeconomy) and to provide an overview of the production of renewable energy created with the help of subsidies. In the course of the study, data on renewable energy production was collected from projects completed so far, the calculation methodology was analysed and the value of the result indicator R.15 was calculated.

Through the calculation of the result indicator R15 the study was able to conclude that throughout the RDP period of 2014-2020, 2% of the renewable energy was generated through direct contributions and 98% through indirect contributions in projects that contributed to focus area 5C. The majority of the renewable energy generated was electrical, with thermal energy representing only 4% of the total. The electricity was exclusively generated from solar energy, whereas the thermal energy was produced using grassy biomass and wood. The study also made proposals on how to organise the collection of the necessary data in the future.

RD Priority 6 – Evaluation of CLLD instruments (LEADER strategy), EAFRD 2014/2022

(Type: Operational evaluation of achievements/results; IT - Basilicata)

The evaluation analysed several aspects such as the improvement of social capital, the improving of local governance, and the enhancement of project results through factors such as increased leverage, improved project sustainability, the emergence of new project promoters and the proliferation of innovative initiatives at the local level.

The methodology consisted of a mixed approach through a documentary analysis of plans, programmes and implementation data related to the participatory local development strategy (LEADER), followed by a field analysis concerning the four LAGs, executed using a questionnaire.

The evaluation questionnaire was structured into distinct sections that focused on the impacts on the economic development of the territory, the involvement of local stakeholders, the capacity



to foster collaboration and nurture the community and its local context, the nexus between the leader strategy and the national strategy for inland areas, and the potential realms where the leader strategy could be further refined.

In this manner, it was possible to reconstruct a comprehensive snapshot of the ongoing situation of the support for LEADER local development in Basilicata, attempting to provide the most detailed

responses to the selected evaluation questions. The focus was particularly on the impact, on the extent of integration between the LEADER local development strategy and the Internal Areas Strategy (SNAI), as well as on the proposals for enhancements to the strategy.

The insights derived from the evaluation survey are notably encouraging and favourable, with the field assessments revealing a significant degree of engagement and participation from the LAGs.

4.2 Annex 2: Completed evaluations reported in sub-section d

The following tables shows a selection of completed evaluations sorted by main topics. Reported publications that were not directly related to the evaluation of RDPs or to preparing the CAP Strategic Plan for the 2023 to 2027 period (e.g. factsheets, dashboards) have been excluded, as well as publications mentioned several times (by different RDPs in a regionalised Member States).

Table 5. Completed evaluations related to fostering the competitiveness of agriculture

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
DE - Baden-Württemberg	Ministerium für Ernährung, Ländlichen Raum und Verbraucherschutz Baden-Württemberg	Ergebnisse der Befragung von Begünstigten der Förderung von Investitionen in kleinen landwirtschaftlichen Betrieben Results of the beneficiaries survey on support for investment in small farms	2023	DE	https://foerderung.landwirtschaft-bw.de/pb/Lde/Startseite/Agrarpolitik/Begleitstudien
DE - Hessen	Thünen-Institut	Evaluation der Förderung von Investitionen in die Verarbeitung und Vermarktung landwirtschaftlicher Erzeugnisse Evaluation of the promotion of investments in the processing and marketing of agricultural products	2023	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/fileadmin/eler2/Publikationen/Projektberichte/5-Laender-Bewertung/2023/5-2023-HE_VV_Modulbericht_2022.pdf
EE	Põllumajandusuringute Keskus	Glüfosaadi kasutamise majanduslik mõju The economic effect of glyphosate use	2023	EE	https://metk.agri.ee/teadus-uuringud-projektid/maamajandus/maamajandusuringud/#glufosaadi-kasutamis
EE	Põllumajandusuringute Keskus	MAK 2014–2020 meetme 3 „Põllumajandustoodete ja toiduainete kvaliteedikavad” tegevuse liigi 3.1 kvaliteedikavas „Biosfääri programmalia rohumaaveis ja -lammas” osalemise püsikulude analüüs Analysis of the fixed costs of participation in the quality scheme of Measur 3 (quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs) of the MAK 2014-2020 in the quality scheme of Action 3.1 (grassland cattle and sheep of the biosphere programme area)	2023	EE	https://metk.agri.ee/media/1803/download



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
EE	Põllumajandusuu-ringute Keskus	MAK 2014–2020 toetust saanud projektide abiga loodud töökohtade arv 2021. aastal Number of jobs created in 2021 with the help of projects supported by the RDP 2014-2020	2023	EE	N/A
EE	Põllumajandusuu-ringute Keskus	Ülevaade põllumajandustootjate tulundusühistutest Eestis Overview of farmers' commercial cooperatives in Estonia	2023	EE	N/A
ES - Balears	Red2Red - Equipo evaluador	Permanencia en el sector agrario de las personas jóvenes beneficiarias de la ayuda a la instalación, a través del PDR de Islas Baleares Permanence in the agricultural sector of young people beneficiaries of the installation aid, through the RDP of the Balearic Islands	2023	ES	https://www.caib.es/govern/rest/arxiu/5752912
ES - Navarra	Departamento de Desarrollo Rural y Medio Ambiente	Análisis y propuesta de iniciativas o medidas de apoyo a la incorporación de nuevos emprendedores en el sector agrario Analysis and proposal of initiatives or measures to support the incorporation of new entrepreneurs in the agricultural sector	2023	ES	https://www.navarra.es/NR/rdonlyres/89735635-B612-4B20-BF6B-55F0525F173E/486629/InformeFinalNuevosEmprendedoresSINTESIS.pdf
FR - Pays de la Loire	TERRITEO	Evaluation d'impact du programme sur l'évolution de la valeur ajoutée, de la qualité, du renouvellement des générations Priority 2 Evaluation of the impact of the programme on the evolution of added value, quality, generational renewal – RD Priority 2	2023	FR	N/A
IE	DAFM and the Irish Government Economic and Evaluation Service (IGEES)	Spending Review of the Beef Data Genomics Programme 2015-2021	2023	EN	https://www.gov.ie/pdf/?file=https://assets.gov.ie/242264/8a04c014-ebd7-4c89-a65e-342af785c754.pdf#page=null



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Campania	Lattanzio KIBS	<p>Il Rapporto monotematico "Gli interventi gestionali promossi dalla Misura 14 del PSR per il miglioramento del benessere animale: valutazione dei risultati raggiunti e individuazione di potenziali adeguamenti e innovazioni nelle azioni di sostegno"</p> <p>Management interventions promoted by Measure 14 of the RDP for the improving animal welfare: assessment of results achieved and identification of potential adaptations and innovations in support actions</p>	2023	IT	http://www.agricoltura.regione.campania.it/psr_2014_2020/pdf/rapporto_monotematico_2021.pdf
IT - Sardegna	RTI ISRI-Intellera-Interforum-Primaidea	<p>Rapporto tematico "Indagine sui fabbisogni di lavoro generati dalle misure a premio" v.1.0 - novembre 2022</p> <p>Thematic report 'Survey on labour needs generated by bonus measures' v.1.0 - November 2022</p>	2023	IT	https://sardegnapsr.it/psr/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-della-valutazione/
LT	Žemės ūkio ministerija	<p>Lietuvos kaimo plėtros 2014-2020 m. programos priemonių įtaka didinant ūkių gyvybingumą ir visų tipų žemės ūkio veiklos konkurencingumą ir skatinant inovacines ūkių technologijas</p> <p>The impact of the measures of the Lithuanian Rural Development Programme for 2014-2020 on increasing the viability of farms and the competitiveness of all types of agricultural activities and promoting innovative farm technologies</p>	2023	LT	N/A
LV	AREI	<p>Bioloģiskās lauksaimniecības situācijas analīze un SVID</p> <p>Analysis of the situation of organic farming and SWOT</p>	2023	LV	https://www.arei.lv/sites/arei/files/files/lapas/Siucacija_BLSunSVID_gala_atsk..pdf
LV	AREI	<p>Bioloģiskās lauksaimniecības sektora produkcijas izlaides aprēķins</p> <p>Calculation of output of the organic farming sector</p>	2023	LV	https://www.arei.lv/sites/arei/files/files/lapas/Atskaite_BLprodukc_aprek_2022_0.pdf
PL	N/A	<p>Trwałość operacji finansowanych w ramach PROW 2014-2020</p> <p>Sustainability of operations financed under RDP 2014-2020</p>	2023	PL	https://www.gov.pl/attachment/9f14131b-1b1b-47e9-8c25-8eab1c9a4d42



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
SE	Jordbruksverket	Kompensationsstöd till jordbruk i Sverige: Utvecklingen av stöd till jordbruk i områden med sämre förutsättningar för att odla Compensatory aid for agriculture in Sweden: Development of support for agriculture in areas with poorer conditions for cultivation	2023	SE	https://webbutiken.jordbruksverket.se/sv/artiklar/upp223.html
SI	Znanstvenoraz-iskovalni center Slovenske akademije znanosti in umetnosti	Ciljni raziskovalni projekt - Trajnostni modeli kmetovanja na območjih Natura 2000 Targeted research project - Sustainable farming models in Natura 2000 areas	2023	SI	https://bijh.zrc-sazu.si/sl/programi-in-projekti/trajnostni-modeli-kmetovanja-na-obmocjih-natura-2000
UK - Scotland	Scottish Government	New Entrants and Young Farmers Start-Up Grant Schemes: Evaluation	2023	EN	https://www.gov.scot/publications/new-entrants-young-farmers-start-up-grant-schemes-evaluation

Table 6. Completed evaluations related to ensuring the sustainable management of natural resources and climate actions

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
AT	Birdlife Österreich	Farmland Bird Index für Österreich: Indikator 2021 bis 2022, Teilbericht Indikator 2021 Farmland Bird Index for Austria: Indicator 2021 to 2022, sub-report indicator 2021	2022	DE	https://info.bml.gv.at/themen/landwirtschaft/gemeinsame-agrarpolitik-foerderungen/gap-bis-2022/laendl-entwicklung-2014-2020/programm-begleitung/evaluierung/Evaluierungsstudien/Biodiversit%C3%A4t-Boden-Wasser-Klima.html
BE - Flanders	Universiteit Hasselt i.o.v. VLM	Beheerovereenkomsten voor akker-vogels tijdens het broedseizoen Management agreements for arable birds during the breeding season	2022	NL	https://publicaties.vlaanderen.be/view-file/51046
CY	Πτηνολογικός Σύνδεσμος Κύπρου	Έκθεση προόδου για το πρόγραμμα εκπόνησης του Δείκτη Πουλιών Γεωργικών Περιοχών (Farmland Bird Indicator) και του Δείκτη Κοινών Πουλιών για το έτος 2022 Progress report on the Farmland Bird Indicator and Common Birds Indicator project for the year 2022	2021	GR	http://www.paa.gov.cy/moa/paa/paa.nsf/page74_gr/page74_gr?OpenDocument



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
DE - Baden-Württemberg	Ministerium für Ernährung, Ländlichen Raum und Verbraucherschutz Baden-Württemberg	Die Förderung extensiver Beweidung über den Vertragsnaturschutz im MEPL III The promotion of extensive grazing through contractual nature conservation in MEPL III (Action and Development Plan Rural Areas Baden-Württemberg 2014-2020)	2022	DE	https://foerderung.landwirtschaft-bw.de/pb/,Lde/Startseite/Agrarpolitik/Begleitstudien
DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen	Thünen-Institut	Beitrag der forstlichen Förderung für die Wasserqualität und -quantität Contribution of forest funding measures to water quality and quantity	2023	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/fileadmin/eler2/Publikationen/Projektberichte/5-Laender-Bewertung/2023/1-2023_Eval-Bericht_Wald_Wasser_NRW.pdf
DE - Nordrhein-Westfalen	Thünen-Institut	„Investiver Naturschutz“ (7.6) und „Schutz- und Bewirtschaftungskonzepte Naturschutz“ (7.1.3) Bericht im Rahmen der laufenden Bewertung des NRW-Programms Ländlicher Raum 2014 bis 2022 'Investment nature conservation' (7.6) and 'Protection and Management concepts for nature conservation' (7.1.3) report as part of the ongoing evaluation of the NRW Rural Programme 2014 to 2022	2023	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/fileadmin/eler2/Publikationen/Projektberichte/5-Laender-Bewertung/2023/3-2023_Investiver_Naturschutz_NRW.pdf
DE - Schleswig-Holstein	Thünen-Institut für Ländliche Räume	Kooperationen im Naturschutz Cooperation in nature conservation	2023	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/publikationen/projektberichte/5-laender-bewertung
DE - Schleswig-Holstein	Thünen-Institut für Waldwirtschaft	Beitrag der forstlichen Förderung für die Wasserqualität und -quantität Contribution of forest support to water quality and quantity	2023	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/publikationen/projektberichte/5-laender-bewertung
EE	Maaelu Teadmuskeskus	Eesti maaelu arengukava 2014-2020 4. ja 5. prioriteedi hindamiseks 2022. aastal läbiviidud uuringute aruanded Reports of studies carried out in 2022 to assess RD Priorities 4 and 5 of the Estonian Rural Development Plan 2014-2020	2023	EE	https://metk.agri.ee/teadus-uuringud/maaelu-arengukava-hindamine/mak-2014-2020#eesti-maaelu-arenguk



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
EE	Maaelu Teadmiskeskus	Eesti maaelu arengukava 2014-2020 4. ja 5. prioriteedi meetmete ja 3. prioriteedi loomade heaolu meetme hindamisaruanded 2022. aasta kohta Evaluation reports for 2022 on the measures of RD Priorities 4 and 5 of the Estonian Rural Development Plan 2014-2020 and animal welfare measure in RD Priority 3	2023	EE	https://metk.agri.ee/teadus-uuringud/maaelu-arengukava-hindamine/mak-2014-2020#mak-2014-2020-4-ja-
EE	Põllumajandusuuringute Keskus	MAK 2014-2020 toetuste abil põllumajanduses ja toiduainetööstuses toodetud taastuvenergia mahu uuring Study on the volume of renewable energy produced in agriculture and the food industry with the help of RDP 2014-2020 subsidies	2022	EE	https://metk.agri.ee/media/1803/download
ES - Balears	Red2Red - Equipo evaluador	Evaluación temática: incidencia de las medidas del PDR en el desarrollo de la producción ecológica de las Islas Baleares Thematic evaluation: Impact of RDP measures on the development of organic production in the Balearic Islands	2022	ES	https://www.caib.es/govern/rest/arxiu/5752907
ES - Castilla la Mancha	Dirección General de Desarrollo Rural de la Consejería de Agricultura, Medio Ambiente y Desarrollo Rural	Cálculo del indicador común de contexto nº 35: aves ligadas a tierras agrarias, para el territorio de Castilla-la Mancha durante las anualidades 2019, 2020, 2021 y 2022. Año 2022 Calculation of the common context indicator nº 35: farmland birds, for the territory of Castilla-la Mancha during the annuities 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022. Year 2022	2022	ES	https://pdr.castillalamancha.es/documento/indicador-comun-de-contexto-numero-35-aves-ligadas-tierras-agrarias-2022
ES - La Rioja	Consejería de Agricultura, Ganadería, Mundo Rural, Territorio y Población del Gobierno de La Rioja	Análisis de la afección del cambio climático en la producción agraria de La Rioja Analysis of the impact of climate change on agricultural production in La Rioja	2022	ES	https://www.larioja.org/larioja-client/cm/agricultura/images?idMmedia=1490884
ES - La Rioja	Consejería de Agricultura, Ganadería, Mundo Rural, Territorio y Población del Gobierno de La Rioja	Evaluación de la medida 10.1.2 "Mejora del hábitat para la protección de las aves esteparias" Evaluation of Measure 10.1.2 'Habitat improvement for the protection of steppe birds'	2022	ES	https://www.larioja.org/larioja-client/cm/agricultura/images?idMmedia=1490883



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
ES - Navarra	Departamento de Desarrollo Rural y Medio Ambiente	Elaboración de la actualización de los indicadores de Alto Valor Natural para el año 2020: Monitorización 2008-2020 Preparation of the update of the High Natural Value indicators for the year 2020: Monitoring 2008-2020	2022	ES	https://www.navarra.es/NR/rdonlyres/89735635-B612-4B20-BF6B-55F0525F173E/481365/SistemasdeAltoValorNaturaldeNavarraActualizacion20.pdf
ES - Navarra	Departamento de Desarrollo Rural y Medio Ambiente	Elaboración de los indicadores agroambientales del programa de vigilancia ambiental del Programa de Desarrollo Rural de la Comunidad Foral de Navarra 2014-2020 anualidad 2022 (datos actualizados a 2021) Preparation of the agri-environmental indicators of the environmental monitoring program of the Rural Development Program of the Autonomous Community of Navarra 2014-2020 annuity 2022 (data updated to 2021)	2022	ES	https://www.navarra.es/NR/rdonlyres/89735635-B612-4B20-BF6B-55F0525F173E/483979/InformedelPlandeVigilanciaAmbientaIPDR1420anualida.pdf
GR	Αναθέτουσα Αρχή: ΕΥΔ ΠΑΑ 2014-2020	ΠΡΟΓΡΑΜΜΑ ΠΑΡΑΚΟΛΟΥΘΗΣΗΣ ΕΘΝΙΚΟΥ ΔΕΙΚΤΗ ΑΓΡΟΤΙΚΩΝ ΕΙΔΩΝ ΓΙΑ ΤΗΝ ΠΡΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΗ ΠΕΡΙΟΔΟ 2014 - 2020 Monitoring programme of the national index of agricultural species for the programming period 2014-2020	2021	GR	https://ead.gr/information/evaluation/evaluation-studies/
IE	DAFM and The Heritage Council by Crane Bag Consulting	Evaluation of The Traditional Farm Buildings Grant Scheme	2022	EN	https://www.gov.ie/pdf/?file=https://assets.gov.ie/242262/ae25be8d-8c5d-4b31-961e-17ae023bc71a.pdf#page=null
IT - Emilia-Romagna	Agriconsulting	Valutazione trasversale degli effetti dei programmi regionali in termini di riduzione delle emissioni di gas effetto serra (marzo 2022) Cross-cutting assessment of the effects of regional programmes in terms of reducing greenhouse gas emissions (March 2022)	2022	IT	https://agricoltura.regione.emilia-romagna.it/psr-2014-2020/doc/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-valutazione/prot_-_2.pdf
IT - Sardegna	RTI ISRI-Intellera-Interforum-Primaidea	Rapporto tematico "Le opportunità di sviluppo dell'agricoltura biologica in Sardegna" v.1.0 - novembre 2022 Thematic report 'The development opportunities of organic farming in Sardinia' v.1.0 - November 2022	2022	IT	https://sardegnapsr.it/psr/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-della-valutazione/



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Sicilia	RTI ISRI -AGT	Rapporto di monitoraggio ambientale 2022 v.1.0 dicembre 2022 Environmental Monitoring Report 2022 v.1.0 December 2022	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Umbria	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto tematico - Gli effetti della modifica del PSR relativi alle Misure 10 e 11 sugli indicatori di risultato e impatto Thematic report - The effects of the RDP amendment related to Measures 10 and 11 on result and impact indicators	2022	IT	https://www.regione.umbria.it/documents/18/18613777/RT+Effetti+mod.+PSR+M10+e+11+su+indicatori.pdf/730e1d90-a1e9-4e4f-a19f-607802823a64
IT - Valle d'Aosta	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto di valutazione ambientale anno 2022 Environmental assessment report year 2022	2022	IT	https://www.regione.vda.it/agricoltura/PSR_2014-20/normativaedocumentazione_PSR_14-20/rapporti_di_valutazione_i.aspx
IT - Valle d'Aosta	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto di valutazione annuale relativo all'annualità 2022 Annual Evaluation Report for the year 2022	2022	IT	https://www.regione.vda.it/agricoltura/PSR_2014-20/normativaedocumentazione_PSR_14-20/rapporti_di_valutazione_i.aspx
LT	Žemės ūkio ministerija	Lietuvos kaimo plėtros 2014-2020 metų programos M10 priemonės „Agrarinė aplinkosauga ir klimatas“ efektyvumo vertinimas Evaluation of the effectiveness of Measure 10 'Agri-environment and climate' of the Lithuanian Rural Development Programme for 2014-2020	2022	LT	https://zum.lrv.lt/uploads/zum/documents/files/LT_versija/Veiklos_sritys/Kaimo_pletra/Lietuvos_kaimo_pletras_2014%E2%80%932020%20m._programma/Steb%C4%97seno%20ir%20vertinimas/Tyrimai%20ir%20vertinimai/2022/KPP2014-2020%20M10_tyrimo_galutin%C4%97_ataskaita%202022.pdf
LU	Ministère de l'Agriculture, de la Viticulture et du Développement rural (MAVDR)	Recent evolution of soil organic carbon in the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg Recent evolution of soil organic carbon in the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg	2020	EN	N/A
MT	Managing Authority	Soil Thematic Evaluation	2022	EN	https://fondi.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/Thematic-Evaluation_Soil-Final-Nov-2022.pdf



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
PL	N/A	Ocena wyników realizacji operacji „Inwestycje w gospodarstwach położonych na obszarach Natura 2000” Evaluation of the results of the implementation of operations investments in farms located in Natura 2000 areas	2022	PL	https://www.gov.pl/attachment/bbc928fe-64bb-4514-b038-ae9fcc8e75d
PL	N/A	Ocena wyników realizacji operacji “Modernizacja gospodarstw rolnych” w obszarze nawadniania w gospodarstwie Evaluation of the results from the modernization operation of farms in the area of on-farm irrigation	2022	PL	https://www.gov.pl/attachment/34d79063-8cfb-448c-8bdb-65172fa51484
PL	N/A	Przygotowanie odpowiedzi na pytania ewaluacyjne PROW 2014-2020, w zakresie oddziaływania na erozję gleb i poprawę gospodarowania glebą, wspieranie ochrony węgla i pochłanianie dwutlenku węgla w rolnictwie i leśnictwie Preparing answers to the evaluation questions of the RDP 2014-2020 on impacts on erosion soils and improving soil management, promoting carbon conservation and carbon sequestration in agriculture and forestry	2022	PL	https://www.gov.pl/attachment/fe7534e3-ce40-48e5-82d2-dce1e8b4fbc5
SE	Jordbruksverket	Greppa Näringen 2001-2020: En utvärdering av rådgivning med syfte att minska växtnäringsöverskottet och risken för näringsbelastning på vattendrag Gripa Näringen 2001-2020: An evaluation of advice aimed at reducing plant nutrient surplus and the risk of nutrient load on watercourses	2022	SE	https://webbutiken.jordbruksverket.se/sv/artiklar/utv224.html
SE	Jordbruksverket	Restaurerade betesmarker och slåtterängar: En uppföljning av marker som restaurerades med stöd från landsbygdsprogrammet 2000-2013 Restored pastures and hay meadows: A follow-up to land restored with support from the Rural Development Programme 2000-2013	2022	SE	https://webbutiken.jordbruksverket.se/sv/artiklar/upp222.html



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
SI	Center za kartografijo favne in flore	Monitoring izbranih ciljnih vrst metuljev v letu 2022 Monitoring of selected target species of butterflies in 2022	2022	SI	https://skp.si/download/monitoring-izbranih-ciljnih-vrst-metuljev-v-letu-2022
SI	Društvo za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije	Monitoring populacij izbranih ciljnih vrst ptic na območjih Natura 2000 v letu 2022 Monitoring of populations of selected qualifying bird species in Natura 2000 areas in 2022	2022	SI	https://skp.si/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/Porocilo_monitoring_ptice_2022_corr_cistopis.docx
SI	Društvo za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije	Monitoring splošno razširjenih vrst ptic za določitev slovenskega indeksa ptic kmetijske krajine - delno poročilo za leto 2022 Monitoring of common bird species for the determination of Slovenian Farmland Bird Index - report for parts of 2022	2022	SI	https://skp.si/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/SIPKK_2022_porocilo.docx
SI	Kmetijski inštitut Slovenije	Ciljni raziskovalni projekt - Strokovna izhodišča za monitoring izbranih organizmov nadzemne in podzemne biote v kmetijski krajini za spremljanje učinkovitosti naravovarstvenih ukrepov Skupne kmetijske politike Targeted research project - Initial expertise for monitoring of selected above and underground organisms in agricultural landscapes for evaluation of agri-environment scheme effectiveness	N/A	SI	N/A
SI	Nacionalni inštitut za biologijo	Ciljni raziskovalni projekt: Zasnova metodologije monitoringa divjih opraševalcev v Sloveniji Targeted research project: Design of the methodology for monitoring of wild pollinators in Slovenia	N/A	SI	N/A
UK - England	DEFRA	Evaluation of cultivated margin option effectiveness and exploration of their natural capital - LM0471	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectId=20552
UK - England	Natural England	Tracking Long-Term Change and the impact of HLS in North Pennine Upland Hay Meadows, and assessing the effectiveness of sward enhancement - LM0494	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20358&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LM0494&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
UK - England	Natural England	Environmental impact of Agri-environment support for organic farming: Pilot study - LM0495	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20359&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LM0495&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description
UK - England	Natural England	Evaluating the Long-Term Effectiveness of Agri-Environment Scheme Funded Bracken Control - LM04118	2021	EN	https://sciencesearch.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectId=20561
UK - England	Natural England	Effectiveness of historic environment options within the Countryside Stewardship scheme (HS3, HS4, HS9) - LM04116	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20559&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LM04116&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description
UK - England	Natural England	An evaluation of factors inhibiting or masking the progress to favourable condition of lowland wetland SSSIs in AES - LM04114	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20557&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LM04114&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description
UK - England	Natural England	Evaluating the resilience of AES to climate change - LM0484	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20135&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LM0484&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description
UK - England	UK centre for Ecology and Hydrology (UKCEH)	Developing approaches to agri-environment monitoring (M&E Baseline/Programme Development) - LM04108	2022	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20551&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LM04108&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
UK - England	Natural England	Modelling landscape scale species responses to AES - LMO4109	2021	EN	https://randd.defra.gov.uk/ProjectDetails?ProjectID=20552&FromSearch=Y&Publisher=1&SearchText=LMO4109&SortString=ProjectCode&SortOrder=Asc&Paging=10#Description

Table 7. Completed evaluations related to achieving a balanced territorial development

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
DE - Hessen	Thünen-Institut	Beitrag des hessischen Entwicklungsprogramms Ländlicher Raum (EPLR) 2014-2022 zur Gleichstellung von Männern und Frauen Contribution of the Hessian Rural Development Programme (RDP) 2014-2022 to equality between men and women	2022	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/fileadmin/eler2/Publikationen/Projektberichte/5-Laender-Bewertung/2022/7_2022_HE_Bericht_Gender_01_08_2022__MS.pdf
DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen	Thünen-Institut für Lebensverhältnisse in ländlichen Räumen	Beitrag des Programms zur Förderung der Entwicklung im ländlichen Raum Niedersachsen und Bremen 2014 - 2022 (PFEIL) zur Gleichstellung von Frauen und Männern Contribution of the Rural Development Programme in Lower Saxony and Bremen 2014-2022 (PFEIL) to equality between women and men	2023	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/fileadmin/eler2/Publikationen/Projektberichte/5-Laender-Bewertung/2022/5-L%C3%A4nder-Evaluation_5-2022.pdf
ES - Aragon	Dirección General de Desarrollo Rural. Departamento de Agricultura, Ganadería y Medio Ambiente	Informe de Evaluación Continua. Anualidad 2022 (Anexo). The gender-responsive thematic evaluation of the RDP as part of the Continuous Evaluation Report 2022	2022	ES	https://www.aragon.es/documents/20127/2759733/Informe_evaluacion_continua_2022_PDR_Aragon_2014_2020.pdf/8413ff80-3648-326d-5f6c-97431e16536a?t=1684840359871
ES - Baleares	Red2Red - Equipo evaluador	Las mujeres en el medio rural de Islas Baleares: evaluación intermedia de las medidas de inversión del PDR 2014-2020 en la promoción de la igualdad de oportunidades entre mujeres y hombres del territorio balear Women in rural areas of the Balearic Islands: mid-term evaluation of RDP investment measures 2014-2020 in promoting equal opportunities between women and men in the Balearic Islands	2022	ES	https://www.caib.es/govern/rest/arxiu/5752910



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
ES - Catalunya	Departament d'Acció Climàtica, Alimentació i Agenda Rural de la Generalitat de Catalunya	Informe de evaluación del PDRcat.2022 con perspectiva de género Evaluation report of RDPcat.2022 with a gender perspective	2022	ES	http://agricultura.gencat.cat/ca/ambits/desenvolupament-rural/programa-desenvolupament-rural/seguiment-avaluacio/
ES - Extremadura	REGIO PLUS CONSULTING	Informe de evaluación del PDR de Extremadura 2014-2020 con perspectiva de género Evaluation report of the RDP of Extremadura 2014-2020 with a gender perspective	2022	ES	N/A
ES - Murcia	Autoridad de gestión del Programa	Enfoque de género en el PDR 14-22. Criterios de Selección de Operaciones en Medidas de Desarrollo Rural de la Región de Murcia Gender approach in RDP 14-22. Selection criteria for operations in rural development measures in the region of Murcia	2020	ES	N/A
ES - País Vasco	CDI Consultants	Informe de evaluación del Programa de Desarrollo Rural de Euskadi 2015-2020. Año 2022 Evaluación de la perspectiva de género en el PDR de Euskadi Evaluation report of the rural development of Euskadi 2015-2020. Year 2022 evaluation of the gender perspective in the Basque RDP	2022	ES	https://www.euskadi.eus/contenidos/informacion/sooa_dokumentazioa/es_def/adjuntos/20221125_Eval_PerspectivaGenero_PDREusk.pdf
IT - Lombardia	Agriconsulting Supporto Istituzionale S.r.l.	Relazione Annuale di Valutazione al 2021 (marzo 2022) Annual Evaluation Report to 2021 (March 2022)	2022	IT	http://www.psr.regione.lombardia.it/wps/portal/PROUE/FEASR/monitoraggio--valutazione/rapporti-di-valutazione/
IT - Piemonte	IRES Piemonte	10 Numeri sui servizi essenziali nelle aree rurali del Piemonte - IRES Piemonte, Note Brevi sul Piemonte 1/2022 10 numbers on essential services in rural areas of Piedmont - IRES Piemonte, brief notes on Piedmont 1/2022	2022	IT	https://www.piemonterurale.it/altri-documenti/208-10-numeri-servizi-essenziali-aree-rurali-piemonte



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Umbria	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto tematico - Gli interventi del PSR Umbria 2014-2020 collegati alla diffusione della Banda Ultra Larga Thematic Report - The interventions of the RDP Umbria 2014-2020 linked to the spread of ultra broadband	2022	IT	https://www.regione.umbria.it/documents/18/18613777/RT+BUL_PSR+Umbria_07.04.2022.pdf/73589726-8490-4b05-857c-41e336edb3a3
LV	AREI	Paaugstinātas kvalitātes pārtikas produktu potenciāls zaļajā publiskajā iepirkumā (ZPI) The potential of high-quality food products in green public procurement	2022	LV	https://www.arei.lv/sites/arei/files/files/lapas/Paaugstin_kvalit_prod_ZPI_2022..pdf

Table 8. Completed evaluations specifically related to CLLD/LEADER

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
DE - Niedersachsen-Bremen	Thünen-Institut für Lebensverhältnisse in ländlichen Räumen	Länderübergreifender Bericht zur Umsetzung von LEADER in der Förderperiode 2014–2022 Report over several federal states (Länder) on the implementation of LEADER in the funding period 2014–2022	2022	DE	https://www.eler-evaluierung.de/fileadmin/eler2/Publikationen/Projektberichte/5-Laender-Bewertung/2022/5-L%C3%A4nder-Evaluation_5-2022.pdf
DE - Sachsen-Anhalt	Büro für Agrar- und Dorfentwicklung Nuthetal	Zusammenfassung der Jahresberichte der Lokalen Aktionsgruppen Sachsen-Anhalts Summary of the annual reports of the Local Action Groups of Saxony-Anhalt	2022	DE	N/A
ES - Andalucía	Unidad de Evaluación de la Dirección General de Fondos Europeos junto con la asistencia técnica ofrecida por el equipo de personal evaluador externo contratado.	Evaluación de la Medida 19 destinada al apoyo para el desarrollo local de LEADER del Programa de Desarrollo Rural de Andalucía 2014-2020 Evaluation of Measure 19 'LEADER support for local development' of the Rural Development Programme of Andalusia 2014-2020	2023	ES	https://www.juntadeandalucia.es/organismos/agriculturapescaaguaydesarrollorural/areas/desarrollo-rural/tramitacion-ayudas-medida-19/paginas/ayudas-leader-submedida-19-2.html
ES - Castilla la Mancha	Dirección General de Desarrollo Rural de la Consejería de Agricultura, Agua y Desarrollo Rural	Informe de síntesis de resultados de Evaluación del enfoque Leader Synthesis report of the results of the evaluation of the LEADER approach	2022	ES	https://pdr.castillalamancha.es/sites/default/files/2023-02/sintesis_leader_2022_v8final_smd.pdf



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
ES - Madrid	Evaluador independiente	Informe de Evaluación LEADER. Programa de Desarrollo Rural de la Comunidad de Madrid 2014-2020 LEADER evaluation report. Rural Development Program of the community of Madrid 2014-2020	2022	ES	https://www.comunidad.madrid/sites/default/files/doc/medio-ambiente/informe_de_evaluacion_leader_pdr_cm_2022_.pdf
IT - Basilicata	Nucleo Regionale di Valutazione e Verifica degli Investimenti Pubblici	Valutazione sugli strumenti di sviluppo locale di tipo partecipativo (strategia LEADER), FEASR 2014/2022 Evaluation of community-led local development instruments (LEADER strategy), EAFRD 2014/2022	2022	IT	http://europa.basilicata.it/feasr/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/Valutazione_GAL.pdf
IT - Marche	Lattanzio KIBS S.p.A	Relazione Annuale di Valutazione 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022	2022	IT	https://www.regione.marche.it/portals/0/Agricoltura/Programmazione_PSR20142020/Valutazione/2022_06_07_RAV%202022_revisionato.pdf
IT - Piemonte	IRES Piemonte e Politecnico di Torino, Dipartimento Interateneo di Scienze, Progetto e Politiche del Territorio (DIST)	Tesi di Laurea Magistrale "Il paesaggio come risorsa per lo sviluppo locale nelle aree rurali marginali: il ruolo dei GAL" (in corso di riedizione e pubblicazione a cura di IRES Piemonte) Master's Thesis 'The landscape as a resource for local development in marginal rural areas: the role of LAGs' (to be republished by IRES Piemonte)	2022	IT	https://www.ires.piemonte.it/pubblicazioni_ires/Contributo_di_ricerca_Chiummarulo_rev.pdf
IT - Toscana	Lattanzio KIBS	Seconda Relazione di valutazione LEADER (E2.1): primo affiancamento ai GAL per il monitoraggio sull'adeguato avanzamento delle attività di valutazione e autovalutazione Second LEADER evaluation report (E2.1): first support to LAGs to monitor the proper progress of evaluation and self-assessment activities	2022	IT	https://www.regione.toscana.it/-/sistema-di-monitoraggio-e-valutazione
LV	AREI	Kritēriju svara noteikšana VRG stratēģiju finansējuma aprēķināšanai Determination of the weight of the criteria for calculating the funding for LAG local development strategies	2022	LV	https://www.arei.lv/sites/arei/files/files/lapas/Atskaite_VRG_kompoz%C4%ABtais_indeks.pdf



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
MT	Managing Authority	Leader Thematic Evaluation	2023	EN	N/A
SE	Jordbruksverket	Test av modell för utvärdering av leadereffekter: Delrapport 4 Model evaluation model test for LEADER impact: Interim report 4	2022	SE	https://webbutiken.jordbruksverket.se/sv/artiklar/utv221.html
UK - Wales	Welsh Government	An evaluation of LEADER in Wales	2023	EN	https://www.gov.wales/evaluation-leader-wales

Table 9. Completed evaluations related to fostering knowledge transfer and innovation in agriculture, forestry and rural areas

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
DE - Brandenburg-Berlin	Ministerium für Ländliche Entwicklung, Umwelt und Landwirtschaft	Ergebnisse und Wirkungen der EIP Förderung Zwischenbericht Results and impact of EIP funding interim report	2022	DE	https://eler.brandenburg.de/sixcms/media.php/9/EIP%20Zwischenbericht.pdf
DE - Sachsen-Anhalt	Gerald Wagner Regionalforschung & Beratung	Begleitung und Bewertung des Entwicklungsprogramms für den ländlichen Raum des Landes Sachsen-Anhalt in der Förderperiode 2014 - 2020. Bewertung der Maßnahme/ Teilmaßnahme des EPLR: EIP AGRI - Code 16.1 - Analyse und Bewertung des Förderverfahrens. Monitoring and evaluation of the Rural Development Programme (RDP) of the state of Saxony-Anhalt in the funding period 2014 - 2020. Evaluation of the measure/ sub-measure of the RDP: EIP AGRI - Code 16.1 - Analysis and evaluation of the support procedure.	N/A	DE	N/A
DE - Sachsen-Anhalt	INL - Privates Institut für Nachhaltige Landbewirtschaftung GmbH	Effekte der Etablierung von Pappel und Weide im Kurzumtrieb auf Kohlenstoffbindung und Biodiversität im Agrarraum Effects of the establishment of poplar and willow in short rotation on carbon sequestration and biodiversity in agricultural areas	N/A	DE	N/A
DE - Sachsen-Anhalt	INL - Privates Institut für Nachhaltige Landbewirtschaftung GmbH	Einfluss von Zwischenfruchtanbau bei Mais auf die Arthropoden Biomasse und Diversität Influence of maize intercropping on arthropod biomass and diversity	N/A	DE	N/A



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
DE - Sachsen-Anhalt	Verlag/Herausgeber INL - Privates Institut für Nachhaltige Landwirtschaft GmbH	Begleitung und Bewertung des Entwicklungsprogramms für den ländlichen Raum des Landes Sachsen-Anhalt in der Förderperiode 2014 – 2022: Analyse der Aussagekraft des HNV-Indikators zur Wirkungseinschätzung des EPLR 2014-2022 des Landes Sachsen-Anhalt im Bereich der Biodiversität Monitoring and evaluation of the Rural Development Programme (RDP) of the state of Saxony-Anhalt in the funding period 2014- 2022: Analysis of the significance of the High Nature Value (HNV) indicator for the impact assessment of the RDP 2014-2022 of the state of Saxony-Anhalt in the field of biodiversity	N/A	DE	N/A
IT - Toscana	Lattanzio KIBS	Terza Relazione di valutazione tematica (C3.1) - Fasi di Strutturazione e Osservazione "Innovazione in Agricoltura - I Piani Strategici dei Gruppi Operativi" Third thematic evaluation report (C3.1) - structuring and observation phases 'Innovation in agriculture - the Strategic Plans of the Operational Groups'	2022	IT	https://www.regione.toscana.it/-/sistema-di-monitoraggio-e-valutazione
IT - Toscana	Lattanzio KIBS	Terza Relazione di valutazione tematica - Fasi di Analisi e Giudizio (C3.2) "Innovazione in Agricoltura - I Piani Strategici dei Gruppi Operativi" Third thematic evaluation report - Analysis and judgement phases (C3.2) 'Innovation in agriculture - the Strategic Plans of the Operational Groups'	2022	IT	https://www.regione.toscana.it/-/sistema-di-monitoraggio-e-valutazione
IT- NRN	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto Tematico 2022 sulla Priorità Strategica 4 "Promozione dell'innovazione" Thematic Report 2022 on Strategic Priority 4 'Promoting innovation'	2022	IT	https://www.reterurale.it/RAV



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
SE	Jordbruksverket	Innovationsstöd i landsbygdsprogrammet 2014-2022: En uppföljning av stöd inom det europeiska innovationspartnerskapet för produktivitet och hållbarhet inom jordbruket Innovation support under the Rural Development Programme 2014-2022: A follow-up to EIP support for agricultural productivity and sustainability	2022	SE	https://webbutiken.jordbruksverket.se/sv/artiklar/upp224.html
SI	Univerza v Ljubljani, Biotehniška fakulteta	Ciljni raziskovalni projekt - Pristopi in vrednotenje uspešnosti prenosa znanja na področju varstva okolja in narave v kmetijstvu Targeted research project - Approaches and evaluation of the effectiveness of knowledge transfer in the field of environmental and nature protection in agriculture	N/A	SI	N/A
UK - Wales	Welsh Government	European Innovation Partnership Wales: Interim Evaluation	2023	EN	https://www.gov.wales/european-innovation-partnership-wales-interim-evaluation-summary-html

Table 10. Completed evaluations related to multiple CAP Objectives

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
BE - Flanders	Departement Landbouw en Visserij	Programma voor plattelandsontwikkeling Vlaanderen 2014-2020 (PDPO III) - Jaarverslag 2021 Flanders Rural Development Programme 2014-2022 (PDPO III) - Annual Report 2021	2022	NL	https://lv.vlaanderen.be/landbouwbeleid/plattelandsontwikkeling/publicaties
CZ	MZe	Výroční zpráva o provádění 2021 Annual Implementation Report 2021	2021	CZ	https://eagri.cz/public/web/mze/dotace/program-rozvoje-venkova-na-obdobi-2014/hodnoceni-a-monitoring/vyrocnizpravy/vyrocnizprava-za-rok-2021-soubor.html
CZ	MZe	Průběžná zpráva o hodnocení PRV - září 2022 RDP Interim Evaluation Report - September 2022	2022	CZ	N/A



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
CZ	MZe	Průběžná zpráva o hodnocení PRV – březen 2022 RDP Interim Evaluation Report - March 2022	2022	CZ	https://eagri.cz/public/portal/-q314761---r8ltWOVP/prubezne-hodnoceni-za-druhe-pololeti
DE - Rheinland-Pfalz	Ministerium für Wirtschaft, Verkehr, Landwirtschaft und Weinbau	Bewertungsbericht 2022 zum Durchführungsbereich EPLR EULLE für 2021 Evaluation Report 2022 on the Implementation Report RDP EULLE for 2021	2022	DE	N/A
DE - Saarland	ELER Verwaltungsbehörde	Laufende Bewertung des Entwicklungsprogramms für den ländlichen Raum des Saarlandes 2014-2022, Kalenderjahr 2022 Ongoing evaluation of the Saarland Rural Development Programme 2014-2022, calendar year 2022	2023	DE	https://www.saarland.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/mukmav/landwirtschaft/eler/dl_ELER_laufende_Bewertung_2022.html
ES - Castilla y Leon	Autoridad de gestión del Programa	Informe de Evaluación del Programa de Desarrollo Rural de Castilla y León 2014-2021. Año 2022 Evaluation Report of the Rural Development Program of Castilla y León 2014-2021. Year 2022	2022	ES	https://agriculturaganaderia.jcyl.es/web/es/desarrollo-rural/seguimiento-evaluacion-programa.html
ES - Madrid	AG PDR-CM	Informe Anual de Ejecución 2022 Annual Implementation Report 2022	2022	ES	https://www.comunidad.madrid/sites/default/files/aud/medio-ambiente/iae_2021_memoria.pdf
ES - National Programme	AG PNDR	Informe Anual de Ejecución 2022 Annual Implementation Report 2022	2022	ES	N/A
FR - Champagne-Ardenne	No publisher mentioned	Rapport évaluation RAMO 2022 Champagne Ardenne Annual Implementation Report 2022 Champagne Ardenne	2022	FR	https://beeurope.grandest.fr/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/ramochampagne-ardenne-2022-sur-exercice-2021.pdf
FR - Guyane	Collectivité Territoriale de Guyane	Évaluations sur la mise en œuvre et les impacts du PDRG, comprenant des enquêtes auprès des bénéficiaires ainsi que des propositions d'amélioration pour l'implémentation du PDRG 2023-2027 Evaluations on the implementation and impacts of the RDP, including beneficiary surveys as well as proposals for improvement for the implementation of the 2023-2027 RDP	2022	FR	https://www.europe-guyane.fr/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/PDRG-2014-2022_Evaluations-M1-4-6-et-7-Rapport-final.pdf



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Abruzzo	ISRI	Rapporto di valutazione annuale 2022 Versione 1.0 - maggio 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022 Version 1.0 - May 2022	2022	IT	https://www.regione.abruzzo.it/content/monitoraggio-e-valutazione
IT - Basilicata	Nucleo Regionale di Valutazione e Verifica degli Investimenti Pubblici	Rapporto di valutazione 2022 Evaluation report 2022	2022	IT	http://europa.basilicata.it/feasr/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/VALUTAZIONE-2023.pdf
IT - Calabria	ATI ISRI-SYNOPSIS	Rapporto di valutazione annuale 2022-versione 1.0 -30 aprile 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022-Version 1.0 -April 30, 2022	2022	IT	http://www.calabriapsr.it/images/pdf/monitoraggio/RAV%202022%201.0.pdf
IT - Campania	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto di Valutazione Annuale 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022	2022	IT	http://www.agricoltura.regione.campania.it/psr_2014_2020/pdf/RVA_2022.pdf
IT - Emilia-Romagna	Agriconsulting	Documento divulgativo (maggio 2022) Disclosure document (May 2022)	2022	IT	https://agricoltura.regione.emilia-romagna.it/psr-2014-2020/doc/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-valutazione/psr_pubblicazione_def_pagineinterne.pdf
IT - Emilia-Romagna	Agriconsulting	Rapporto annuale di valutazione 2021 (giugno 2022) Annual Evaluation Report 2021 (June 2022)	2022	IT	https://agricoltura.regione.emilia-romagna.it/psr-2014-2020/doc/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-valutazione/rav_2021.pdf
IT - Emilia-Romagna	Agriconsulting	Sintesi non tecnica (in italiano e in inglese) (maggio 2022) Non-technical summary (in Italian and English) (May 2022)	2022	IT	https://agricoltura.regione.emilia-romagna.it/psr-2014-2020/doc/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-valutazione/prot_-_2.pdf
IT - Emilia-Romagna	Agriconsulting Supporto Istituzionale	Rapporto annuale di valutazione relativo al 2022 (in istruttoria, non ancora pubblicato nel sito) Annual Evaluation Report for 2022	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Friuli-Venezia Giulia	Regione Friuli Venezia Giulia	VII Contributo di sintesi VII summary contribution	2023	IT	https://www.regione.fvg.it/rafvg/export/sites/default/RAFVG/GEN/programmazione/FOGLIA23/allegati/20230601_FVG_VII_CONTRIBUTO_DI_SINTESI_V1_1.pdf



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Lazio	COGEA srl	Rapporto annuale di valutazione - 2022 Annual Evaluation Report - 2022	2022	IT	https://www.lazioeuropa.it/app/uploads/2022/11/RAPPORTO_ANNUALE_VALUTAZIONE_2022.pdf
IT - Liguria	LATTANZIO KIBS	Analisi dell'avanzamento della spesa delle misure strutturali Analysis of the progress of structural measures expenditure	2022	IT	https://www.agriligurianet.it/impresa/sostegno-economico/programma-di-sviluppo-rurale-psr-liguria/psr-2014-2020/valutazione-psr-2014-2020/approfondimenti-tematici.html
IT - Liguria	LATTANZIO KIBS	Rapporto di valutazione annuale - 2022 Annual Evaluation Report - 2022	2022	IT	https://www.agriligurianet.it/impresa/sostegno-economico/programma-di-sviluppo-rurale-psr-liguria/psr-2014-2020/valutazione-psr-2014-2020/rapporti-annuali.html
IT - Lombardia	Agriconsulting Supporto Istituzionale S.r.l.	Relazione di sintesi di valutazioni effettuate e principali risultati (ottobre 2022) Summary report of evaluations carried out and main results (October 2022)	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Piemonte	IRES Piemonte	Piemonte Rurale 2022 - Rapporto annuale dell'Osservatorio Rurale di IRES Piemonte Rural Piedmont 2022 - Annual report of the Rural Observatory of IRES Piemonte	2022	IT	https://www.piemonterurale.it/images/documenti/Piemonte-Rurale2022.pdf
IT - Puglia	Lattanzio KIBS	Relazione annuale di valutazione 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022	2022	IT	https://psr.regione.puglia.it/documents/33128/376618/Rapporto+di+valutazione+annuale+2022.pdf/e8340ba9-9942-fce7-dd49-4c4c1638393f?version=1.0&t=1658214016447
IT - Sardegna	Editore/Redattore RTI ISRI-Intellera-Interforum-Primaidea	Rapporto di valutazione annuale 2022 v.1.0 - giugno 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022 v.1.0 - June 2022	2022	IT	https://sardegnapsr.it/psr/monitoraggio-e-valutazione/documenti-della-valutazione/



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Sicilia	RTI ISRI -AGT	Relazione annuale di valutazione 2022 v.1.0 - aprile 2022 Annual Evaluation Report 2022 v.1.0 - April 2022	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Umbria	Lattanzio KIBS	Piano operativo delle rilevazioni delle informazioni 2022 2022 information collections operational plan	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Umbria	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto Annuale di Valutazione (RAV) 2022 Annual Evaluation Report (RAV) 2022	2022	IT	https://www.regione.umbria.it/documents/18/25634487/RAV+2023+PSR+Umbria+08.06.23_pulito.pdf/f367c216-6c35-4f51-bfc6-698dd57d0bbe
IT - Veneto	Regione del Veneto	Rapporto annuale di valutazione 2021 Annual Evaluation Report 2021	2022	IT	https://www.regione.veneto.it/web/agricoltura-e-foreste/valutazione-2014-2020
IT-National	Lattanzio Monitoring & Evaluation	Rapporto di valutazione annuale al 2022 Annual Evaluation Report to 2022	2023	IT	https://www.politicheagricole.it/flex/cm/pages/ServeBLOB.php/L/IT/IDPagina/11903
LT	Žemės ūkio ministerija	Lietuvos kaimo plėtros 2014–2020 m. programos įgyvendinimo 2014–2021 metais įvertinimas Evaluation of the implementation of the Lithuanian Rural Development Programme for 2014-2020 in 2014-2021	2022	LT	https://zum.lrv.lt/uploads/zum/documents/files/LT_versija/Veiklos_sritys/Kaimo_pletra/Lietuvos_kaimo_pletros_2014%E2%80%932020%20m._programa/Ste%C4%97seno%20ir%20vertinimas/Tyrimai%20ir%20vertinimai/KPP%202014-2021_galutin%C4%97%20ataskaita_papildyta_ESTEP.pdf
NL	Adviesbureau ECORYS	Tussentijdse evaluatie 2021 Mid-term review 2021	2022	NL	https://www.netwerkplatteland.nl/documenten/vergaderstukken/2022/07/08/bijlage-3.2-eindrapport-tussentijdse-evaluatie-pop3-def



Table 11. Completed evaluations related to RDP governance and delivery mechanisms

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
ES - Catalonia	Departament d'Acció Climàtica, Alimentació i Agenda Rural de la Generalitat de Catalunya	Informe de evaluación de la Estrategia de Información y Publicidad del PDR.cat2022 Evaluation report of the RDP information and publicity strategy. cat2022	2022	ES	http://agricultura.gencat.cat/ca/ambits/desenvolupament-rural/programa-desenvolupament-rural/seguiment-avaluacio/
FR - Languedoc-Roussillon FR - Midi-Pyrenees	Région	Étude évaluative interne relative à la mise en œuvre des PDR Internal evaluation study on RDP implementation	2022	FR	N/A
IT - Abruzzo	ISRI	Rapporto tematico di approfondimento "Il ruolo dei tecnici nell'interlocuzione tra i potenziali beneficiari e il PSR" Versione 1.0 - ottobre 2021 In-depth thematic report 'The role of technicians in the dialogue between potential beneficiaries and the RDP' Version 1.0 - October 2021	2022	IT	https://www.regione.abruzzo.it/content/monitoraggio-e-valutazione
IT - Calabria	ATI ISRI-SYNAPSIS	Approfondimento tematico "Il ruolo dei tecnici nell'interlocuzione tra i potenziali beneficiari e il PSR" versione 1.0 - novembre 2022 Thematic report 'The role of technicians in the dialogue between potential beneficiaries and the RDP' version 1.0 - November 2022	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Calabria	ATI ISRI-SYNAPSIS	Approfondimento tematico "L'efficacia della strategia di comunicazione" versione 1.0 - giugno 2022 Thematic report 'The effectiveness of the communication strategy' version 1.0 - June 2022	2022	IT	N/A
IT - Lombardia	Agriconsulting Supporto Istituzionale S.r.l.	Secondo aggiornamento delle condizioni di valutabilità (aprile 2022) Second update of the assessability conditions (April 2022)	2022	IT	http://www.psr.regione.lombardia.it/wps/portal/PROUE/FEASR/monitoraggio--valutazione/rapporti-di-valutazione/



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
IT - Marche	Lattanzio KIBS S.p.A	Rapporto tematico: Analisi della spesa Thematic report: Expenditure analysis	2022	IT	https://www.regione.marche.it/portals/0/Agricoltura/Programmazione/PSR20142020/Valutazione/RT%20Analisi%20della%20spesa%20revisionato.pdf
SE	Jordbruksverket	Utvärdering av stöd till samarbeten i landsbygdsprogrammet 2014-2020 Evaluation of support for cooperation in the Rural Development Programme 2014-2020	2022	SE	https://webbutiken.jordbruksverket.se/sv/artiklar/utv222.html

Table 12. Completed evaluations related to National Rural Networks

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
BE - Flanders	Departement Landbouw en Visserij	Vlaams Ruraal Netwerk. Interne evaluatie. Werkjaar 2022 Flemish Rural Network. Internal evaluation. Working year 2022	2022	NL	https://www.vlaamsruraalnetwerk.be/sites/vrn/files/2023-03/Evaluatie%20Vlaams%20Ruraal%20Netwerk%20werkjaar%202022.pdf
DE- NRN	PRU	Laufende Bewertung 2021 Programm „Nationales Netzwerk Deutschland für den Zeitraum 2015-2024“ Ongoing evaluation 2021 of the programme 'National Networks in Germany for the period 2015-2024'	2022	DE	https://www.netzwerk-laendlicher-raum.de/fileadmin/Redaktion/Seiten/Service/Ueber_ uns/Berichte/Bewertung_NLR-2021.pdf
IT- NRN	Lattanzio KIBS	Rapporto Annuale di Valutazione per l'annualità (RAV) 2021 Annual Evaluation Report (RAV) for the year 2021	2022	IT	https://www.reterurale.it/RAV
RO	Ministerul Agriculturii și Dezvoltării Rurale	Evaluarea rezultatelor activității Rețelei Naționale de Dezvoltare Rurală (RNDR) în perioada 2016-2020 Evaluation of the results of the activity of the National Network for Rural Development (NNRD) during 2016-2020	2022	RO	https://www.madr.ro/pndr-2014-2020/implementare-pndr-2014-2020/evaluare-pndr-2014-2020



Table 13. Completed evaluations related to the CAP Strategic Plans for the 2023 – 2027 period

RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
BG	Министерство на земеделието	Предварителна оценка на Стратегическия план за развитие на земеделието и селските райони в Р. България за периода 2023-2027 <i>Ex ante</i> evaluation of the Strategic Plan for the development of agriculture and rural areas in the Republic of Bulgaria for the period 2023-2027	2023	BG	N/A
EL	Υπουργείου Αγροτικής Ανάπτυξης και Τροφίμων (ΥΠΑΑΤ)-ΕΥΔ ΠΑΑ 2014-2020	Παροχής Αποζημιούμενων Συμβουλευτικών Υπηρεσιών – Στρατηγικός Σχεδιασμός και Δράση για τη Γεωργία και τον Μετασχηματισμό της Υπαίθρου (SPARTA) Provision of Reimbursed Advisory Services – Strategic Planning for Agriculture and Rural Transformation and Action (SPARTA)	2022	EN/GR	N/A
HR	Ministarstvo poljoprivrede	Ex-ante vrednovanje Strateškog plana Zajedničke poljoprivredne politike Republike Hrvatske za razdoblje 2023. – 2027. (završno izvješće). <i>Ex ante</i> evaluation of the Strategic Plan of the Common Agricultural Policy of the Republic of Croatia for the period 2023-2027 (final report).	2022	HR	https://ruralnirazvoj.hr/files/Završno-izvješće_ex-ante-vrednovanje-SP_ZPP_RH-za-razdoblje-2023.-2027.pdf
HU	Field Consulting Services Zrt.	KAP Stratégiai Terv előzetes értékelés - Értékelési jelentés CAP Strategic Plan <i>ex ante</i> evaluation - Evaluation report	2022	HU	https://www.palyazat.gov.hu/2022-vi-vp-rtkelsi-feladatok
HU	Field Consulting Services Zrt.	A KAP Stratégiai Terv Stratégiai Környezeti Vizsgálata Strategic environmental assessment of the CAP Strategic Plan	2023	HU	https://www.palyazat.gov.hu/2022-vi-vp-rtkelsi-feladatok
LT	Žemės ūkio ministerija	Finansinių priemonių išankstinis (ex-ante) vertinimas <i>Ex ante</i> assessment of financial instruments	2022	LT	N/A
LT	Žemės ūkio ministerija	Strateginio plano išankstinis (ex-ante) vertinimas <i>Ex ante</i> evaluation of the Lithuanian CSP	2022	LT	N/A



RDP	Publisher	Title	Year	Language	Reference
LT	Žemės ūkio ministerija	Strateginis pasekmių aplinkai vertinimas (SPAV) Strategic Environmental Impact Assessment (SEA)	2022	LT	N/A
SI	Deloitte d.o.o.	Predhodno vrednotenje strateškega načrta skupne kmetijske politike za obdobje 2023-2027 <i>Ex ante</i> evaluation of the CAP Strategic Plan 2023-2027	2022	SI	https://skp.si/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/01.02.00-Priloga-I-Predhodno-vrednotenje-Strateskega-nacrta-skupne-kmetijske-politike-za-obdobje-2023%E2%80%932027.docx



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