









Anu Ellä Farm Sukoinen, Mynämäki ProAgria Finland







Utilised agricultural area (UAA) i

- 86% forest land (of which 77% is good-quality forests)
- 7,5% agricultural land
- 6,5 % urban and other contructed areas
- 2,25 million hectares in total utilised agricultural area (UAA) of which 90% cultivated land and 10% fallow land
- About 20% of the total farming land locates in Southwest Finland area (17% of all the farms).
- Out of the cultivated land
 - 52% is under cereals
 - 39% grasslands (under 5 yrs)
 - 9% other crops (peas, oilseeds, potatoes, sugarbeet etc)



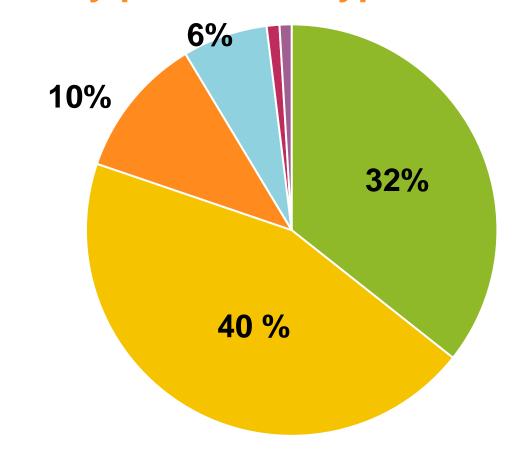




Farm numbers by production type in Finland

- Cereal farms 32%
- Other arable farms 40%
- Dairy farms 10%
- Beef farms 6%
- Pig farms 0.9%
- Poultry farms 0,85%

- 85 % family businesses
- 9 % farming syndicats
- 3 % limited companies
- · 2 % heirs



- Cereal farms
- Beef farms

- Other arable farmsDairy farms
- Pig farms

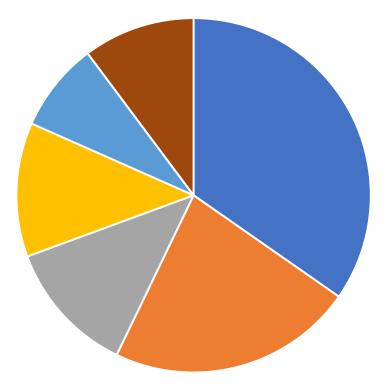
- Poultry farms





The most important protein crops on dairy, sheep and beef cattle farms in Western Finland?

Most important protein sources, Western Finland discussion group farms 2024









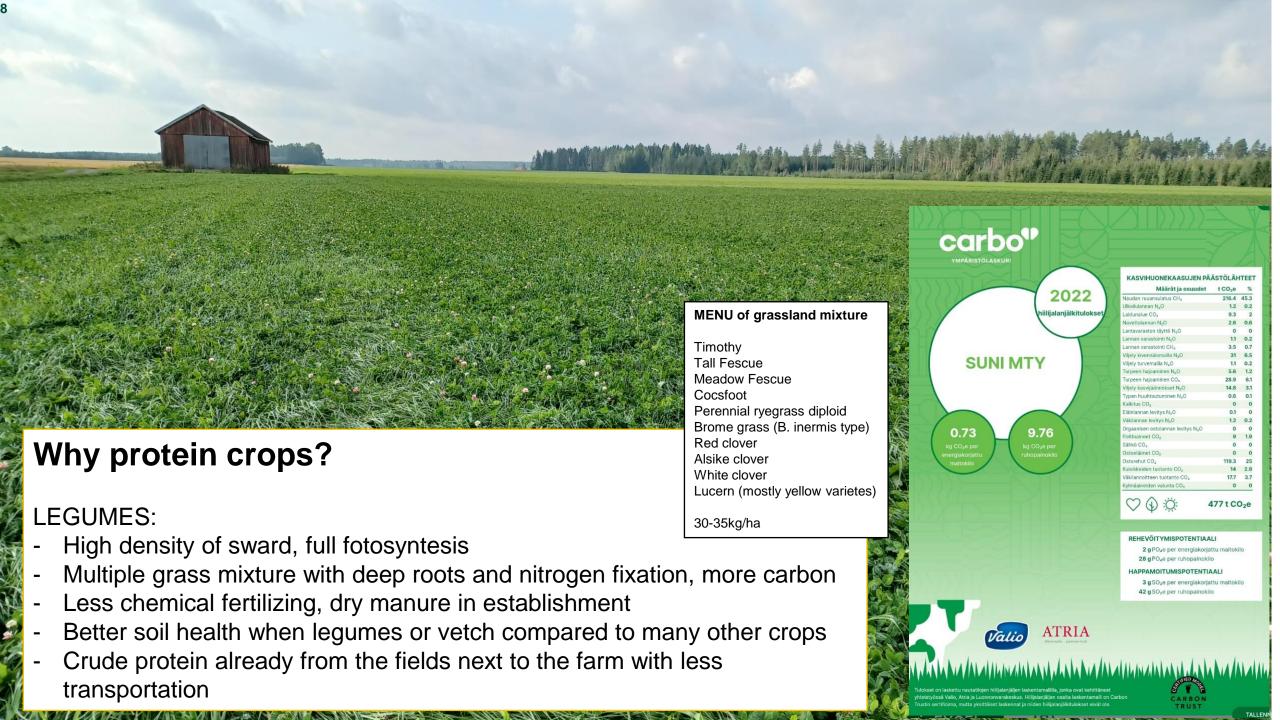
Our farm and protein crops

- We produce about 13 000 kg ECM milk for dairy cows on a family farm
 (50 dairy cows, 100 ha of field + forests)
- The feeding is based on very good quality grass and grass/legumes silage and some whole crop silage (all together about 60%) Silage is the basis of protein in the feeding.
- Own grown barley&oats 50% (4-8 kg/cow/day) of concentrates + 50% (4-8 kg/cow/day) concentrates from Lantmännen to add protein and energy. The better the silage, the less of concentrates.
- The target level for crude protein of the silage is 150-160 g









Vetch (hairy + winter vetch) + persian clover + crimson clover + italian ryegrass



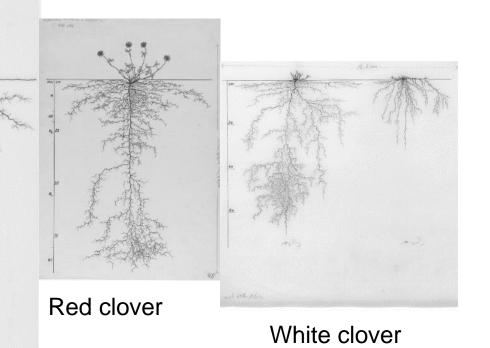
Establishment in mid May, one cut of silage in mid July and grazing with just 10 days rotation the rest of the growing season







Legumes and climate



Lucern/alfalfa

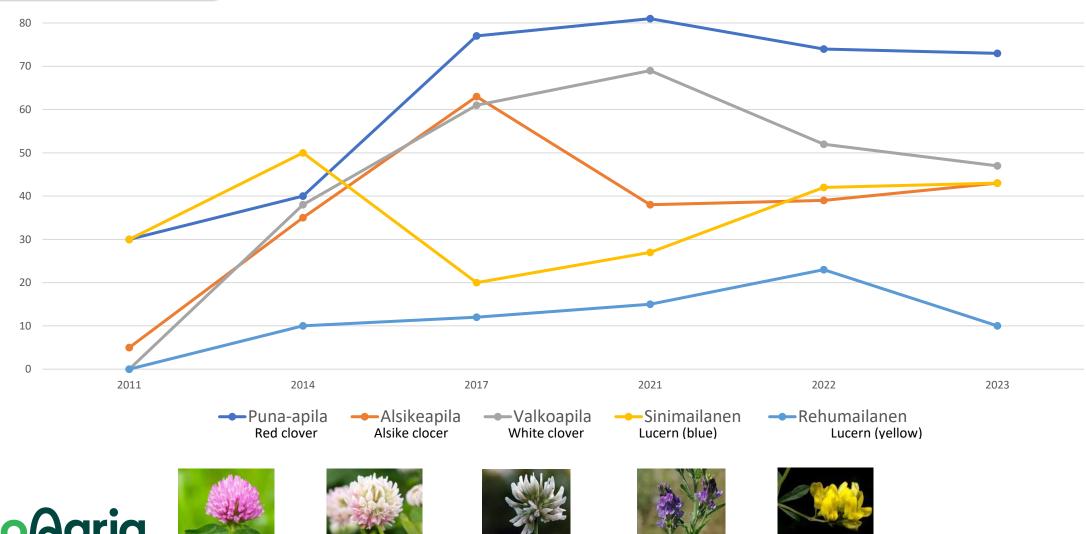


- Alfalfa has especially deep tap root and large root system
- Red clover deepest of the clovers
- Tap root and root nodules for nitrogen fixation

Root example pictures: https://images.wur.nl/digital/collection/coll13

Average yield 2021-2023: 9070 kg DM/ha

Change in use of legumes in Western Finland 2011-2023





EU CAP NETWORK











Problems:

- Soil temperature is too low until the end of May in Finland –slowly N fixation
- Spring frost growth frost growth... Then hard drought and hot... then the
 Autumn which can be warm and long or cold and snowy: Challenging to plan!
- Very fast growth before the first cut of silage -300 kg DM/day is normal –difficult to catch the optimal harvesting time

















Fusarium

Ice damage



Future plans

 Most of the farms want to keep it simple and have no extra land

-> Top quality silage

- Increasing interest for deep root species,
 legumes and carbon farming
- Winter cereals and faba beans show growing interest
- 20 years ago it was "suspicious" to have a multiple grass mixture, to talk about soil health or to trust biology (N fixation etc), now it's trendy!
- Discussion groups to develope protein production







Thank you!



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EU CAP Network Focus Group 'Production of protein crops under climate change'

20-21 November 2024 | Berlin, Germany

All information on the Focus Group is available on the webpage:

https://eu-cap-network.ec.europa.eu/focus-group-production-protein-crops-under-climatechange

