

Practices in the Agri-Food Supply Chain.

Three cases from The Netherlands

Dr Jan Willem van der Schans October 9th Brussels 2024

Introduction

Introduction

Theory

Planet Proof with fixed rewards

Kipster/Victoria Trading with next level procurement

Ikwileerlijkezuivel (I want fair dairy) with

biodiversity reward

Conclusion

Theory

Incomplete contract theory->trust
Transaction specific risks-> long term agreements



anet Proof +

A fixed minimal sustainability premium to be paid to farmers

Dutch supermarkets promised to adhere but each in their own way

Planet proof certification system was used as a basis

Trust: Key to success is that the research was independent

Transaction specific risks: Syste existing On The Way To Planet Pro

Kipster





2 Haanburgers

Pittig gekruid

Haanburgers van de broertjes van leghennen Waar legkippen zijn komen ook haantjes ter wereld. Wij brengen ze groot. Hierin is Kipster Uniek. Heel verantwoord en heel lekker.

Gekoeld bewaren bij max. +4°C.

200g e











Kipster/Victoria Trading

Highly innovative chicken farm claiming to be climate neutral

Highest animal welfare standard, circular feeding concept

Long term (5 years) agreement with LIDL to buy Kipster eggs at a guaranteed price level.

Trust: Founders are multiple engaged

Transaction specific risks: Victoria Trading sustainable purchase provider bundles demand for eggs in otherwise fragmented HoReCa market and helps to sell even the chicken poop produced by Kipster



wileerlijkezuivel

IWANTFAIRDAIRY, NI



A fair price to dairy farmers in Nature 2000 areas in the Netherlands

A contract for change that quarantees a higher price for milk from Nature 2000 areas, a quaranteed market, and also access to an innovation and investment program

Trust: Founders are very experienced in digital process optimization and dairy processing

Transaction specific risks: a simplification of dairy processing by reducing the range of products

Aligning the levels of sustainability w Eerlijkere en groenere zuivel door samenwerking in de keten existing schemes

Conclusion

Supply chains are traditionally focused on cost reduction. They are (for that reason) standardized. This is called commodification: bulk products produced by farmers who are interchangeable.

Supply chains are developed currently which are differentiated





Round 1

14:35 – 15:15 CET

Room: Oak

How have you worked with others to achieve your objectives?

Share your experiences.







Round 2

15:15 - 15:45 CET

Room: Oak

How can we ensure that value chains can be resilient, in the context of continued socio-economic and environmental change?







Round 3

15:45 - 16:15 CET

Room: Oak

Do strategic relationships across the value chain need to be further supported by public policy (including the CAP)?



Red Group

Thank you for your

STONETWORK